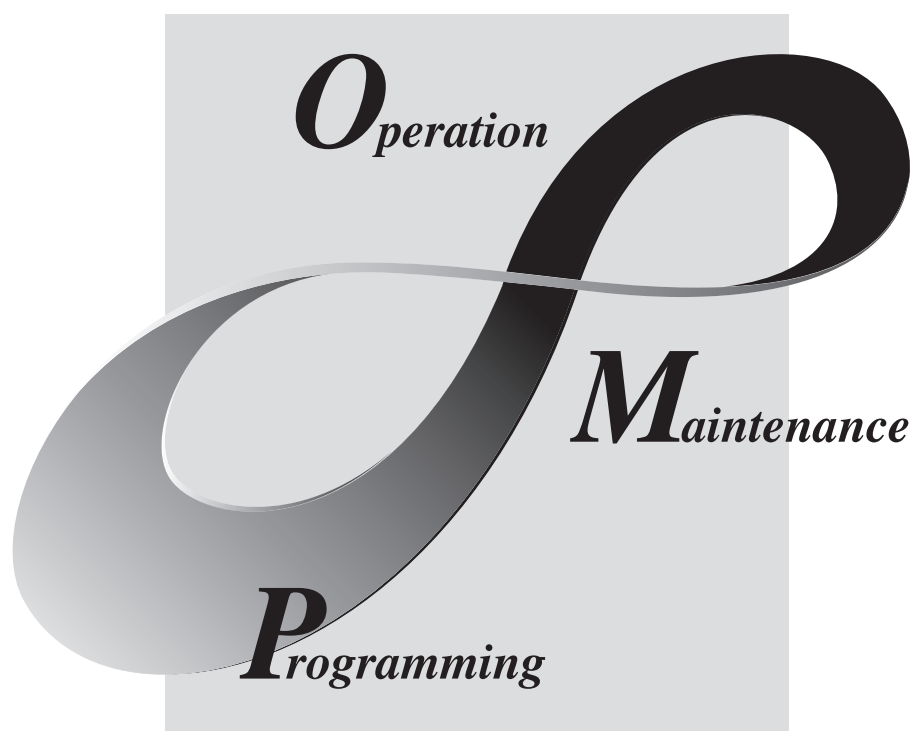


GX Developer Version 8

Operating Manual

(SFC)

mitsubishi



MELSOFT
Integrated FA Software

SW8D5C-GPPW-E

● SAFETY PRECAUTIONS ●

(Always read these instructions before using this equipment.)

Before using this product, please read this manual and the relevant manuals introduced in this manual carefully and pay full attention to safety to handle the product correctly.

The instructions given in this manual are concerned with this product. For the safety instructions of the programmable controller system, please read the CPU module user's manual.

In this manual, the safety instructions are ranked as "DANGER" and "CAUTION".




DANGER

Indicates that incorrect handling may cause hazardous conditions, resulting in death or severe injury.



CAUTION

Indicates that incorrect handling may cause hazardous conditions, resulting in medium or slight personal injury or physical damage.

Note that the  CAUTION level may lead to a serious consequence according to the circumstances. Always follow the instructions of both levels because they are important to personal safety.

Please save this manual to make it accessible when required and always forward it to the end user.

[Design Instructions]

DANGER

- When data change, program change or status control is to be made from a personal computer to the running PLC, configure up an interlock circuit in the outside of the PLC system to ensure that the whole system will always operate safely.
Also, determine corrective actions to be taken for the system when a communication error occurs due to a cable connection fault or the like in online operation performed from the personal computer to the PLC CPU.

CAUTION

- Online operation performed with a personal computer connected to the running CPU module (especially program change, forced output or operating status change) should be started after carefully reading the manual and fully ensuring safety.
Not doing so can cause machine damage or accident due to miss operation.

REVISIONS

* The manual number is given on the bottom left of the back cover.

Print Date	* Manual Number	Revision
Feb., 2003	SH(NA)-080374E-A	First edition
Jun., 2004	SH(NA)-080374E-B	Correction Section 1.1, Section 1.2
Apr., 2005	SH(NA)-080374E-C	Correction About Manuals, Section 1.1
Aug., 2005	SH(NA)-080374E-D	Correction Section 3.7, Section 3.11
Mar., 2006	SH(NA)-080374E-E	Correction Section 3.7, Section 3.8, Section 3.14.1, Section 6.2.1
Oct., 2006	SH(NA)-080374E-F	Correction Section 3.7, Section 6.1
Apr., 2007	SH(NA)-080374E-G	Correction Section 1.2, Section 3.9.2, Section 3.9.3, Section 3.13.2
Jul., 2007	SH(NA)-080374E-H	Addition Section 3.12.5 Correction Section 3.12.5 to 3.12.13 are changed to Section 3.12.6 to 3.12.14.
Jun., 2008	SH(NA)-080374E-I	Correction Section 1.1

Japanese Manual Version SH-080357-K

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INTRODUCTION

Thank you for choosing the Mitsubishi MELSOFT Integrated Software.
Before using the equipment, please read this manual carefully to use the product to its optimum.
A copy of this manual should be forwarded to the end user.

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About Manuals

The following manuals are also related to this product.

In necessary, order them by quoting the details in the tables below.

Related Manuals

Manual Name	Manual Number (Model Code)
GX Developer Version 8 Operating Manual (Start-up) Describes the system configuration, installation method and starting method of GX Developer.	SH-080372E (13JU40)
GX Developer Version 8 Operating Manual Explains the functions of GX Developer, such as the programming, printout, monitoring and debugging methods.	SH-080373E (13JU41)
GPP Function Software for Windows SW4D5C-GPPW-E SW4D5C-LLT-E Starting GX Developer (Guidebook) Provides an GX Developer/GX Simulator beginner the illustrated information ranging from the installation method, starting method, basic knowledge and ladder creation to the editing, print-out, monitoring and debugging methods.	IB-0800057 (13J966)
MELSAP-II (SFC) Programming Manual Contains information required for creating SFC programs, e.g. programming method, specifications and functions.	IB-66361 (13JF40)
QCPU (Q mode)/QnA CPU Programming Manual (SFC) Describes the programming method, specifications, functions and so on required for creating SFC programs.	SH-080041 (13JF60)
THE FX SERIES OF PROGRAMMABLE CONTROLLER (FX ₀ , FX _{0S} , FX _{0N} , FX, FX _{2C} , FX _{2N} , FX _{2NC}) PROGRAMMING MANUAL Explains the programming method, specifications and functions and so on required for creating SFC programs for micro PLC.	JY992D48301
THE FX SERIES OF PROGRAMMABLE CONTROLLER (FX _{1S} , FX _{1N} , FX _{2N} , FX _{2NC}) PROGRAMMING MANUAL II Explains the programming method, specifications and functions and so on required for creating SFC programs for micro PLC.	JY992D88101
FX _{3U} /FX _{3UC} Series Programming Manual - Basic & Applied Instruction Edition Explains the programming method, specifications and functions and so on required for creating SFC programs for micro PLC.	JY997D16601

1. OVERVIEW

1.1 Product Overview and Features

Overview

This manual describes the editing and monitoring operations of the SFC functions among the functions of GX Developer (unless otherwise specified, the product GX Developer herein is its English version 8.)

For the functions other than the SFC functions and the specifications related to SFC programs, refer to the corresponding manuals given in "Related Manuals".

The following SFC functions are supported by GX Developer.

	CPU Compatible	Remarks
MELSAP-II	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ACPU • Motion controller* • QCPU (A mode) 	If the CPU type (series) differs, the specifications and functions are the same.
MELSAP3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • QnACPU • Qn(H)CPU (Q mode) • QCPU (Q mode) 	If the CPU type (series) differs, the specifications and functions are the same.
FX series SFC	FX0, FX0S, FX0N, FX1, FX2, FX2C, FX1S, FX1N, FX2N, FX3G, FX3U, FX1NC, FX2NC, FX3UC	If the CPU type (series) differs, the specifications and functions are the same.

*The motion controller can use the SFC functions like the ACPU, with the exception of the SFC symbol SV .

Features

GX Developer-supported SFC (MELSAP II/MELSAP3/SFC for FX series) has the following features.

SFC is one of the methods that can be used for programming the A series and QCPU (Q mode)/QnA series and FX series CPUs and it stands for Sequential Function Chart.

By clearly representing the operating sequence of machinery/equipment controlled by the CPU, this new language makes it easy to grasp the system as a whole, and makes programming easier.

In contrast to the case where a program represented by ladders is entirely executed every scan, only the minimum required part of a program may be run if it is written in the SFC format.

1. Many useful editing functions
 - (1) The function keys, tool buttons, menu bar and so on improve programming operations.
 - (2) You can easily cut and paste your SFC diagrams between two or more window.
2. A wealth of monitoring functions
 - (1) Monitoring an SFC diagram for the active steps of an SFC program.
 - (2) Monitoring a ladder diagram for the active devices of operation outputs and transition conditions.
 - (3) Displaying a list of all blocks and batch-monitoring the active states of the blocks.
 - (4) Automatic scrolling enables the track monitoring of the active step.
3. Many useful test functions
 - (1) Ease of forced ON/OFF and present value changing of the specified devices
 - (2) Forced start/stop and temporary stop of the specified blocks
4. Comment editing and printing choices
 - (1) Comments can be written to each step of each SFC diagram.
 - (2) You can select printing according to your application, e.g. SFC diagram with operation outputs and transition conditions appended, with SFC comments appended, or just the diagram itself.

Windows is either a trademark or registered trademark of Microsoft Corporation in the United States.

Other company and product names herein are either the trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective owners.

1.2 Abbreviations and Generic Terms in This Manual

In this manual, the GX Developer Software Packages and PLC CPU modules are represented by the following generic names and abbreviations.

When the corresponding type must be specified, its module type is provided.

Abbreviation/Generic Name	Description/Corresponding Module
SFC	Generic name for MELSAP-II, MELSAP3 and SFC for FX series
Basic model QCPU	Generic term for Q00JCPU, Q00CPU and Q01CPU
High Performance model QCPU	Generic term for Q02(H)CPU, Q06CPU, Q12HCPU and Q25HCPU
Universal model QCPU	Generic term for Q02UCPU, Q03UDCPU, Q04UDHCPU and Q06UDHCPU.
Process CPU	Generic term for Q12PHCPU and Q25PHCPU
Redundant CPU	Generic term for Q12PRHCPU and Q25PRHCPU
Q CPU (Q mode)	Generic term for Q00J, Q00, Q01, Q02(H), Q02U, Q03UD, Q04UDH, Q06H, Q06UDH, Q12H, Q12PH, Q12PRH, Q25H, Q25PH and Q25PRHCPU
Q CPU (A mode)	Generic term for Q02(H)-A and Q06H-A
QnACPU	Generic name for PLC CPUs usable with the MELSEC-QnA.
ACPU	Generic name for PLC CPUs usable with the MELSEC-A. In this manual, the QCPU (A mode) and motion controller are also included. (Note that GX Developer does not support the A1, A2, A3, A3H, A3M, A52G, A73 and A0J2.)
FXCPU	Generic name for PLC CPUs usable with the MELSEC-F.
GX Developer	Generic product name for SW8D5C-GPPW, SW8D5C-GPPW-A, SW8D5C-GPPW-V and SW8D5C-GPPW-VA product types.
GPPQ	SW□IVD-GPPQ
GPPA	SW□SRXV-GPPA SW□IVD-GPPA
Software package for motion controller	Generic name for software packages for motion controller which allow SFC programs to be edited



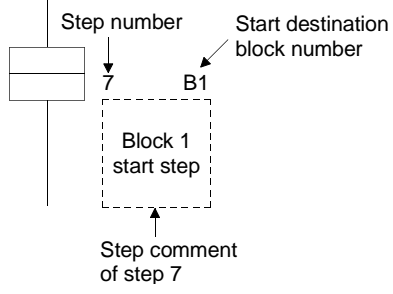
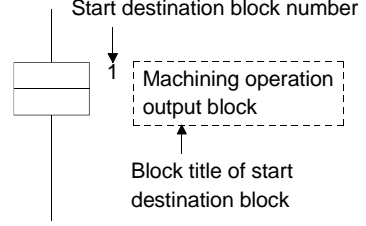
2. PRECAUTIONS FOR CREATING SFC PROGRAMS

This chapter gives precautions for creating SFC programs with GX Developer.

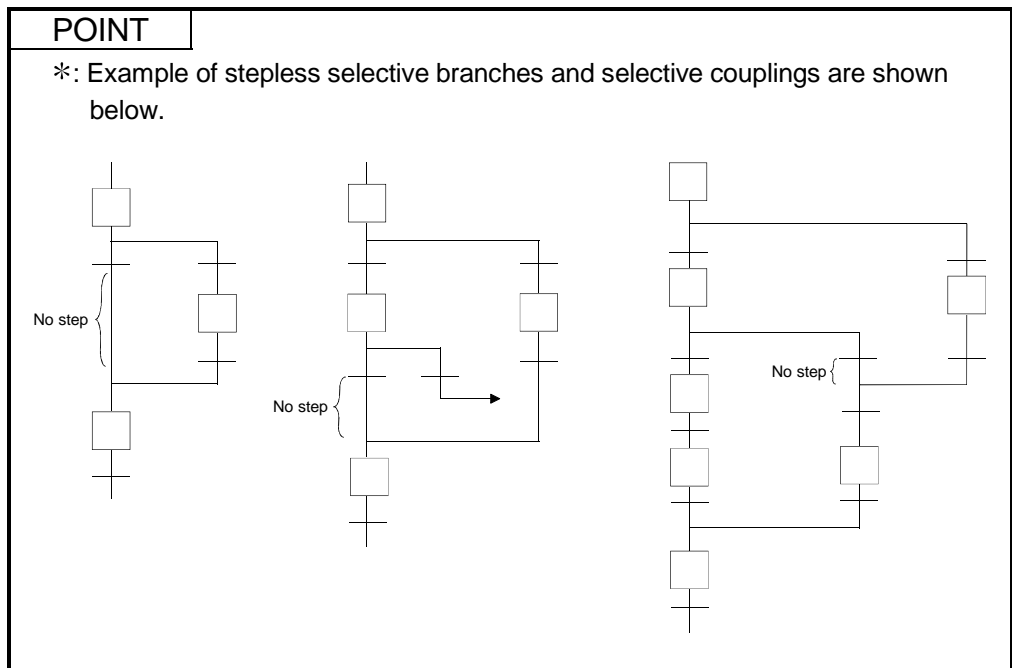
2.1 Precautions for Use of the ACPU

2

A	Q/QnA	FX
○	×	×

Item	GX Developer	GPPA
User microcomputer program	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cannot be created. Erased if another format file that is read includes a microcomputer program other than an SFC program. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The A0J2H, AnS, AnSH and AnNCPUs allow SFC and microcomputer programs to exist together.
SFC capacity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The parameter setting of the microcomputer capacity must be made. However, since the capacity is not checked at the time of creation, checking operation is needed to make sure that the SFC capacity is within the microcomputer capacity range. (Refer to POINT.) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A program can be created within the parameter-set "microcomputer capacity" and SFC-set "block count" ranges.
Maximum block count setting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A program can be created as desired within the maximum number of blocks (256 blocks). For another format write or PLC write, write up to the largest existing block number as a set value. However, write "32" when the existing blocks are within 32. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Up to which block of the maximum number of blocks (256 blocks) will be created must be set on the SFC diagram editing screen. (Default value: 32)
CPU type change (QnA→ACPU)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> As the CPU type is changed with the parameter setting of the microcomputer capacity remaining unchanged from "0k bytes"; the microcomputer capacity setting must be changed after CPU type changing. 	(Without QnA→ACPU conversion function for SFC program)
Hold step	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Representation of hold step  	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Representation of hold step 
* Different in only representation method and identical in function.		
Block start step	<p>A block start step is also handled as a single step and a step comment appears when SFC comment indication is given.</p> 	<p>The comment displayed at the block start step is the block title of the start destination block.</p> 
* A program printed is as displayed on the screen.		

Item	GX Developer	GPPA
SFC comment creation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> SFC comments may either be created simultaneously with SFC diagram creation or during comment editing. SFC comments are handled as common comments, and device comments can be created with a block title specified as "BLm", a step comment as "BLm\Sn", and a transition comment as "BLm\TRn". 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> SFC comments are created in the SFC diagram writes mode. As SFC comments are handled in SFC diagrams only; they cannot be handled as device comments.
Block title	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Can be edited up to 32 characters. When the block title is reread after another format write or PC write, a character string of more than 24 characters are erased. The block title is not read if the file stored without SFC comment copying being performed for a renaming or copying operation on GPPA is read in another format. (The block title is read if it is read in another format after making re-conversion on GPPA.) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Can be edited up to 24 characters.
Note for operation output	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Each coil instruction of an operation output can be annotated. When written to GPPA in another format, the note for operation output is not written. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> An operation output cannot be annotated.
Creating and displaying an SFC diagram for stepless selection branches and selective couplings	<p>Not allowed</p> <p>A correct display cannot be obtained when the SFC diagram created by GPPA contains stepless selective branches and selective couplings.</p>	<p>Allowed*</p>



POINT	<p>After creating a SFC diagram and performing a conversion operation, perform the following operation to check that the existing SFC program capacity is within the preset microcomputer capacity.</p> <p>[Operating procedure] [Tools]→[Set SFC information]→[Program capacity check]</p> <p>[Screen]</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p style="text-align: center; margin: 0;">Check of SFC program capacity ✕</p> <hr/> <p style="margin: 0;">Result of program capacity check (for converted SFC)</p> <div style="margin: 5px 0;"> <p>Setting parameter value of microcomputer capacity <input style="width: 50px;" type="text" value="10.0"/> KByte</p> <p>Created SFC program capacity <input style="width: 50px;" type="text" value="0.7"/> KByte</p> <p>Result of check <input style="width: 150px;" type="text" value="Check OK."/></p> </div> <p style="text-align: center; margin-top: 10px;"><input type="button" value="OK"/></p> </div> <p>If "SFC program capacity is beyond the microcomputer cap." appears on the right of Result of check, PLC write or another format write cannot be performed as it will result in an error.</p> <p>Change the microcomputer capacity setting to a value equal to or greater than the "Created SFC program capacity".</p>
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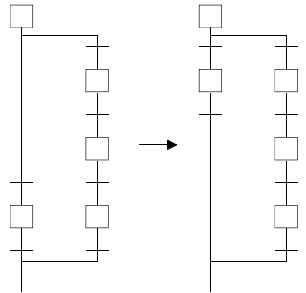
2.2 Precautions for Use of the Motion Controller

A	Q/QnA	FX
○	×	×

Item	GX Developer	Software Package for Motion Controller
Step attribute <input style="width: 20px;" type="checkbox"/> SV	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Since the step attribute is not supported, a step read in another format is an ordinary step (<input style="width: 15px;" type="checkbox"/>). However, since an operation output program is read intact, no influence is given to its operations. • Since an operation output program cannot be created automatically in the system, an equivalent program must be created by the user. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Supported.
Others	With the exception of the step attribute (<input style="width: 20px;" type="checkbox"/> SV), the precautions are the same as those for use of the ACPU.	

2.3 Precautions for Use of the QnACPU

A	Q/QnA	FX
×	○	×

Item	GX Developer	Software Package for Motion Controller
SFC comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> SFC comments are handled as common comments. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> SFC comments are handled as program-by-program comments.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> When another format file write is performed from GX Developer to GPPQ, the file is divided into a program file and a comment file and therefore renaming and other operations are needed on GPPQ. 	
SFC diagram pattern	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> If an SFC diagram created is redisplayed in a different pattern, verifying that diagram may result in a mismatch. <p>Example: Created Redisplayed</p>  <p>A mismatch occurs if the above SFC diagram is redisplayed or project-read, "converted", and verified.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A mismatch occurs if the above SFC diagram is redisplayed or project-read, and "converted", and verified. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Same specifications as those of GX Developer.

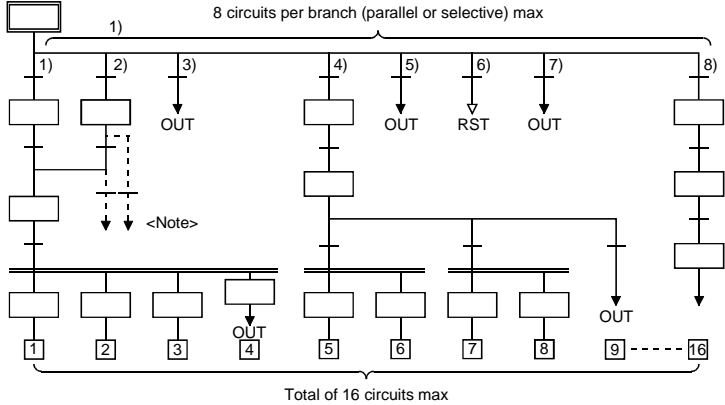
2.4 Precautions for Use of the Qn(H)CPU





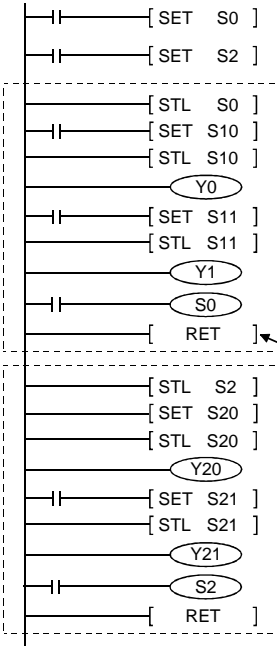
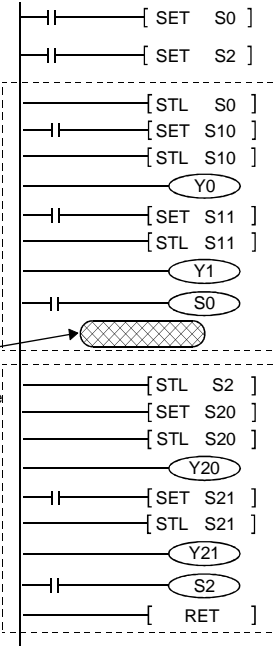
A	Q/QnA	FX
×	○	×

There are no specific precautional restrictions since the SFC program editing of the QnCPU is made only with GX Developer.

2.5 Precautions for Use of the FXCPU

Item	Description
FX SFC programming	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The FXCPU uses stepladder instructions (STL, RET) to control the sequence of a process. These stepladder instructions can also be expressed as SFC diagrams. GX Developer (SW5D5C-GPPW-E or later) and later versions support this FX SFC programming. For details of the FXCPU SFC programming method, refer to the programming manual of each CPU. The method of expressing FX series stepladder instructions in GX Developer differs from that of FXGP (DOS) and FXGP (WIN). <p>For details, refer to the GX Developer operating manual.</p>
Steps and states	<p>In GX Developer, an SFC process is called a "step".</p> <p>In the programming material and other programming software for the FXCPU, an SFC process is called a "state".</p> <p>Both "steps" and "states" indicate SFC processes.</p>
Relationship between a STL diagram and an SFC diagram	<p>A stepladder instruction and an SFC diagram are essentially the same.</p> <p>In an actual program, they are expressed as follows. (This is different to a screen display.)</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div data-bbox="587 1048 965 1877"> <p><STL diagram></p> </div> <div data-bbox="997 1048 1356 1877"> <p><STL diagram></p> </div> </div>

Item	Description
Step number (state (S) number)	<p>States S0 to S9 are called initial steps (states). They are always used as the first block No. of an SFC block.</p> <p>Consequently, when the FXCPU is used, up to 10 (S0-S9) SFC blocks can be created.</p> <p>S10 and higher numbers can be used as general step numbers. However, the maximum number of steps per block is 512.</p> <p>You cannot use step (state) numbers more than once.</p>
Ladder block	<p>A sequence circuit that programs the outside of a step (state) is called a ladder block.</p> <p>A ladder block operates in the same way as a general ladder program.</p>
Number of branches in a flow	<p>The number of circuits in the case of one parallel branch or selective branch is limited to 8 circuits per branch.</p> <p>However, if there are many parallel branches or selective branches, the overall number of circuits is limited to 16 circuits per initial step.</p>  <p>You cannot perform a transition or reset operation from confluence lines or a step prior to confluence to a separation step.</p> <p>Create a dummy step and be sure to perform the transition or reset operation from the branch line to a separation step.</p>
Role of a block list and block type	<p>In the case of the FXCPU, when writing a block list it is necessary to select either a ladder block or an SFC block.</p> <p>Regarding stepladder blocks contained in STL (stepladder instruction), it is possible to make a type change to an SFC block later.</p>

Item	Description
Jump attribute	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A jump has two kinds of attributes, which are changed according to the particular purpose.  Jump to another step or another flow (step attribute: [None])  Reset jump for a self-step (state) (step attribute: [R]) <p>For a jump,  is input as the initial value. A change to  is made using the step attribute of the [SFC symbol] dialog box.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> If the jump destination is in a different SFC block, the jump destination mark will not appear at that jump destination step.
Handling a RET instruction	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The RET instruction of a stepladder instruction is automatically written from the end of the SFC block to the part connected to the ladder block. Consequently, you cannot input a RET instruction to an SFC block or a ladder block. (Does not appear on the screen either.) Note that in the case of the following ladder program, if you change over to the SFC program, then change back to the ladder program, the number of program steps in the RET instruction part will decrease. <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p><Original ladder program></p>  </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Change to SFC</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 60px; margin: 0 auto;">SFC Editing • Creation</div> <p>Change to ladder</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p><Ladder program after changing back></p>  </div> </div>
Transition comment	Transition comments cannot be used in the case of FX SFC.
Transition condition number	<p>The transition condition number is valid only in an SFC diagram.</p> <p>For this reason, if you change over to a ladder program, this number does not continue. Consequently, if you change back to SFC a program that you changed to a ladder, the transition number will change.</p>

Item	Description
<p>Program type change</p>	<p>You can change a ladder program to a SFC program, or vice-versa, by setting [Project] → [Edit Data] → [Change program type].</p>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Precautions to observe when changing a ladder program to an SFC program <p>If a ladder program that uses a stepladder (STL, RET) instruction cannot be converted to a SFC block, it will change to a ladder block.</p> <p>In this case, the message "Ladder block!", which indicates the incompleteness of the change, will appear in the block type box of the block list.</p> <p>[Ladders that cannot be changed]</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) When there is no initial step (2) When the number of steps used in one block exceeds 512 (3) When a branch or confluence is incorrect (4) When the transition conditions are programmed in the same circuit as that of the operation outputs (See figure below) <div style="text-align: center;"> </div> <p>(Ladder that cannot be changed to SFC) (Transition conditions modified to independent circuit block)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (5) When programmed as a stepladder circuit which jumps immediately after a parallel branch. <p>Correction method: Insert a dummy step after the parallel branch, and modify the program to jump to another step in dummy step.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Statements are deleted. • Notes added to STL, RET, OUT S, SET S and RST S are not converted. (They are deleted.) <p>[Ladders in which a change error occurs]</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) When there is a circuit defect (2) When there is an instruction code error (3) When a step (state) number is used more than once <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Method of treating stepladder (STL, RET) instructions that cannot be changed to SFC blocks <p>Method (1) First, modify the ladder program, then change it to SFC.</p> <p>Method (2) In the case of a simple modification, first convert SFC ("Ladder block!" (incomplete condition).</p> <p>After modifying the program in ZOOM of the ladder block, change the block type to "SFC block" by means of [Edit] → [Block information].</p>

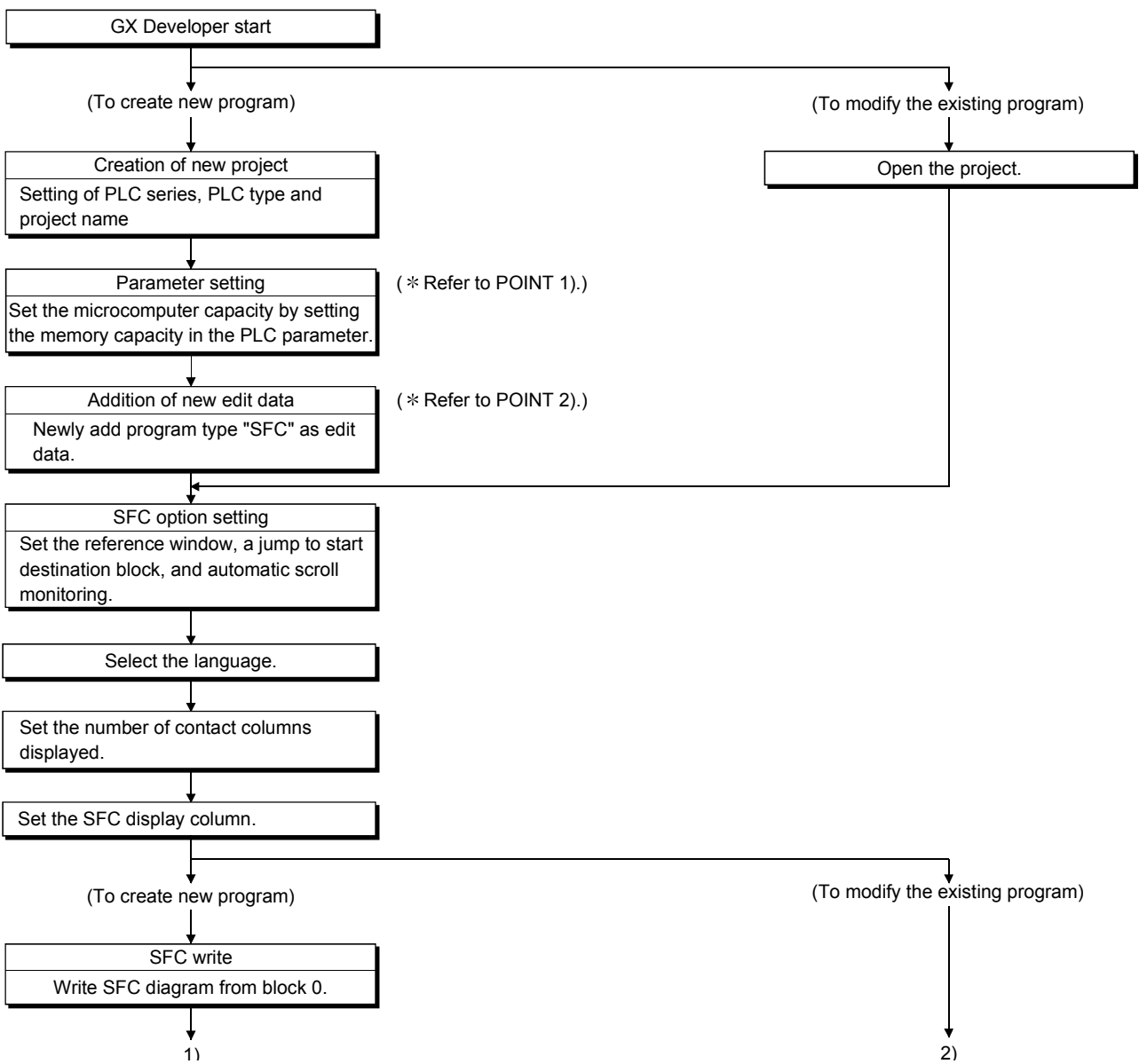
Item	Description
Program type change	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Precautions to observe when changing an SFC program into a ladder program [SFC that cannot be changed] <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) When an unregistered (blank) block exists in the block list (when blocks are not contiguous) (2) When ladder blocks are contiguous (3) When there are unconverted blocks • Method of treating SFC that cannot be converted into a ladder program Display the block list, then execute [Convert] → [Convert block (all blocks)], end the arranging of the block list and the conversion of unconverted parts, then once again set a program type change.
Compatibility of project data	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A project that was stored as an SFC program using the GX Developer (SWD5C-GPPW-E or later) or a later version cannot be read using a version prior to the GX Developer (SW4D5C-GPPW-E or earlier), which is not compatible with the FX SFC. • If the project of an SFC program is read using a version prior to the GX Developer (SW4D5C-GPPW-E or earlier), it is treated as the project of a non-supported CPU, and an error message is displayed. • If it is necessary to share the project with an incompatible version, change it to a ladder program using [Project] → [Edit data] → [Change program type], then save the project.
PC type change	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When the FXCPU is selected: This CPU supports only a PC type change to the FXCPU. • For ACPU, QCPU (A mode): These CPUs do not support a PC type change to the FXCPU.
PC write/read/compare	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Precautions to observe when writing a program <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) When writing an SFC program, be sure to write the entire step range. (You cannot perform a partial write operation.) (2) You cannot perform a write operation if there is an unconverted block, there is an unregistered (blank) block in the list, or the ladder blocks are contiguous. Execute [Convert] → [Convert block (all blocks)], then re-write the program. (3) Program change during RUN, a timer or a counter set value change in the online mode (write during RUN) are not supported.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Precautions to observe when reading a program <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) When reading a program, be sure to read the entire step range. (You cannot perform a partial read operation.) (2) If you cannot change a read program into an SFC block, register it in the block list as a ladder block.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Precautions to observe when comparing programs <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) When comparing programs, be sure to use the entire range. (You cannot perform a partial comparison.) (2) The transition number on the SFC screen is not stored in the PC, so it is not the object of comparison. (3) The contents of block type and also unconverted blocks are not the object of comparison.
Writing/reading/comparing other format files	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Notes and statements cannot be read/written to files of other formats (FXGP (WIN), FXGP (DOS)). • For other precautions, refer to "PC read/write/compare".

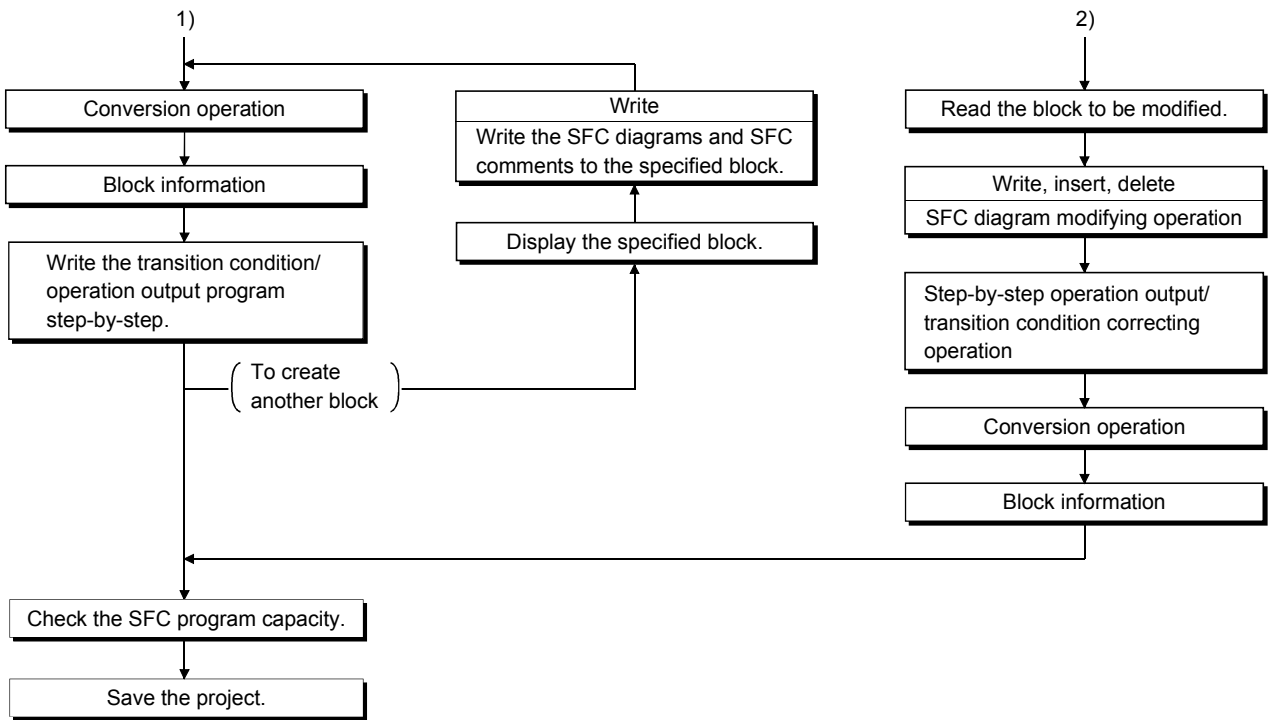
3. SFC PROGRAM EDITING

3.1 SFC Program Editing Outline Procedure

3.1.1 SFC Program Editing Outline Procedure (for ACPU)

A	Q/QnA	FX
○	×	×





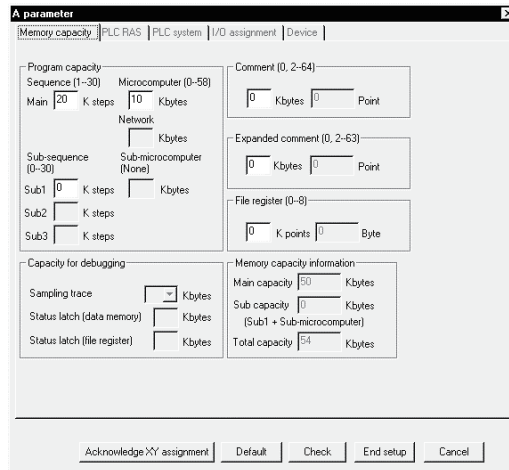
3

POINTS

- When creating a new SFC program, you need to make the parameter setting of the microcomputer capacity and perform a new edit data adding operation. Perform the following operation before SFC diagram editing.

1) Parameter setting of microcomputer capacity

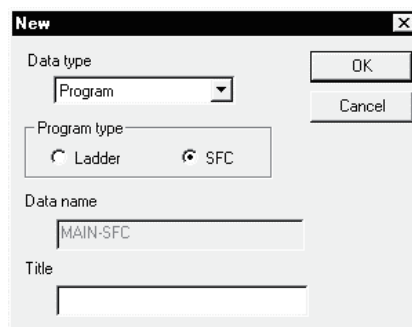
[Parameter of Project data list] → [PLC parameter] → Memory capacity



Set the microcomputer capacity and perform the operation of **Check** → **OK** → **End setup**.

2) Addition of new edit data

[Project] → [Edit data] → [New]



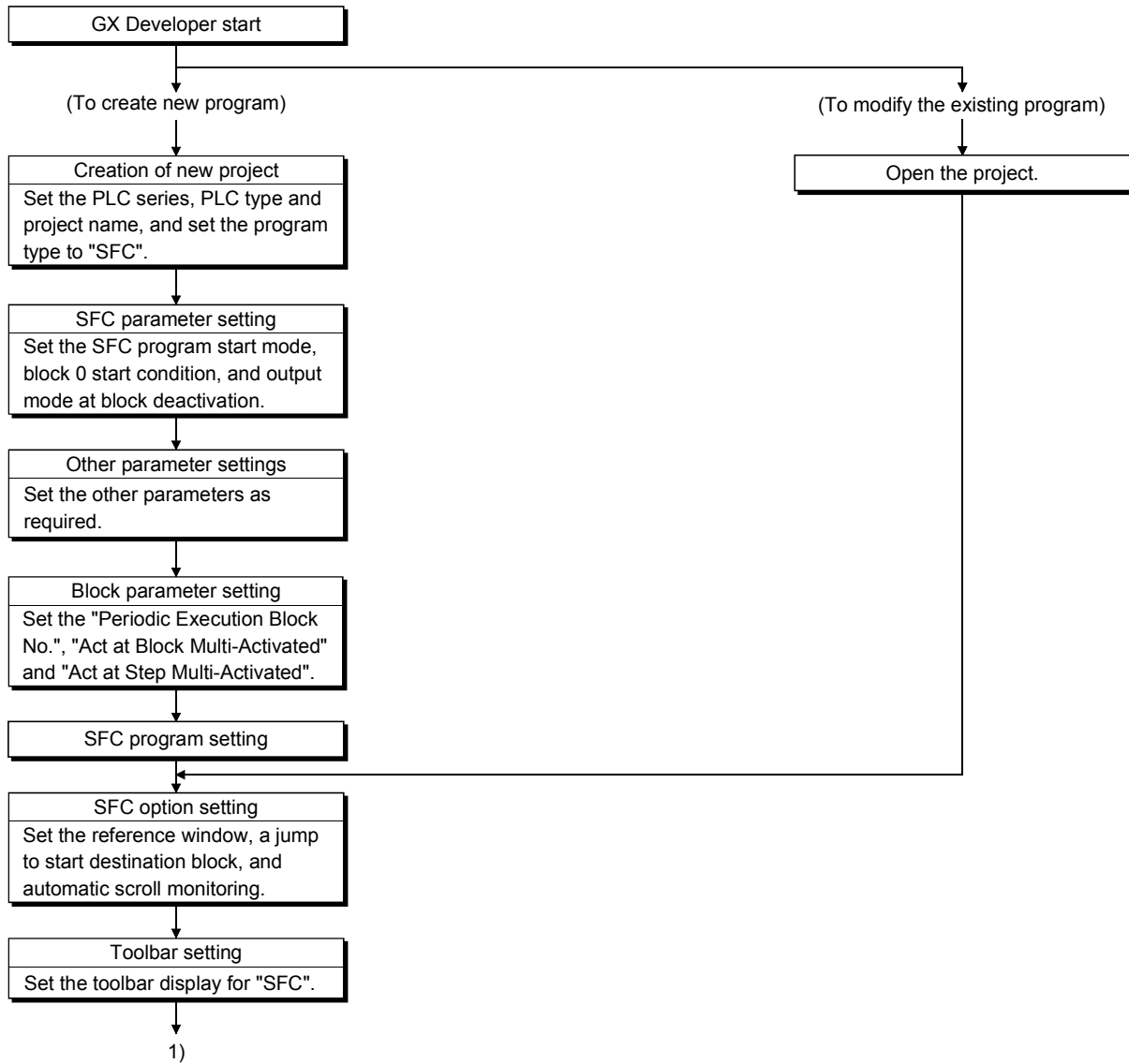
Choose Program at Data type, change Program type to "SFC", and click the **OK** button. The following window then appears.

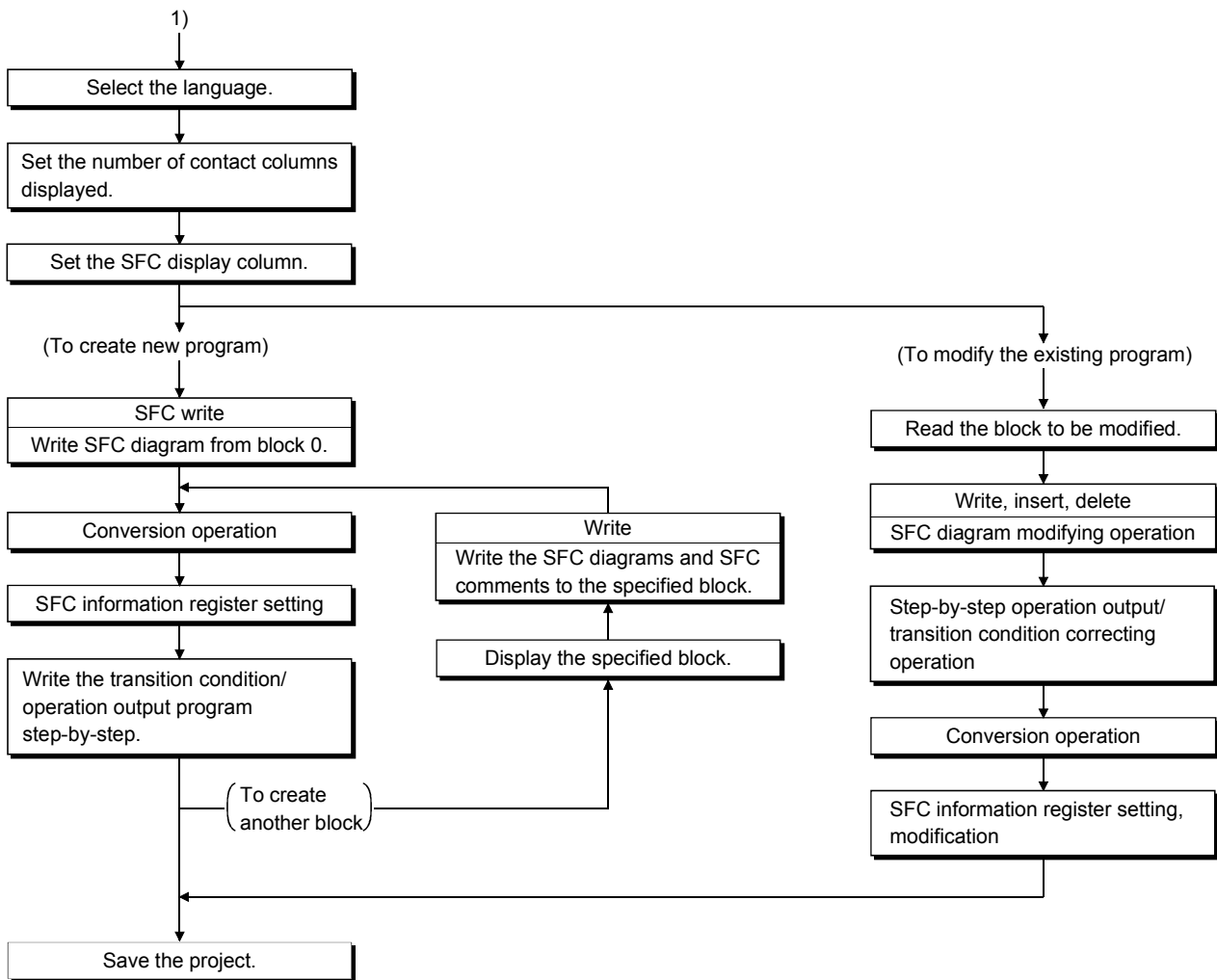


Choosing **Yes** enables an SFC diagram to be edited under the data name of "MAIN-SFC".

3.1.2 SFC Program Editing Procedure Outline (for Q/QnACPU)

A	Q/QnA	FX
×	○	×

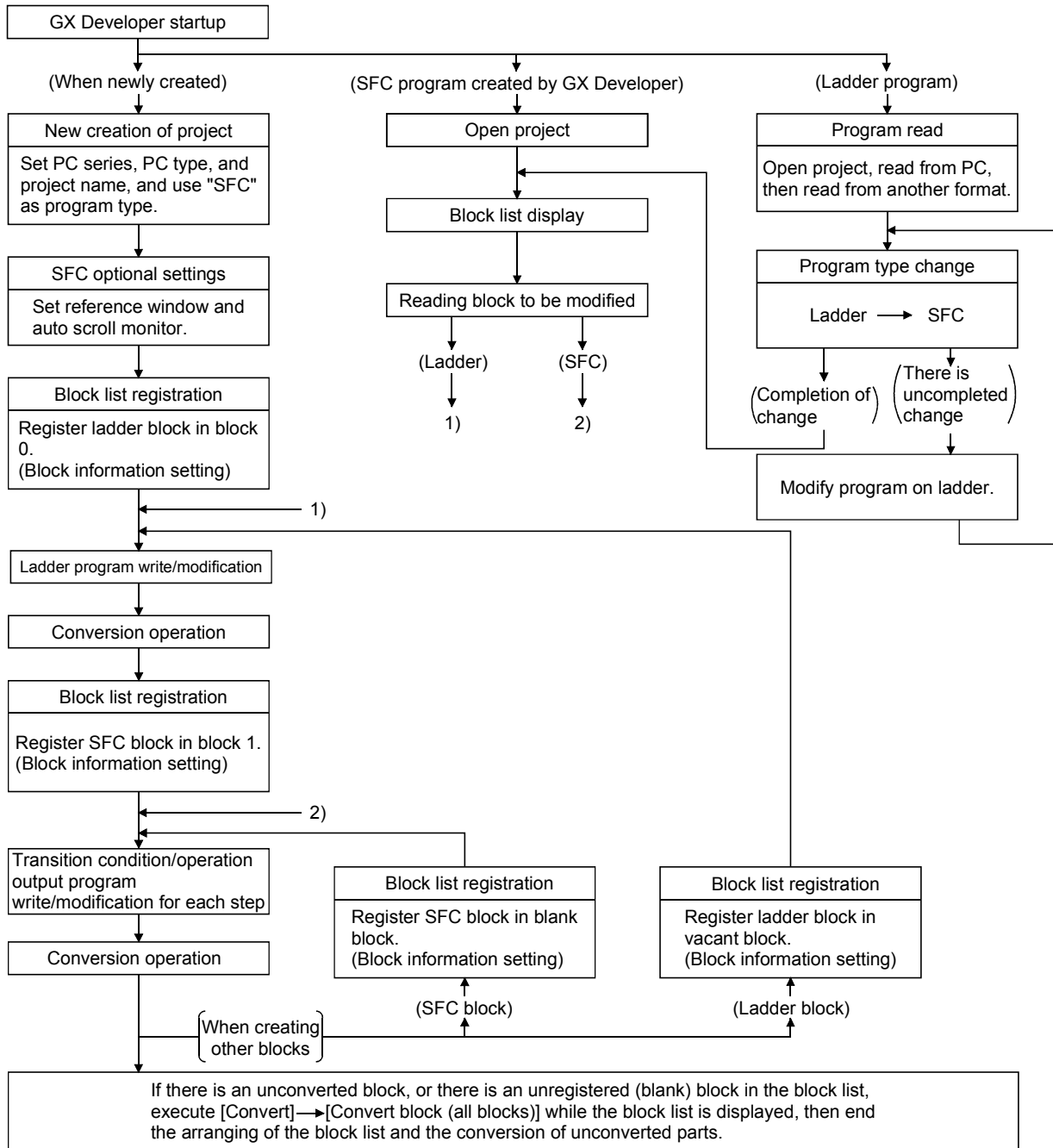




POINT
 This outline procedure is given for your reference.
 You can perform the operations in any order without following the above procedure.

3.1.3 SFC Program Editing Procedure Outline (for FXCPU)

A	Q/QnA	FX
×	×	○



POINT
 This outline procedure is for reference only.
 You may perform each operation in an arbitrary sequence.

3.2 SFC Diagram Symbol List

A	Q/QnA	FX
○	○	○



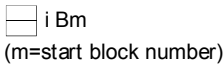


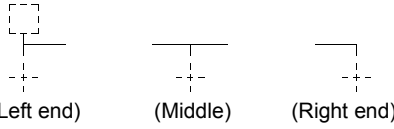
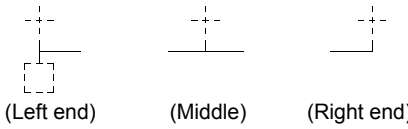
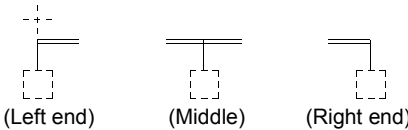
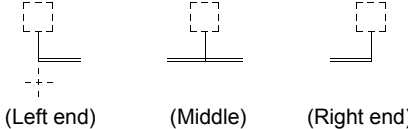
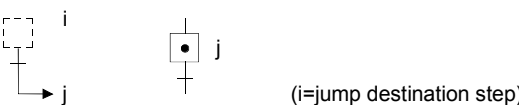
The following table lists symbols used in SFC programs.

A block is an operation sequence, which starts at an initial step and ends at an end step.






















The smallest units of operations are steps and transitions.


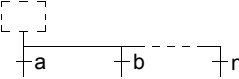
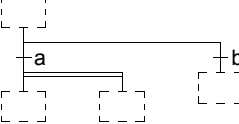
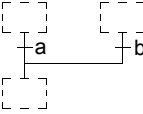
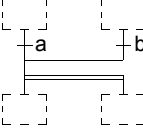
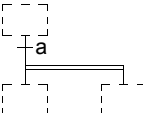
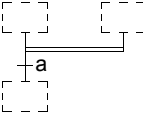
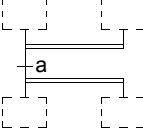
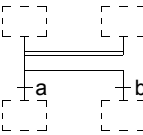
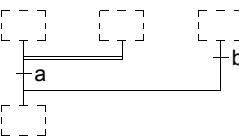
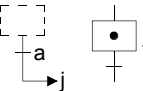
Further, transition conditions and operation outputs are represented in ladder diagrams using the zoom of the display function or in instruction lists.

[A series SFC diagram symbol list]



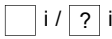

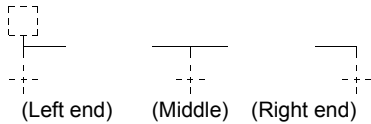
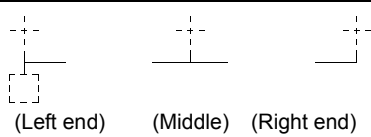
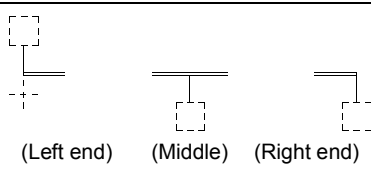
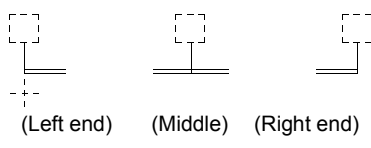
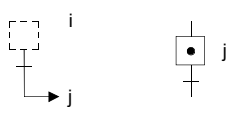
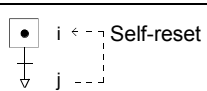
Class	Name	Symbol	Quantity
Step	Initial step		One step in each block
	Step		Max. 254 steps. in each block (i=1 to 254)
	Block start step		Number of steps in each block (more than one step may be provided for the same block)
	END step		More than one step may be provided in each block.
Transition	Series transition		
	Selective branch		
	Selective coupling		
	Parallel branch		
	Parallel coupling		
	Jump transition		(i=jump destination step)

[Q/QnA series SFC diagram symbol list]

Class	Name		SFC Diagram Symbol	Quantity	
Step	Initial step	At step 0	 0	Any one of these steps in one block	
	Dummy initial step		 0		
	Coil hold initial step		 0		
	Operation hold step (without transition check) initial step		 0		
	Operation hold step (with transition check) initial step		 0		
	Reset initial step		 j Sn		
	Initial step		At initial step other than step 0		 j
	Dummy initial step	 j			
	Coil hold initial step	 j			
	Operation hold step (without transition check) initial step	 j			
	Operation hold step (with transition check) initial step	 j			
	Reset initial step	 j Sn			
	Step	Other than initial step		 i	Including initial step, max. 512 steps in one block
	Dummy step		 i		
	Coil hold step		 i		
	Operation hold step (without transition check)		 i		
	Operation hold step (with transition check)		 i		
	Reset step		 i Sn		
	Block start step (with end check)		 i Bm		
	Block start step (without end check)		 i Bm		
	END step			Multiple steps can be provided in one block	

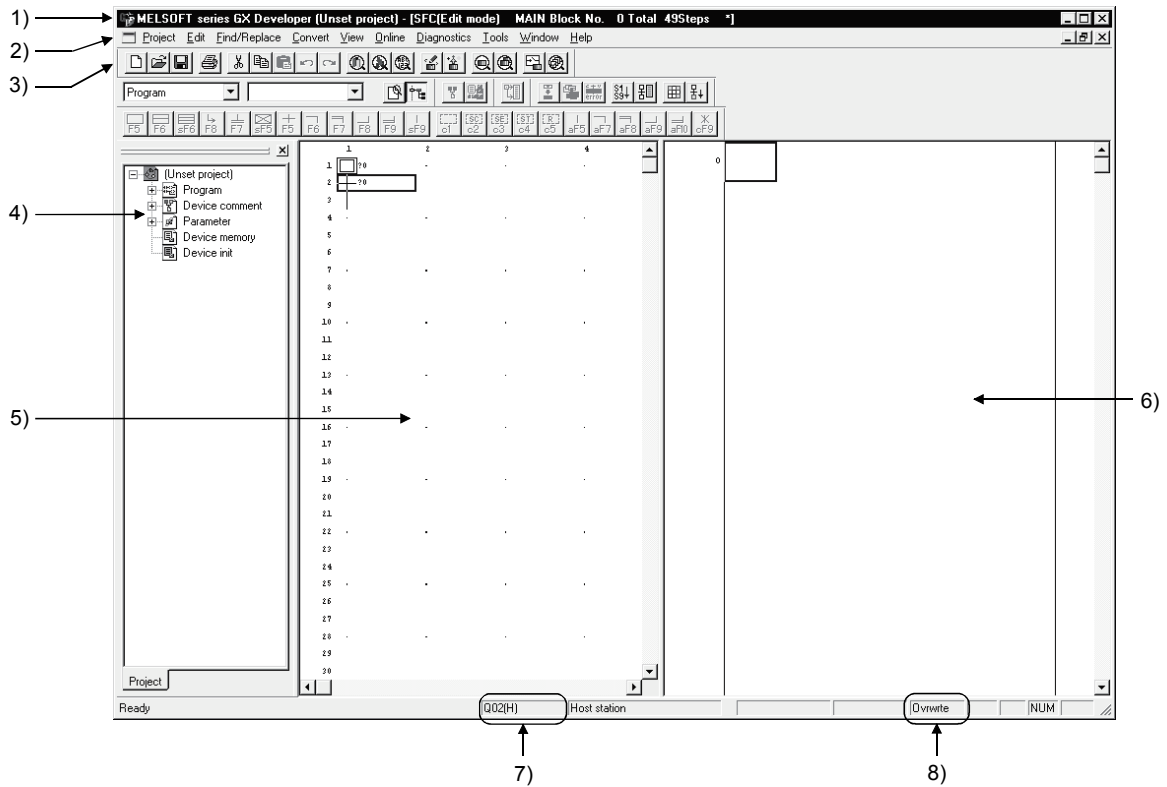
Class	Name	SFC Diagram Symbol	Quantity
Transition	Series transition		
	Selective branch		
	Selective branch-parallel branch		
	Selective coupling		
	Selective coupling-parallel branch		
	Parallel branch		
	Parallel coupling		
	Parallel coupling-parallel branch		
	Parallel coupling-selective branch		
	Parallel coupling-selective coupling		
	Jump		

[FX series SFC diagram symbol list]

Class	Name	Symbol	Quantity
Ladder	Ladder block	 LD	Max 11 in block list
Step	Initial step	 i	1 in each block (i=0-9)
	Step	 i / ? i	Max 512 in each block (i=10-999)
Transition	Series transition		
	Selective branch		
	Selective coupling		
	Parallel branch		
	Parallel coupling		
	Jump transition	 (j=jump destination step)	
	Reset JUMP	 (j=Reset jump destination step)	

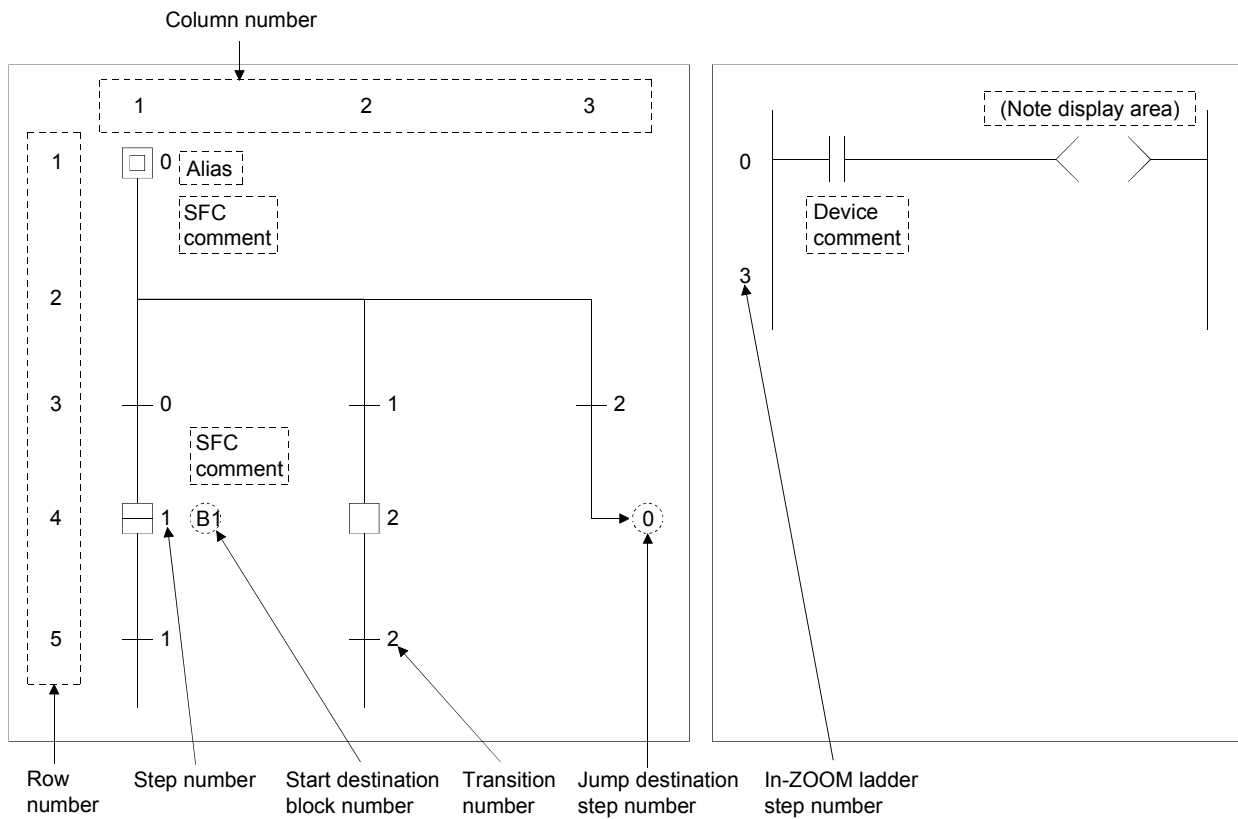
3.3 SFC Diagram Editing Basic Screen

(1) Whole screen make-up



- 1) Area for displaying the project name being edited, the number of steps used, the block number being displayed and so on
- 2) Menu names on the menu bar
- 3) Icons on the toolbar
- 4) Project list display
- 5) SFC diagram editing area
- 6) Operation output/transition condition program editing area (Zoom side)
- 7) Edited CPU type
- 8) Edit mode (overwrite/insert)

(2) SFC diagram editing screen make-up



POINT

- The Zoom-side display shows the operation output/transition condition at the cursor position in the SFC diagram.
- Some menus that may be selected/operated change depending on whether the cursor is on the SFC diagram side or on the Zoom side.
- Perform the following operation to show the SFC chart in the specified block.
 1. Move the cursor from [View] → [Display block list] → any display block position, and press the [Enter] key.
 2. Choose [View] → [Display block list] → any block position, and double-click that position.
 3. Choose [Find/Replace] → [Find step no./block no.] → any block No., and specify it.
 4. Press the space key on the block starting step in the SFC chart.
 5. Move the cursor from [Window] → data name, and press the [Enter] key.
 6. Move the cursor from [Window] → data name, and double-click it.

3.4 Creating/Modifying the SFC Diagram

3.4.1 (1) Writing an SFC Diagram

A	Q/QnA	FX
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

An SFC diagram may be created in any of the following four methods.

1. Starting from the tool button on the toolbar
2. Starting from the function key
3. Starting from the menu on the toolbar
4. Starting from pressing the key

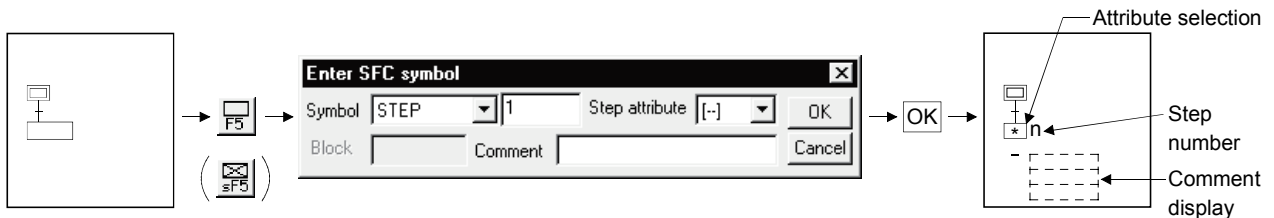
Performing any of the above operations shows the, Enter SFC symbol window.

Enter data by the operations given on the pages that follow.

(1-1) Operation starting from the tool button (when A or Q/QnACPU is used)

Write (overwrite) operation example

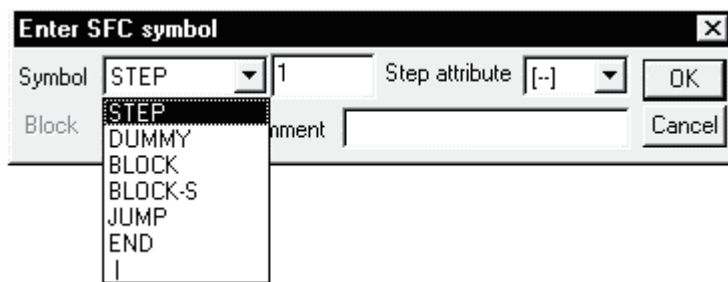
1) Step (□) / (☒)



• Diagram symbol

The diagram symbol name selected appears.

To change the diagram symbol selected, click and choose a new diagram symbol.



• Step number

The system automatically assigns lower to higher step numbers in the order of entry.

When you will use the step numbers automatically assigned by the system, you can omit the "step number" input operation.

At a dummy step, you can create an operation output program if it is marked "☒", which will change to "□" automatically after the program is created.

• Step attribute

When adding a step attribute, click and choose the attribute you want to add.



When you chose the reset step (R) as a step attribute, enter the reset destination step number after making selection.

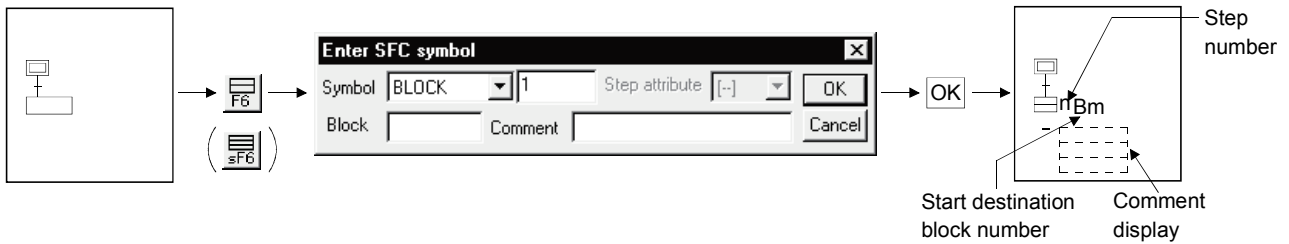


- Comment creation

You can enter a comment of up to 32 characters.


The comment created can be displayed by "step/transition comment display" operation in the display menu.

2) Block start step (, )



- Diagram symbol

The diagram symbol name selected appears.

To change the diagram symbol selected, click  and choose a new diagram symbol.



- Start destination block number

Enter the start destination block number.

- Step number

The system automatically assigns lower to higher step numbers in the order of entry.

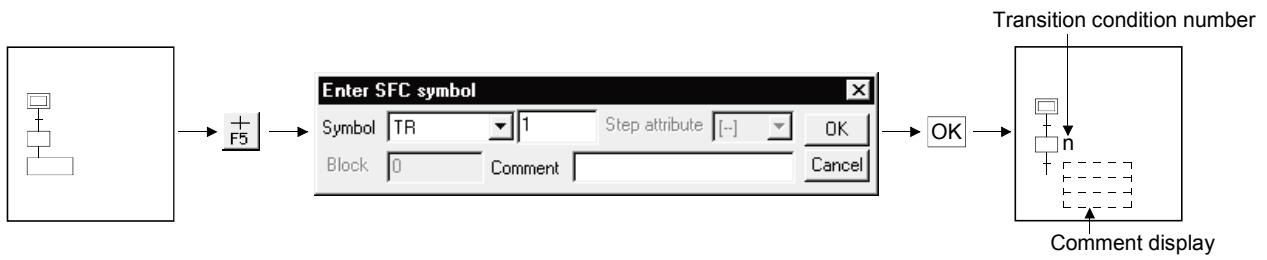
When you will use the step numbers automatically assigned by the system, you can omit the "step number" input operation.

- Comment creation

You can enter a comment of up to 32 characters.

The comment created can be displayed by "step/transition comment display" operation in the display menu.

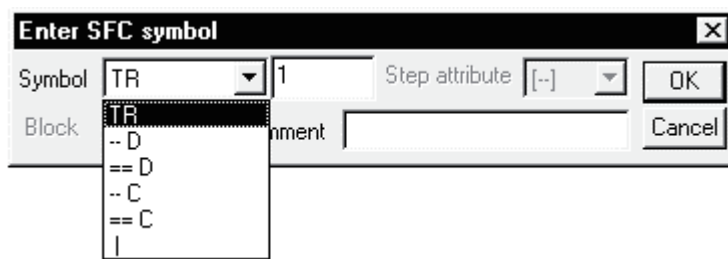
3) Series transition (†)



• Diagram symbol

The diagram symbol name selected appears.

To change the diagram symbol selected, click and choose a new diagram symbol.



• Transition condition number

The system automatically assigns lower to higher transition condition numbers in the order of entry.

When you will use the transition condition numbers automatically assigned by the system, you can omit the "transition condition number" input operation.


• Comment creation

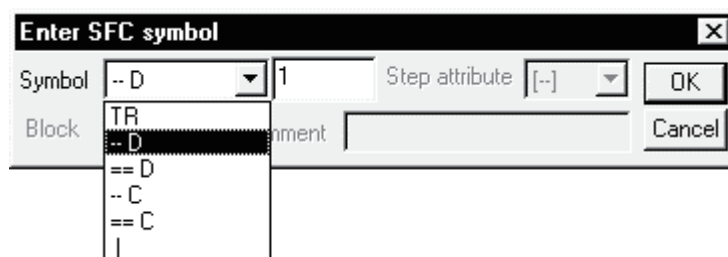
You can enter a comment of up to 32 characters.

The comment created can be displayed by "step/transition comment display" operation in the display menu.

4) Selective branch (—|)




- Diagram symbol
The diagram symbol name selected appears.
To change the diagram symbol selected, click  and choose a new diagram symbol.

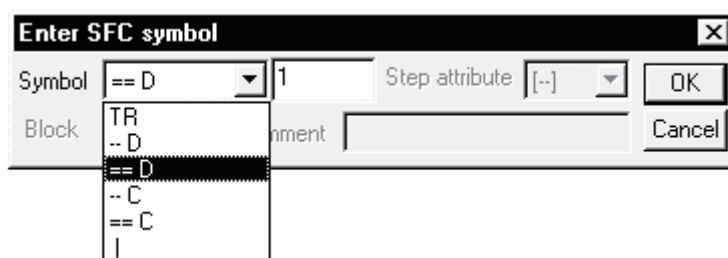


- Number of branches
Enter the number of branch line columns.
If it is "1", you can omit the input operation.

5) Parallel branch (==|)



- Diagram symbol
The diagram symbol name selected appears.
To change the diagram symbol selected, click  and choose a new diagram symbol.



- Number of branches
Enter the number of branch line columns.
If it is "1", you can omit the input operation.

6) Selective coupling (—┘)



• Diagram symbol

The diagram symbol name selected appears.

To change the diagram symbol selected, click and choose a new diagram symbol.



• Number of couplings

Enter the number of coupling line columns.

If it is "1", you can omit the input operation.

7) Parallel coupling (==)



• Diagram symbol

The diagram symbol name selected appears.

To change the diagram symbol selected, click and choose a new diagram symbol.



• Number of couplings

Enter the number of coupling line columns.

If it is "1", you can omit the input operation.

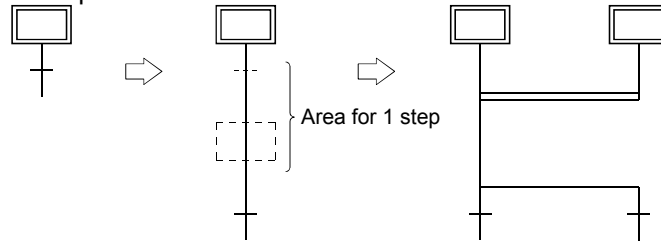
POINTS

- Input method used when a branch and a coupling are used together in a single transition condition

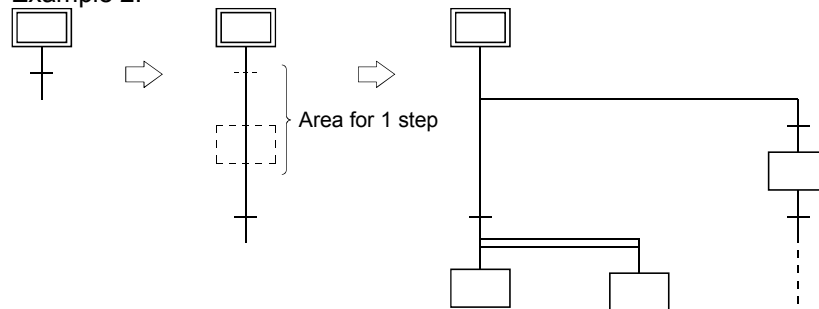
1) For Q/QnACPU

When a branch and a coupling are used together in a single transition condition, reserve an area for one step using "|" (vertical line) and then enter the branch and coupling symbols.

Example 1:



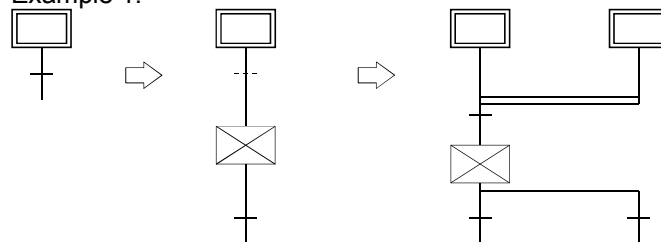
Example 2:



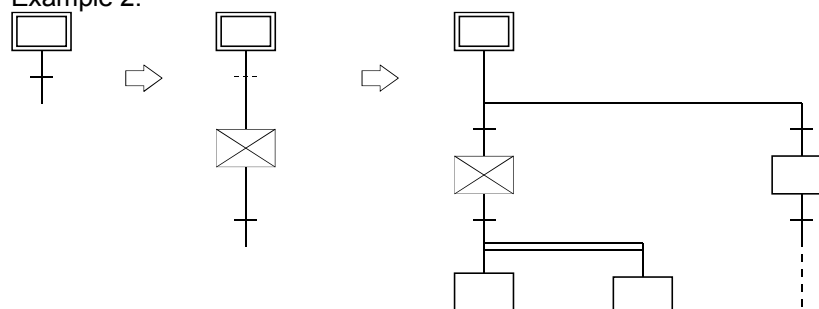
2) For ACPU

As a branch and a coupling cannot be used together in a single transition condition, enter a dummy step.


Example 1:



Example 2:




- For branch/coupling line entry, entering the number of branches/couplings as "-n" creates them from right to left.

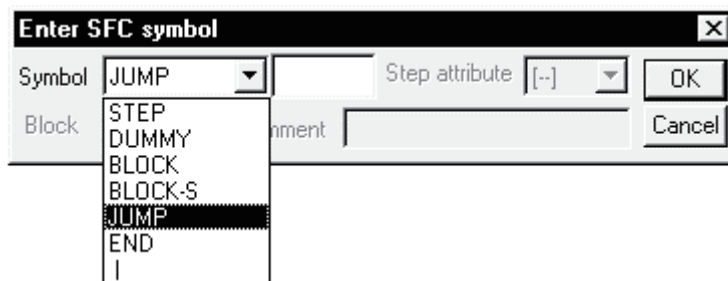
8) Jump transition ()



• Diagram symbol



The diagram symbol name selected appears.


To change the diagram symbol selected, click  and choose a new diagram symbol.



• Jump destination step number

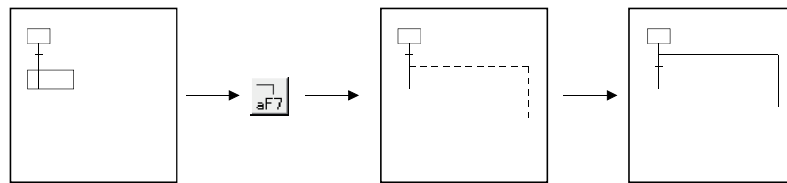
Enter the jump destination step number.

Clicking the OK button changes the indication of the step specified as the jump destination from () to ().

9) End step ()



10) Rule write

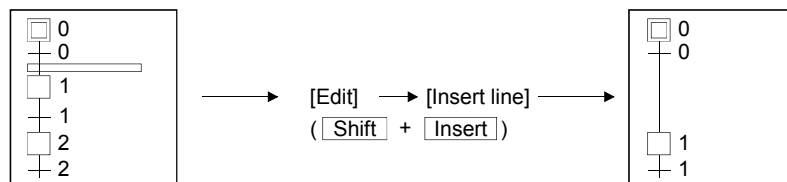


- To write a rule, click / / / and drag from the first position to the last position of the rule entry.

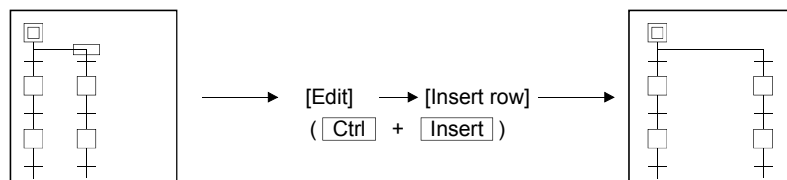
POINT

If you write a rule over the existing step/transition, the step/transition symbol and operation output/transition condition sequence program are not erased.

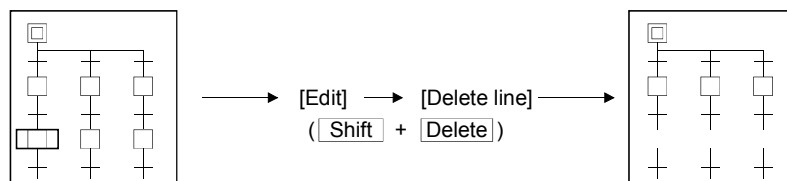
11) Row insert



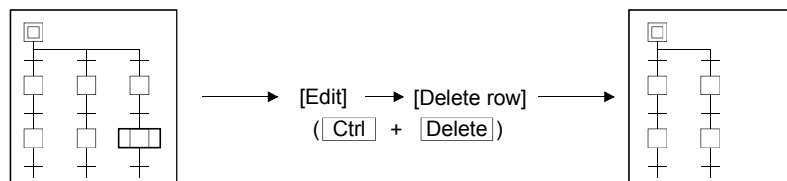
12) Column insert



13) Row delete



14) Column delete



Write (insert) operation example

When an SFC diagram is created by a write (insert) operation, insertion results are as described below on an SFC diagram symbol basis.

Note that step/transition condition number changing, simultaneous SFC comment creation and so on can be performed as in the write (overwrite) operation.


1) Step (□)



- Point the cursor to a desired position and click the SFC symbol (step) to insert a step in the cursor position.
When you insert a step over " | " (vertical line) without changing the step number, the lowest free number of the existing SFC diagram is assigned.
- When the insert position is within a branch ladder, " | " (vertical line) is automatically inserted into another branch.

2) Series transition (⊕)



- Point the cursor to a desired position and click  to insert a transition in the cursor position.
When you insert a transition over " | " (vertical line) without changing the transition condition number, the lowest free number of the existing SFC diagram is assigned.
- When the insert position is within a branch ladder, " | " (vertical line) is automatically inserted into another branch.

3) Selective branch (—|)



4) Parallel branch (==|)

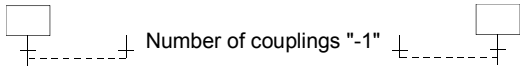


5) Selective coupling



6) Parallel coupling

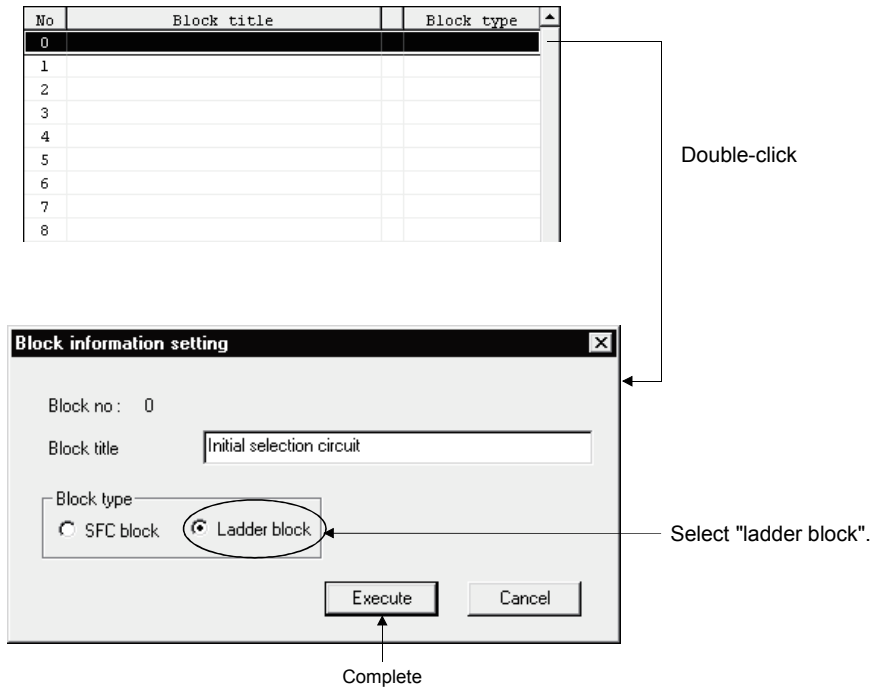


POINTS
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Entering "-n" as the number of branches/couplings enters them from right to left. Example: Number of couplings "1"  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inserting a branch/coupling may generate an SFC diagram that cannot be converted. In this case, correct the SFC diagram with the edit function (cut and paste) and then perform a conversion operation.

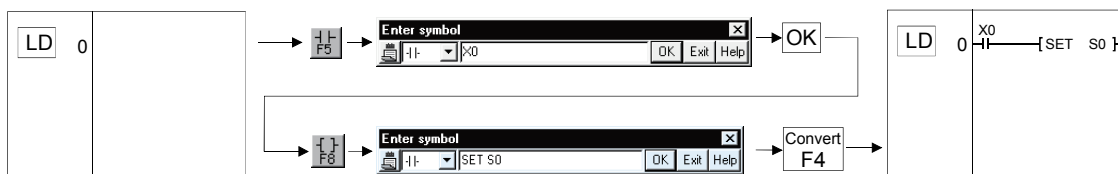
(1-2) Operation starting from the tool button (when the FXCPU is used)

Write (overwrite) operation example

1) Register a ladder block in block list No.0.



2) Creating a ladder circuit



3) Register an SFC block in block list No.1.

Block list display : Double-click [View] → [Display block list], or [Program] of [Project data list] then [MAIN].

No	Block title	Block type
0	Initial selection circuit	* SFC block
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		

Double-click

Block information setting

Block no : 1

Block title

Block type

SFC block Ladder block

Select "SFC block".

Complete

POINTS

• Block list

(1) When the FXCPU is used, first register "Ladder block" or "SFC block" in the block list, then start to create the program.

Register the block list from the top.

No	Block title	Block type
0	Initial selection circuit	- Ladder block
1	Auto operation start step	- SFC block
2	Machining No.1	- SFC block
3	Machining No.2	- SFC block
4	Machining No.3	- SFC block
5	Product control circuit	- Ladder block
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		
11		
12		
13		
14		
15		

(2) You cannot change to a ladder program or write to the PC if there is an unconverted block or unregistered (blank) block in the block list, or the ladder blocks are contiguous.

Display the block list, execute [Convert] → [Convert block (all blocks)], then end the arranging of the block list and the conversion of unconverted parts.

Before change

After change

No	Block title	Block type
0	Initial selection circuit	- Ladder block
1	Auto operation start step	- SFC block
2	Machining No.1	- SFC block
3	Machining No.2	- SFC block
4	Machining No.3	- SFC block
5		
6		
7	OK/NG judgment circuit	- Ladder block
8	Product control circuit	- Ladder block
9		
10		
11		
12		
13		
14		
15		

Not converted
Not registered
Ladder blocks are contiguous

No	Block title	Block type
0	Initial selection circuit	- Ladder block
1	Auto operation start step	- SFC block
2	Machining No.1	- SFC block
3	Machining No.2	- SFC block
4	Machining No.3	- SFC block
5	OK/NG judgment circuit	- Ladder block
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		
11		
12		
13		
14		
15		

(3) Circuits that cannot be changed into SFC blocks

If you attempt to change an existing ladder circuit, for example, into SFC, the change sometimes fails to take place because of some kind of error, even when the circuit contains a stepladder (STL) instruction.

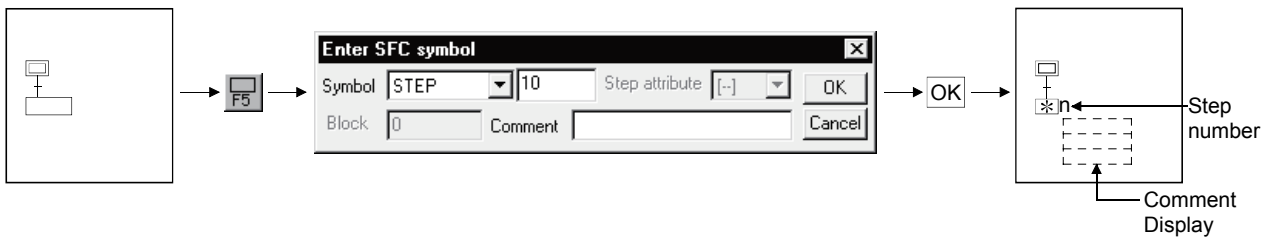
In this case, the circuit is registered as "Ladder block!" in block type, that is, as a ladder block to which the "!" mark is appended.

After changing the contents of the circuit, change the type of block to SFC block using [Edit] → [Block information].

No	Block title	Block type
0	Initial selection circuit	- Ladder block
1	Auto operation start step	- SFC block
2	Machining No.1	- SFC block
3	Machining No.2	- SFC block
4	Machining No.3	- SFC block
5	Shipping test	- Ladder block!
6	OK/NG judgment circuit	- Ladder block
7		
8		
9		
10		
11		
12		
13		
14		
15		


Circuit that could not be changed into SFC block

4) Step (□)



• Diagram symbol

The diagram symbol name selected appears.

To change the diagram symbol selected, click  and choose a new diagram symbol.



• Step number

A step number is a number that the system automatically assigns in ascending input sequence over the range of S10-S999. (The upper limit differs depending upon the PC type. Also, the maximum number of steps per block is 512.)

If the step number automatically assigned by the system is satisfactory, you can omit the "step number" input operation.

S0-S9 are assigned to the beginning of the SFC block as the initial blocks, so you cannot input them to a general step position.

You cannot input a step number more than once.

When the FXCPU is used, dummy steps are also treated in the same way as general steps, however there is no need to create an operation output program.

• Step attribute

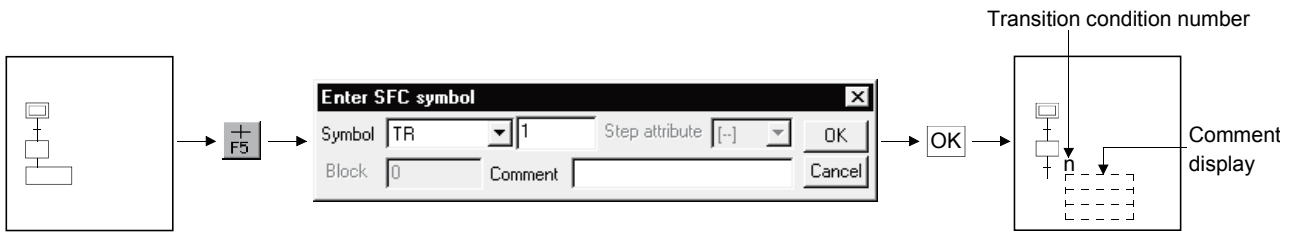
When the FXCPU is used, the step has no attribute apart from when a "JUMP" symbol is set.

• Comment creation

You can enter a comment of up to 32 characters.

The comment created can be displayed by "step/transition comment display" operation in the display menu.

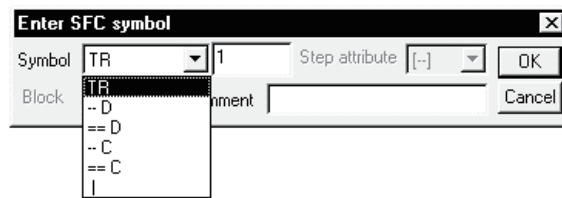
5) Series transition (†)



• Diagram symbol

The diagram symbol name selected appears.

To change the diagram symbol selected, click and choose a new diagram symbol.



• Transition condition number

The system automatically assigns lower to higher transition condition numbers in the order of entry.

When you will use the transition condition numbers automatically assigned by the system, you can omit the "transition condition number" input operation.

When the FXCPU is used, the transition condition number is valid only on the SFC diagram. For this reason, this number does not continue when a change is made to a ladder program.

• Comment creation

When the FXCPU is used, transition comments are not supported.

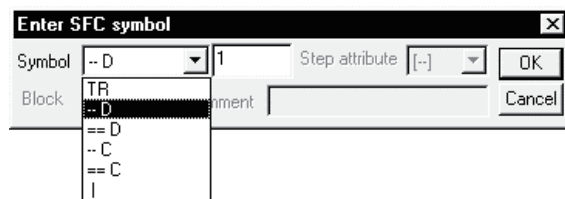
6) Selective branch (—)



• Diagram symbol

The diagram symbol name selected appears.

To change the diagram symbol selected, click and choose a new diagram symbol.



• Number of branches

Enter the number of branch line columns.

If it is "1", you can omit the input operation.

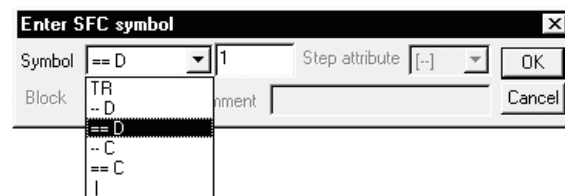
7) Parallel branch (==)



• Diagram symbol

The diagram symbol name selected appears.

To change the diagram symbol selected, click and choose a new diagram symbol.



• Number of branches

Enter the number of branch line columns.

If it is "1", you can omit the input operation.

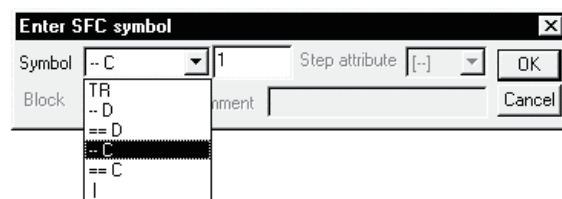
8) Selective coupling (—┘)



• Diagram symbol

The diagram symbol name selected appears.

To change the diagram symbol selected, click and choose a new diagram symbol.



• Number of couplings

Enter the number of coupling line columns.

If it is "1", you can omit the input operation.

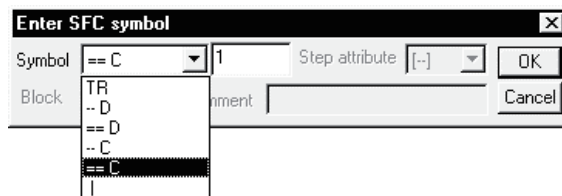
9) Parallel coupling (—══)



• Diagram symbol

The diagram symbol name selected appears.

To change the diagram symbol selected, click and choose a new diagram symbol.



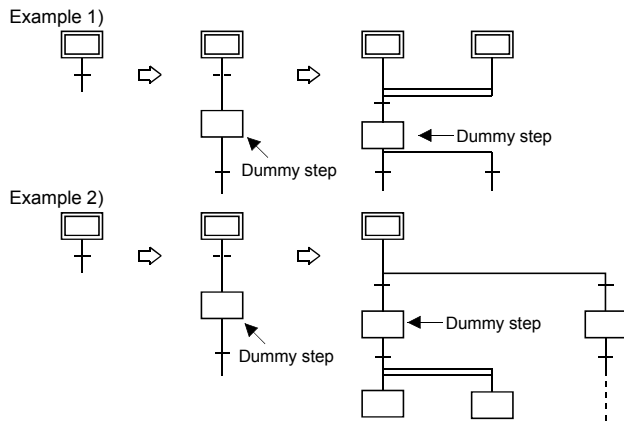
• Number of couplings

Enter the number of coupling line columns.

If it is "1", you can omit the input operation.

POINTS

- Input method used when a branch and a coupling are used together in a single transition condition
As a branch and a coupling cannot be used together in a single transition condition, enter a dummy step.
When the FXCPU is used, there is no symbol called "dummy step", so input a general step. There is no need to input a control output circuit, and so on, in a dummy step.



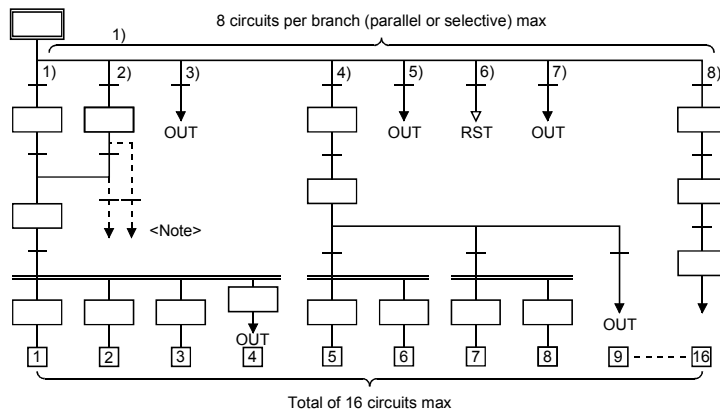
- For branch/coupling line entry, entering the number of branches/couplings as "-n" creates them from right to left.

POINTS

Branch number

The number of circuits in the case of one parallel branch or selective branch is limited to 8 circuits per branch.

However, if there are many parallel branches or selective branches, the overall number of circuits is limited to 16 circuits per initial step.



You cannot perform a transition or reset operation from confluence lines or a step prior to confluence to a separation step.

Create a dummy step and be sure to perform the transition or reset operation from the branch line to a separation step.

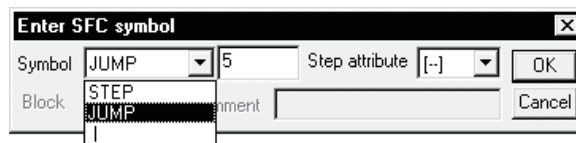
10) Jump transition (L▶)



• Diagram symbol

The diagram symbol name selected appears.

To change the diagram symbol selected, click and choose a new diagram symbol.



• Jump destination step number

Enter the jump destination step number.

Clicking the button changes the indication of the step specified as the jump destination from () to ().

When the FXCPU is used, if the jump destination is in another SFC block, the step of the jump destination is displayed as ().

• Step attribute

In the case of a general jump, select [None].

11) Reset jump transition (↓)



• Diagram symbol

Select "JUMP" as the diagram symbol.

• Jump destination step number

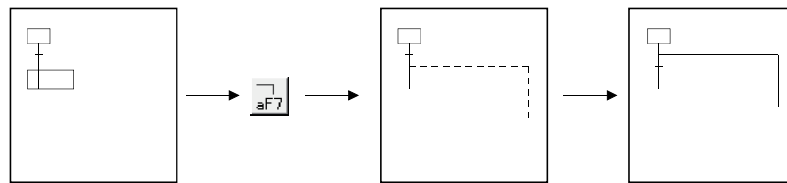
Input the step number to be reset.

(Normally input the step number immediately prior to the jump destination.)

• Step attribute

In the case of a reset jump, select [R].

12) Rule write

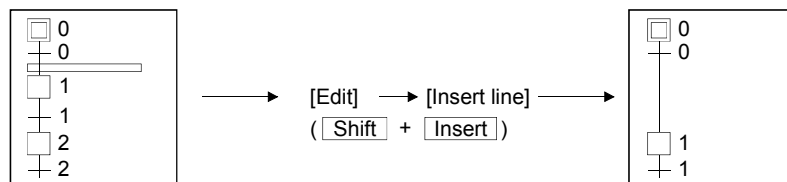


- To write a rule, click / / / and drag from the first position to the last position of the rule entry.

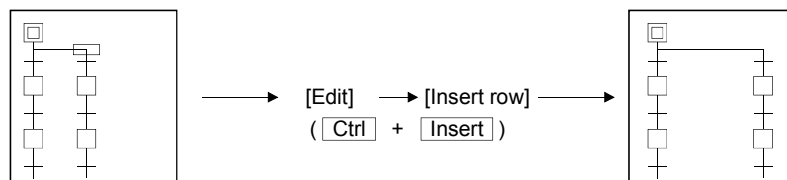
POINT

If you write a rule over the existing step/transition, the step/transition symbol and operation output/transition condition sequence program are not erased.

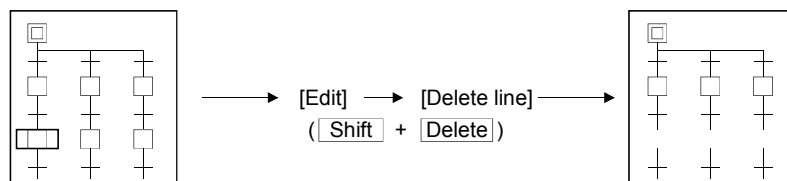
13) Row insert



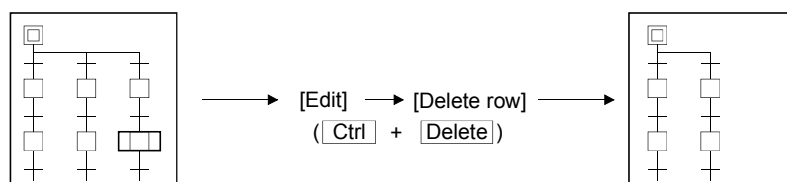
14) Column insert



15) Row delete



16) Column delete



Write (insert) operation example

When an SFC diagram is created by a write (insert) operation, insertion results are as described below on an SFC diagram symbol basis.

Note that step/transition condition number changing, simultaneous SFC comment creation and so on can be performed as in the write (overwrite) operation.


1) Step (□)



- Point the cursor to a desired position and click the SFC symbol (step) to insert a step in the cursor position.
When you insert a step over " | " (vertical line) without changing the step number, the lowest free number of the existing SFC diagram is assigned.
- When the insert position is within a branch ladder, " | " (vertical line) is automatically inserted into another branch.

2) Series transition (†)



- Point the cursor to a desired position and click  to insert a transition in the cursor position.
When you insert a transition over " | " (vertical line) without changing the transition condition number, the lowest free number of the existing SFC diagram is assigned.
- When the insert position is within a branch ladder, " | " (vertical line) is automatically inserted into another branch.

3) Selective branch (—|)



4) Parallel branch (==)



5) Selective coupling

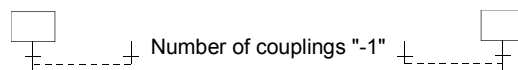


6) Parallel coupling



POINTS

- Entering "-n" as the number of branches/couplings enters them from right to left.
Example: Number of couplings "1"



- Inserting a branch/coupling may generate an SFC diagram that cannot be converted.
In this case, correct the SFC diagram with the edit function (cut and paste) and then perform a conversion operation.

(2) Operation starting from the function key

1) The SFC symbols are assigned to the following function keys.

[Step]

SFC symbol						
Function key	F5	F6	Shift + F6	F8	F7	Shift + F5
Remarks		A, Q/QnACPU only	QnACPU only		A, Q/QnA only	

[Transition or branch/coupling]

SFC symbol						
Function key	F5	F6	F7	F8	F9	Shift + F9
Remarks						

[Rule entry]

SFC symbol						
Function key	Alt + F5	Alt + F7	Alt + F8	Alt + F9	Alt + F10	Ctrl + F9
Remarks						

2) Operation procedure

• Step/transition/branch/coupling entry

1) Press the function key.



2) Since the window as was shown when the tool button was clicked appears, refer to the tool button operation procedure and enter the required items.



3) Press the **Enter** key.

• Rule entry

1) Press the function key.



2) Using the arrow keys, move the cursor to the first position of a branch/coupling.



3) Hold down the **Shift** key and move the cursor with the arrow keys.



4) Move the cursor to the last position of the branch/coupling and release your hand from the key.

(3) Operation starting from the menu on the toolbar

• Step/transition/branch/coupling entry

1) Click [Edit] on the toolbar.



2) Move the cursor to [SFC symbol] in the edit menu.



3) Click the SFC symbol to be entered.



4) Since the window as was shown when the tool button was clicked appears, refer to the tool button operation procedure and enter the required items.

5) Press the key.

• Rule entry

1) Click [Edit] on the toolbar.



2) Move the cursor to [Edit the line] in the edit menu.



3) Click the branch/coupling line to be entered.



4) Drag from the first position to the last position of the entry.

(4) Operation starting from the key1) Press the key.

2) Since the window as was shown when the tool button was clicked appears, refer to the tool button operation procedure and enter the required items.

3) Press the key.**POINT**

Operation starting from the key is a method useful for entry of steps () and transitions () consecutively in the column direction.

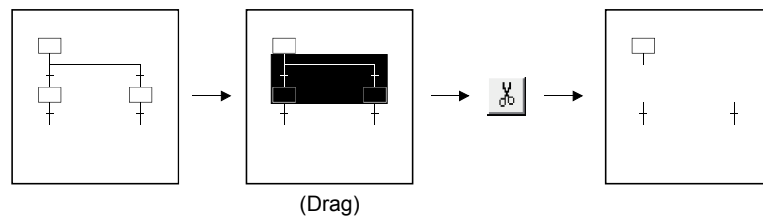
3.4.1 (2) Deleting the SFC Diagram

A	Q/QnA	FX
○	○	×

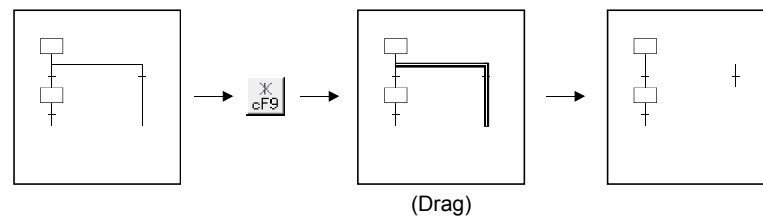
This section explains how to delete the existing SFC diagram symbols.

(1) Operation using the tool button to delete

1) Specifying the area and making deletion



2) Deleting the branch/coupling/vertical line only



(2) Operation using the function key to delete

- Hold down the **[Shift]** key and choose the deletion area with the arrow keys.
- ↓
- Press the **[Delete]** key.

(3) Operation to delete from the menu on the toolbar

- With the mouse, drag over the area to be deleted.
- ↓
- Click **[Cut]** in the edit menu.

POINT






Performing the **[Undo]** operation after making a deletion returns to the status immediately prior to the deletion.

- Tool button : Click
- Function key : **[Ctrl] + [Z]**
- Menu : Click **[Undo]** in the edit menu.

3.4.1 (3) Changing the Step Attribute

A	Q/QnA	FX
○	○	×

This section describes how to change the step attribute in the existing SFC diagram. The step attribute can be changed by any of the following tool button clicking, menu operation and key pressing.

Tool Button	Key Pressing	Menu	Description	Remarks
	Ctrl + [1]	1) Editing ↓	• Makes the preset step attribute invalid.	
	Ctrl + [2]	2) Step attribute setting ↓	• Changes the preset step attribute to SC .	
	Ctrl + [3]	3) Choose a new attribute.	• Changes the preset step attribute to SE .	Q/QnACPU only
	Ctrl + [4]		• Changes the preset step attribute to ST .	Q/QnACPU only
	Ctrl + [5]		• Changes the preset step attribute to R and sets the reset destination step No. • When it has already been set to R , changes the reset destination step No.	Q/QnACPU only

POINT
If the step attribute has been changed, the existing operation output sequence program remains unchanged.


3.4.2 Cutting/Copying and Pasting the SFC Diagram

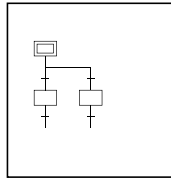
A	Q/QnA	FX
○	○	○

This section provides the operation to cut/copy and paste the SFC diagram.

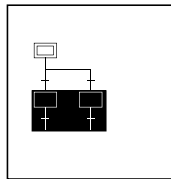
(1) Specifying the area, cutting or copying the SFC diagram, and pasting it



[Operation procedure]

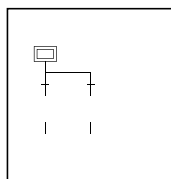
1. Choose [Edit]→[Write mode] or  (F2).
2. Click the first position of the SFC diagram to be cut, and move the cursor.



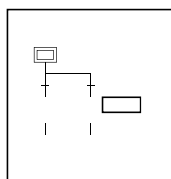
3. Drag over the area to be cut or copied.
The specified area is highlighted.




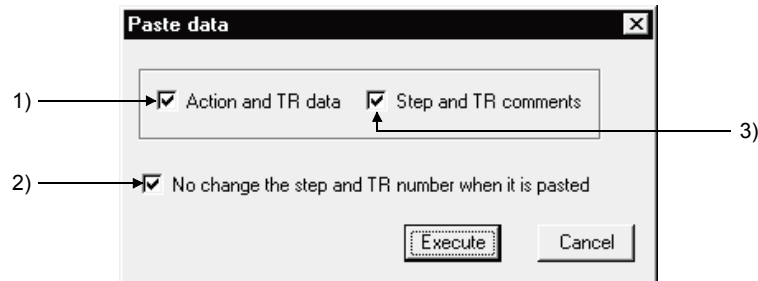
4. When cutting, choose [Edit] → [Cut] or  (Ctrl + X), or when copying, choose [Edit] → [Copy] or  (Ctrl + C) to cut the ladder in the specified area.



5. Click the position where the cut (copied) SFC diagram will be applied, and move the cursor.



6. When you choose [Edit] → [Paste] or  (Ctrl + V), the Paste data window appears. Make pasting choices.

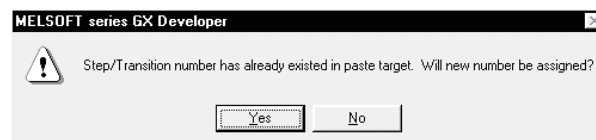


- 1) Selection of whether or not the operation output/transition condition sequence program is also pasted simultaneously.
- 2) Selection of whether or not the original step/transition condition number is changed.
- 3) Selection of whether or not the step/transition comment is also pasted simultaneously.

POINT

"Not changing" the original step/transition condition number is useful for a moving operation.

7. When you selected "not to" change the original step/transition condition number but the pasting destination already has the same step/transition condition number, the following window appears.



Choosing **Yes** executes pasting after the system has assigned a new number by reassigning lower to higher free numbers to the step/transition condition numbers of the pasting destination SFC diagram.

Choosing **No** suspends pasting.

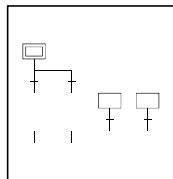
8. When the first position of the cut or copied SFC diagram is a step and its pasting position is a transition position, or vice versa, the following window appears.



When this window has appeared, click the **OK** button, move the pasting position one row higher or lower, then perform a pasting operation again.

9. After the pasting operation is over, make conversion.

Note that a conversion error occurs if a branch/coupling is incorrect after pasting. Therefore, make conversion after performing the SFC diagram editing operation.



POINTS

- Cutting/copying and pasting between different blocks in the same program can be executed by displaying the corresponding blocks by performing [Window] → [Tile vertically] or [Tile horizontally] operation.
- Cutting/copying and pasting between different projects can be executed after opening the corresponding projects by performing [Project] → [Start new GX Developer session] operation.
- Copying of an operation output/transition condition sequence program should be done within approx. 2k steps.

3.4.3 Sorting the SFC Diagram

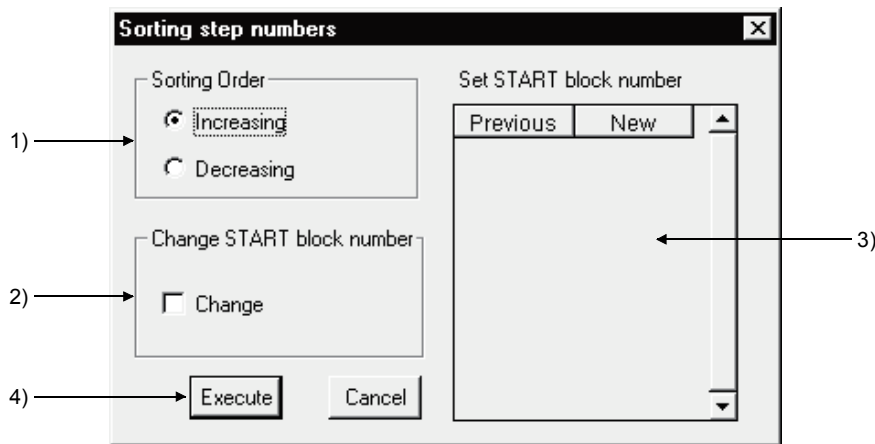
A	Q/QnA	FX
○	○	×

This operation reassigns the step/transition numbers of the created SFC diagram.

[Operation procedure]

[Tools] → [Sort] or

[Setting screen]



[Setting items]

1) Sorting Order

Specify whether the step/transition numbers are in an ascending or descending order.

2) Change START block number

Specify whether the start destination block number is to be changed or not.

3) Set START block number

When you have selected "Change", enter a new block number.

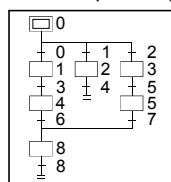
4) **Execute** button

Executes sorting as set on the above screen.

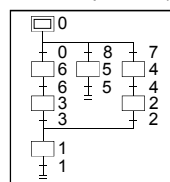
POINTS

- The result of executing sorting by specifying an ascending or descending order is as follows.

(When ascending order is specified)



(When descending order is specified)



* Immediately after sorting, a "Undo" operation can be performed only once.

* is step "0" if you specify either the ascending or descending order.

- The SFC devices (e.g. BLM\Sn, BLM\TRn) used with the operation outputs/transition conditions are not the objects of sorting.

Sort them by performing a device number changing operation or the like.

3.4.4 Redisplaying the SFC Diagram

A	Q/QnA	FX
○	○	○

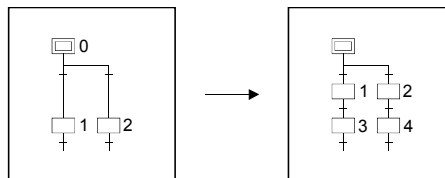
[Setting purpose]

This operation is performed to return the unconverted SFC diagram being edited to the status immediately prior to editing, or to top-shift or left-shift the freed row or column of the "I" (vertical line)/branch/coupling line.

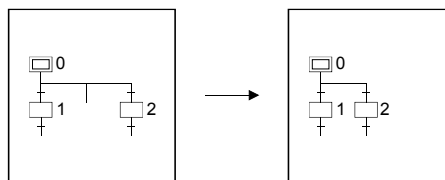
[Operation procedure]

[View] → [Review SFC]

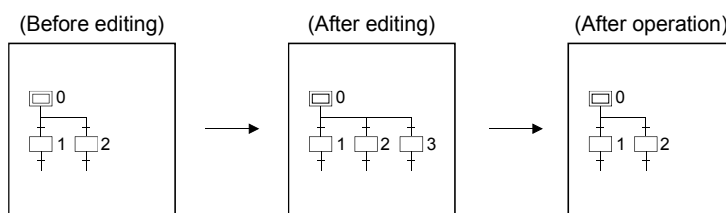
1) Top-shift redisplaying example



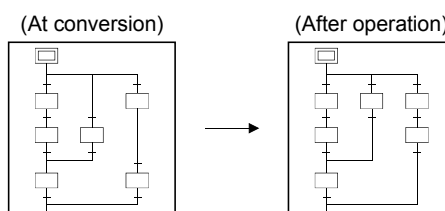
2) Left-shift redisplaying example



3) Unconverted SFC diagram redisplaying example



4) After-conversion SFC diagram optimizing display



3.5 Creating the Operation Outputs/Transition Conditions

A	Q/QnA	FX
○	○	○

When creating an operation output/transition condition program, move the cursor to the corresponding step/transition in the SFC diagram and click the Zoom side.

The subsequent operations are the same as in the ladder or list creating method.



For detailed operations, refer to the SW5D5C-GPPW-E(V) Operating Manual.

POINTS

- There are instructions which cannot be used with operation outputs/transition conditions.

For more information, refer to the "MELSAP II (SFC) Programming Manual" for the ACPU or to the "QCPU(Qmode)/QnACPU Programming Manual (SFC)" for the QCPU and QnACPU.

- As a transition condition, only one dummy coil (\neg [Tran]) may be entered for the coil instruction.

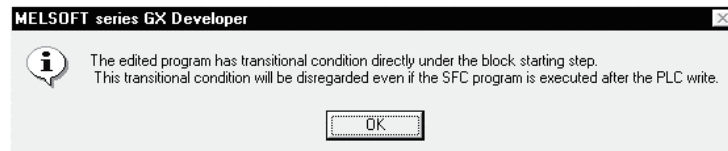
To enter it, click  or  and click the **OK** button.

\neg [Tran] is entered automatically.

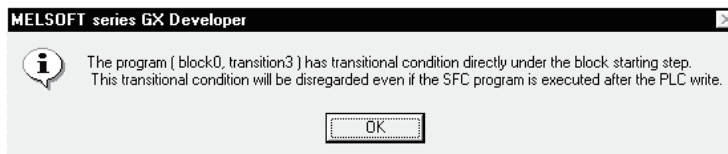
For entry in list representation, enter only the contact instruction and the dummy coil (\neg [Tran]) need not be entered.

- For the ACPU, no transition condition can be entered into the block starting step. The condition entered is ignored if the SFC program is executed after write to the PLC CPU, and execution transits to the next step at the END step processing of the start destination block. Note that the following guidance appears when the transition condition is entered or the SFC chart is converted.

- When the transition condition is entered in the ladder/list



- When the SFC chart is converted



- Instructions that cannot be used in the case of the FXCPU

Ladder blocks : RET, END

Steps : MC, MCR

STL, RET (step ladder instruction)

SET S*, OUT S*, RST S*

(transition instruction with stepladder)

END, FEND

P/I, CJ, SRET, IRET

Transition conditions : P/I

STL, RET (stepladder instruction)

Coil instructions and output instructions other than the

TRAN symbol

3.6 Creating the SFC Comments

An SFC comment is a generic name for a "step comment" attached to each step of the created SFC diagram and a "transition comment" attached to each transition.

In addition, a "block title" is available as a comment related to SFC diagrams.

This section explains how to create and correct SFC comments and block titles.

3.6.1 Creating SFC Comments

A	Q/QnA	FX
○	○	○

You can create an SFC comment when entering an SFC symbol.


Also, you can create a block title when converting the SFC diagram.

This section describes how to create/correct only comment data after SFC diagram creation.

(1) Performing operation on the SFC diagram editing screen

[Operation procedure]

[Edit] → [Documentation] → [Comment] → Move the cursor to the editing position →

Alternatively,  → Right-double-click at the editing position.

[Setting screen]



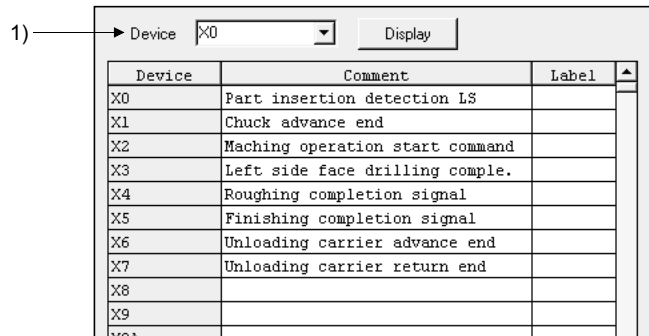
POINTS
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Select an SFC diagram symbol in the SFC diagram to perform SFC comment creation/correction. Select a ladder symbol on the Zoom side to perform device comment creation/correction. • In this operation, a block title cannot be created/corrected. • About block comments SAP3 When performing file write (write to GX Developer format or other format file) and then PLC write, data will disappear unless a comment file is written. SAP2 When performing write to other format, data will disappear unless a comment file is written. • If you have created a block title of 25 or more characters on SAP2, performing PLC write or write to other format file will delete the 25th and latter characters. • When the FXCPU is used Create a block title by displaying the block list, then executing [Edit] → [Block information]. If you write to an FXGP (DOS) format file when a step comment that consists of more than 16 characters has been created, the 17th and subsequent characters will be deleted.

(2) Performing operation on the device comment editing screen

[Operation procedure]

Device comment in project data list → COMMENT

[Setting screen]



1) Device name

Specify the device which will be commented.

When creating an SFC comment, specify the device name as indicated below.

• A, Q, QnA series

Block title : BLm

Step comment : BLm\Sn

Transition comment : BLm\TRn
m: Block number

n: Step/transition number

• FX series

Block title : BL0-BL24

Step comment : S0-S999 (device comment corresponding to state S)


3.6.2 Editing the Note for Operation Output

A	Q/QnA	FX
○	○	○

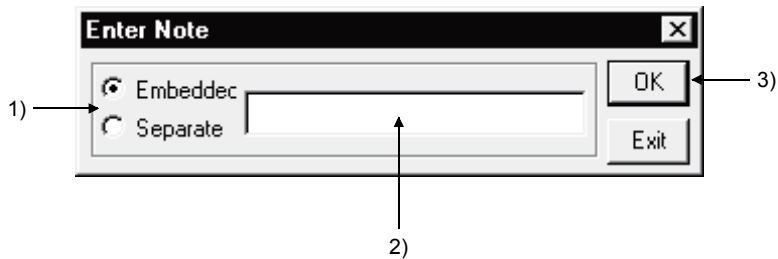
This section provides the operation performed to annotate an operation output ladder. For full information on notes, refer to GX Developer Operating Manual.

[Operation procedure]

[Edit] → [Documentation] → [Note] → Move the cursor to the editing position →

Alternatively,  → Right-double-click at the editing position.

[Setting screen]



[Item explanation]

- 1) Select Embeddec note or Separate note.
For the ACPU, only separate note is available.
- 2) Note editing area
- 3) button
Determines the entered note.

POINTS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When creating a note on the ACPU and writing it in another format, that note is not written to the GPPA. • After editing a note, always perform a conversion operation. The data created will not remain if you do not make conversion.
---------------	--



3.7 Setting the Block Information

A	Q/QnA	FX
○	○	○

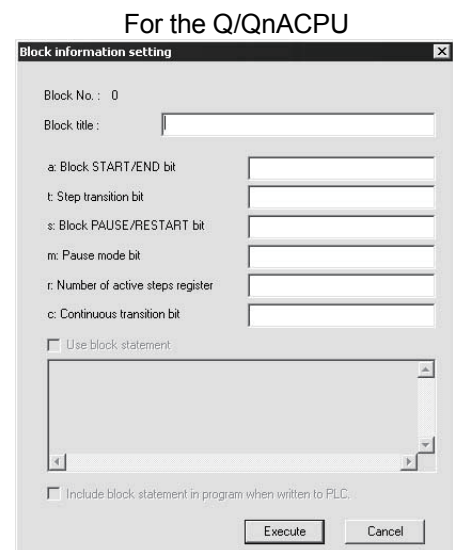
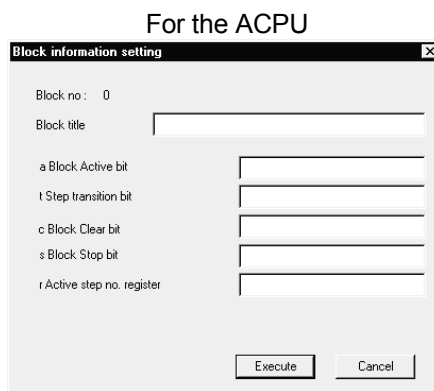
[Setting purpose]

This operation is performed to set the block information of the corresponding block at the time of a conversion operation after creation of an SFC diagram.

[Operation procedure]

- SFC diagram creation →  (F4)
- [Edit] → [Block information] or 

[Setting screen]



Enter a device into each item.

Entering an unnecessary item is dispensable.

The Q/QnACPU can set block statements in a program.

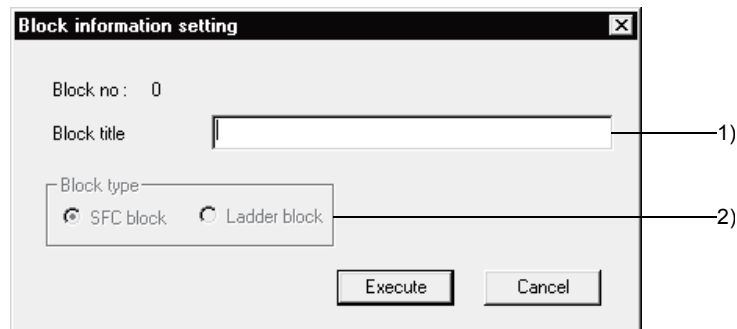
- 1) Check this item to set block statements in the program.
- 2) A block statement can be input up to 10 lines and 64 characters in each line.
- 3) Check this item to write block statements together with the program.

POINT	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For the function and operation of each item, refer to the "MELSAP II (SFC) Programming Manual" for the ACPU or to the "QCPU(Qmode)/QnACPU Programming Manual (SFC)" for the Q/QnACPU. • The set block title stored as a device comment of device BLM. • A block title/alias can be created and changed by entering a device name "BLM" on the device comment-editing screen. (Refer to Section 3.6.1). • When putting a block title for each program, create comments by program. For details of the creating method, refer to the GX Developer Operating Manual. • When using the Q/QnACPU and inputting a block statement, convert the SFC diagram in advance. • When changing the PLC type of the project in which block statements are created to the PLC type not compatible with a block statement, the created block statements will be deleted.
--------------	--

POINT

- About merging block statements when reading a SFC program from a PLC
When reading the SFC program without block statements from a PLC, the block statements in the project will be disappeared.
To prevent block statements from disappearing, select "Merge peripheral statement/note" when reading from the PLC.
Note that block statements cannot be merged in the project using labels.
- When writing a project to a GPPQ format file, the block statements in the project will be deleted.
- When Performing either of the following operations, "Use block statement" is automatically checked.
 - (1) Use block statement
 - (2) Checking "Include block statement in program when written to PLC"

When the FXCPU is used



- 1) Input the block title of the ladder block or SFC block.
You can create or change a block title as a device comment of BLM using the same operation.
- 2) Be sure to specify either an SFC block or a ladder block according to the contents of the program to be written.

POINT

- If the STL instruction exists in a ladder block, the message "Ladder block!", which indicates a conversion error, will be displayed in the block type of block list.
- If an incomplete ladder block is described by the STL instruction, you can modify the contents using the zoom screen, then change the block to "SFC block" in "Block Type" of the block information setting.
- Regarding errors that can occur during a block type change
In the following cases, an error display appears, and the change process is interrupted.
 - 1) If SFC conversion is not possible
 - 2) If the initial step does not exist
 - 3) If a number of blocks are generated when the program in a block is SFC-converted.

3.8 Display the Block List

A	Q/QnA	FX
○	○	○

Show the currently edited SFC program in a list form to monitor it or to perform block-by-block editing, e.g. cut and paste.

In the SFC block list, you can perform the following.

- Block information setting/correction
- Batch copy between blocks
- Jump to SFC diagram display in the specified block
- SFC monitoring in the block list
- (Batch) Conversion of unconverted blocks

[Operation procedure]

[View] → [Display block list]

[Block list screen]

When the ACPU is used

No	Block title	a Active	t Transition	c Clear	s Stop	r Register
0	Block 1,2 start	* M0	M1	M2	M3	D0
1	Machining	* M10	M11	M12	M13	D10
2	Finishing	* M20	M21	M22	M23	D20
3						
4						
5						

When the Q/QnACPU is used

Block statement

Function Initialize each data

Parameter X100,X101,M1000

Return Value D1000

Block information...

No	Block title	a Start	t Transition	s Pause	m Pause mode	r Active	c Continuous
0	Start of blocks 1, 2	- M0	M1	M2	M3	D0	M4
1	Machining process handling block	- M10	M11	M12	M13	D10	M14
2	Finishing start block	- M20	M21	M22	M23	D20	M24
3							
4							
5							
6							
7							
8							
9							

When the FXCPU is used

No	Block title	Block type
0	Operation selection	- Ladder block
1	Auto operation	* SFC block
2	Auto operation assistance	- Ladder block
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		

1) One screen displays 32 blocks.

Using the scroll bar, / or / key, you can change the displayed blocks.

2) Indicates whether the corresponding blocks have been converted or not.

— : Already converted

* : Not yet converted

3) Displays the block statement for the selected block.

4) Clicking the button displays the Block information setting screen for the selected block.

5) Display the block program type. (FXCPU only)

"SFC block" or "Ladder block" is displayed.

If a ladder circuit that contains a STL instruction cannot be changed to an SFC block, add the "!" mark so that the display is "Ladder block!".

3.9 SFC-Related Parameter Settings

Among the parameter settings made for operating the Q/QnACPU, this section explains the setting of parameters related to SFC programs.

3.9.1 SFC Setting in PLC Parameters

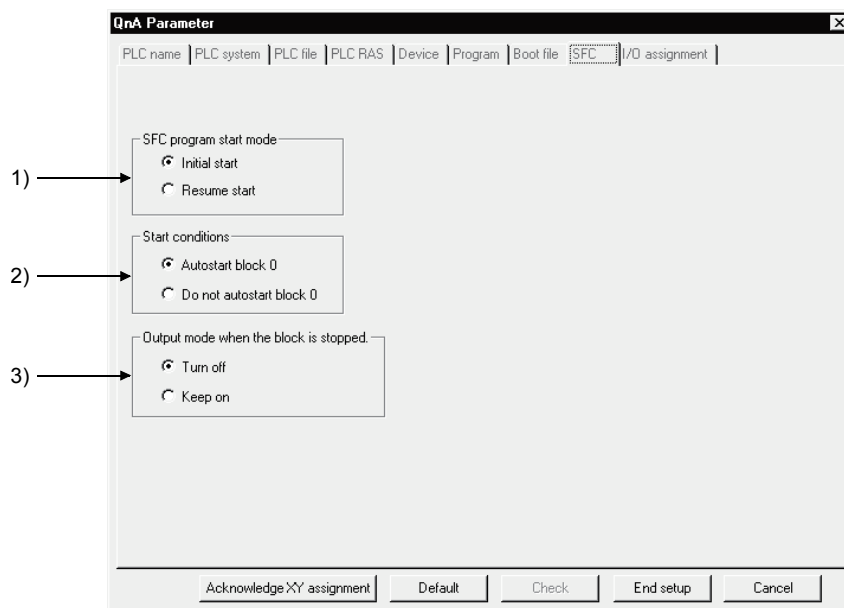
A	Q/QnA	FX
×	○	×

This section gives the operation performed to set the SFC-related parameters using the PLC parameters.

[Operation procedure]

PLC parameters in project data list → SFC setting of QnA parameter settings

[Setting screen]



[Item explanation]

1) SFC program start mode

Set an initial start or resume start to start the SFC program.

2) Start conditions

Set autostart block 0/do not autostart block 0 at the initial start of the SFC program.

3) Output mode when the block is stopped

Set whether a stop is made by turning off the coil outputs which were turned on by the OUT instruction or by keeping them on (latched) when a stop request is sent to any block.

3.9.2 Setting the Block Parameters

A	Q/QnA	FX
×	○*	×

*: Basic model QCPU and Universal model QCPU are incompatible.

This section provides how to set the block parameters.

[Operation procedure]

[Tools] → [Set SFC information] → [Block parameter]

[Setting screen]

[Item explanation]

1) Periodic execution block

All blocks from the set block number onward are periodic execution blocks.

To process all blocks every scan, leave the input area blank.

Enter the execution interval within the range 1 to 65535 (ms) in 1ms increments.

2) Act at block multi-activated

If a start request is made from another block while a block in the designated range is active, an error occurs and CPU operation stops.

The operation mode in the event of a double start for blocks outside the designated range is "Wait".

To set "Wait" for all blocks, leave the first and last input areas blank.

3) Act at step multi-activated

If a double start occurs with respect to any step in the range for which "Waiting blocks" is designated, operation is suspended until the corresponding step becomes inactive.

If a double start occurs with respect to any step in the range for which "Stop blocks" is designated, an error occurs and CPU operation stops.

If a double start occurs with respect to a step outside the specified range, a forced transition is executed.

POINT

The block parameter settings are common to all blocks.
They cannot be set for individual blocks.

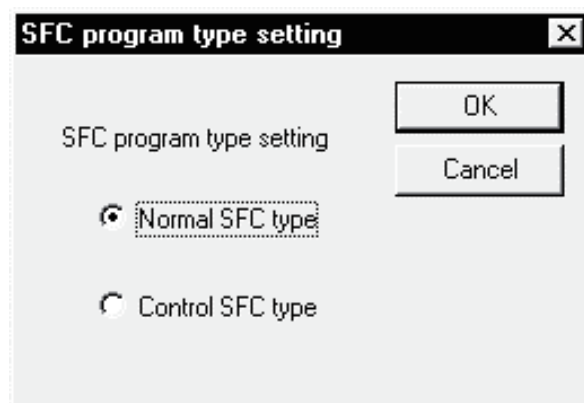
3.9.3 SFC Program Setting

A	Q/QnA	FX
×	○*	×

*: Basic model QCPU and Universal model QCPU are incompatible.

Set whether the SFC program file being edited is to be a "Normal SFC Program" or a "Control SFC program".

[Operation procedure]
 [Tools] → [Set SFC information] → [SFC type]
 [Setting screen]



[Item explanation]

When Control SFC program is selected, an SFC program can be created for block 0 only.

Note that if a block start step (□, ≡) is designated in block 0, an error occurs when the program is executed and CPU operation stops.

3.9.4 SFC Program Capacity Check

A	Q/QnA	FX
○	×	○

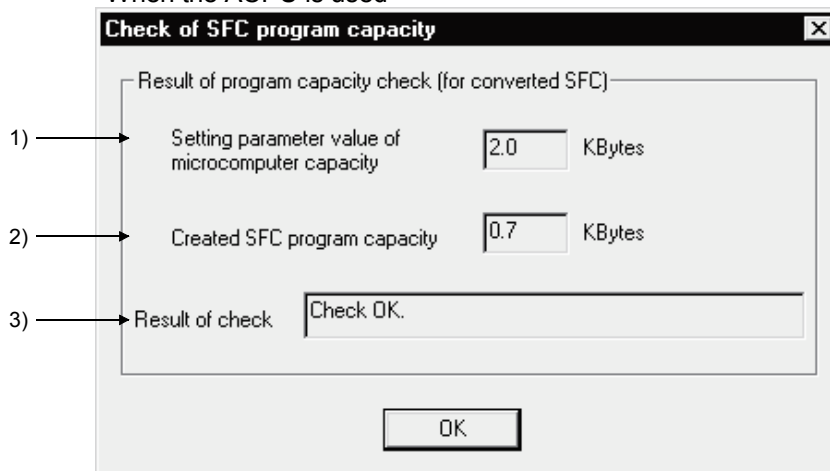
Check the capacity of the program file being edited.

[Operation procedure]

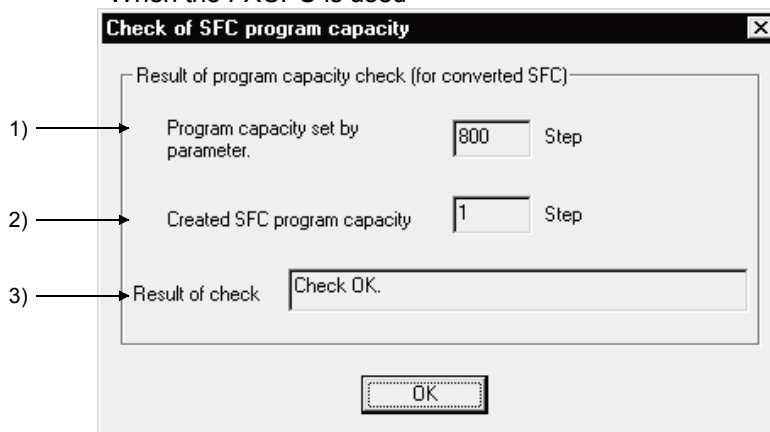
[Tools] → [Set SFC information] → [SFC program capacity check]

[Setting screen]

When the ACPU is used



When the FXCPU is used



[Item explanation]

1) Program capacity set by the parameter.

Displays the maximum value permitted for programming.

2) Created SFC program capacity

Displays the SFC program amount for the converted part.

3) Result of check

If the converted SFC program is within the maximum value, [Check OK] will be displayed.

If the maximum value is exceeded, an error message will be displayed.

3.10 Conversion Operation

A	Q/QnA	FX
○	○	○

The following types of conversions are available according to SFC diagram editing and operation output/transition condition editing.

Item	SFC Diagram Editing	Operation Output/Transition Condition Editing	Conversion Definition
Conversion (<input type="checkbox"/>)	—	○	• Only one operation output/transition condition being edited is converted.
Conversion (All programs being edited)	○	○	• All programs being edited are batch-converted.
Conversion writing during RUN (A, Q/QnA only)	—	○	• The operation output/transition condition being edited is written during RUN.
Block conversion (<input type="checkbox"/>)	○	—	• Only one SFC diagram block being edited is converted.
Block conversion (<input type="checkbox"/>)	○	—	• All SFC diagram blocks being edited are batch-converted.
Block conversion error	○	○	• The block No.'s in SFC diagram conversion error and the number of errors are displayed. • A detailed error is displayed per block specified.

POINT

For the ACPU, make an "SFC program capacity check" after conversion operation to make sure that the existing SFC program is within the microcomputer capacity. For full information, refer to Section 2.1.

3.11 Instructions for Online SFC Program Writing

A	Q/QnA	FX
○	○	×

This section provides instructions for writing the operation outputs/transition conditions of an SFC program to the CPU during RUN.

- (1) Two or more operation outputs/transition conditions cannot be written during RUN at the same time.
Perform an online writing operation every time a correction has been made.
- (2) An SFC diagram cannot be written during RUN.
After creating or modifying an SFC diagram, STOP the CPU and write the diagram using "Write" in the online menu.

POINT
(1) The method of writing the operation output and transition condition during RUN is the same as the "write during RUN" operation for the circuit. For details of the operation method, refer to the GX Developer operating manual.
(2) For other precautions concerning online change, refer to GX Developer Operating Manual.

3.12 Making Searches/Replacements

A	Q/QnA	FX
○	○	○

POINT
<p>For a search/replacement made in an SFC program, the object area changes with the "searching direction" specified.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; margin-bottom: 10px;"> <div style="text-align: center;">a) Downward from top</div> <div style="text-align: center;">b) Downward from cursor position</div> <div style="text-align: center;">c) Upward from cursor position</div> </div> <p>* When a search/replacement is to be performed in an SFC program after a search has been made in another program, all blocks will be searched. When making searches/replacements in an SFC program within the "specified range (step range)", specify the step numbers (e.g. <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>) of the SFC diagram.</p>

3.12.1 Searching for a Device

A	Q/QnA	FX
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

This operation searches for the specified device to find the operation output/transition condition of the corresponding block it is used.

The cursor moves to the step or transition in the SFC diagram being used, and at the same time, the operation output/transition condition sequence program appears.

The operation method is the same as in the ladder mode.

For details of the operation method, refer to the GX Developer Operating Manual.

3.12.2 Searching for an Instruction

A	Q/QnA	FX
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

This operation searches for the specified instruction to find the operation output/transition condition of the corresponding block it is used.

The cursor moves to the step or transition in the SFC diagram being used, and at the same time, the operation output/transition condition sequence program appears.

The operation method is the same as in the ladder mode.

For details of the operation method, refer to the GX Developer Operating Manual.

3.12.3 Searching for a Character String

A	Q/QnA	FX
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

This operation searches for the specified character string to find it is used as an SFC comment or an operation output note. (A device comment will not be searched for.)

The cursor moves to the step or transition in the SFC diagram being used, and at the same time, the operation output/transition condition sequence program appears.

The operation method is the same as in the ladder mode.

For details of the operation method, refer to the GX Developer Operating Manual.

3.12.4 (1) Searching for the Step No./Block No. (SFC Diagram)

A	Q/QnA	FX
○	○	○

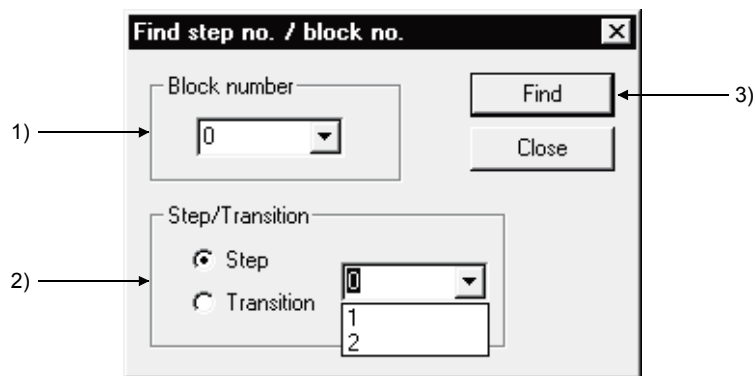
[Setting purpose]

This operation is performed to show the specified block on the screen by specifying the block No. and step No./transition No. when the cursor is in the SFC diagram.

[Operation procedure]

[Find/Replace] → [Find step no./block no.]

[Setting screen]



[Item explanation]

1) Block number

Enter the block No. to be searched for.

2) Step/Transition

Specify the cursor position after a search is over.

3) **Find** button

Click this button to show the SFC diagram in the specified block.

POINTS

- This operation is valid only when the cursor is on the SFC diagram side.
- When the cursor is in the SFC diagram, pressing any "number" key shows the following window.



Clicking the **OK** button or pressing the **Enter** key allows the cursor to move to the specified step in the SFC diagram currently displayed.

Also, turning on the block no. radio button enables a block search.

3.12.4 (2) Searching for the Step No./Block No. (Zoom)

A	Q/QnA	FX
○	○	○

[Setting purpose]

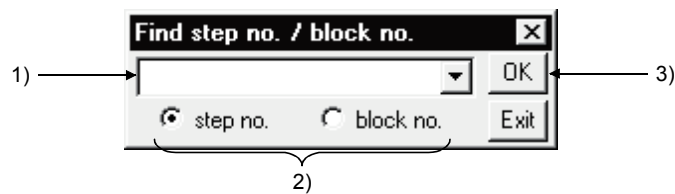
This operation is performed to search for the step No. in the operation output/transition condition sequence program being displayed when the cursor is on the Zoom side.

Alternatively, the specified block

[Operation procedure]

[Find/Replace] → [Find step no./block no.]

[Setting screen]



[Item explanation]

1) Step No./block No. input box

Enter the step No. or block No. to be searched for.

2) Search destination

Select the displayed operation output/transition condition or block as a search destination.

3) button

Click this button to show the ladder of the specified sequence program step No. when the step No. is specified.

When the block is specified, the SFC diagram in the specified block appears.

3.12.5 Searching for a Device Comment

A	Q/QnA	FX
○	○	○

This operation searches for a device comment or label comment of the device being used in the program.

The operation method is the same as in the ladder mode.

For details of the operation method, refer to the GX Developer Operating Manual.

3.12.6 Replacing the Devices

A	Q/QnA	FX
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

This operation replaces the devices and character string constants used in the operation outputs/transition conditions.

Note that if you specify "Include SFC block information find targets", the devices used in the block information of the corresponding blocks will also be replaced.

The operation method is the same as in the ladder mode.

For details of the operation method, refer to the GX Developer Operating Manual.

3.12.7 Replacing the Instructions

A	Q/QnA	FX
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

This operation replaces the instructions used in the operation outputs/transition conditions of the corresponding block.

The operation method is the same as in the ladder mode.

For details of the operation method, refer to the GX Developer Operating Manual.

3.12.8 Changing the Open/Close Contacts

A	Q/QnA	FX
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

This operation replaces the open contacts of the devices used in the operation outputs/transition conditions of the corresponding block with close contacts and the close contacts with open contacts.

The operation method is the same as in the ladder mode.

For details of the operation method, refer to the GX Developer Operating Manual.

3.12.9 Replacing the Character String

A	Q/QnA	FX
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

This operation replaces the character string of an SFC comment or a note created for operation output.

The operation method is the same as in the ladder mode.

For details of the operation method, refer to the GX Developer Operating Manual.

3.12.10 Replacing the Step No.

A	Q/QnA	FX
○	○	○

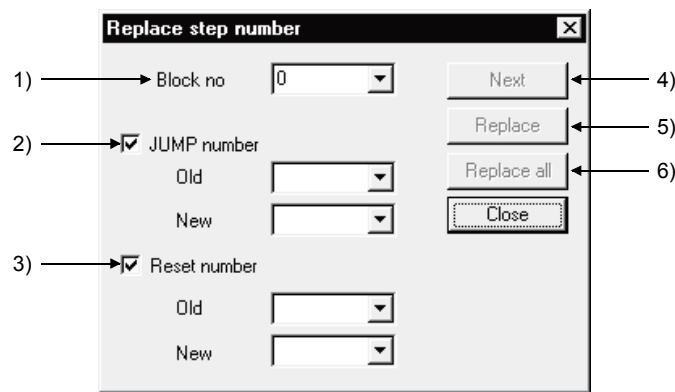
[Setting purpose]

This operation is performed to replace the jump designation step number in the corresponding block or the step number at the hold step reset destination.

[Operation procedure]

[Find/Replace] → [Replace step no.]

[Setting screen]



[Item explanation]

1) Block no.

Enter the first block No. to be replaced.

2) JUMP number

Specify whether the jump destination number is to be replaced or not, and if it is to be replaced, enter the old and new step numbers.

3) Reset number (Only for Q/QnACPU)

Specify whether the step number at the hold step reset destination is to be replaced or not, and if it is to be replaced, enter the old and new step numbers.

4) **Next** button

Searches for the next target instruction without replacing the step on the cursor.

5) **Replace** button

Replaces the step on the cursor and searches for the next target instruction.

6) **Replace all** button

Replaces all target steps in the search range.

POINT

After replacement, always perform a conversion operation because the step number is in an unconverted status. An error check is also made at the time of conversion.

3.12.11 Changing the Note Type

A	Q/QnA	FX
○	○	×

This operation replaces the type of the note created for the operation output with "Embeddec" or "Separate".

For the ACPU, you cannot change the note type since it is fixed to "Peripheral".

The operation method is the same as in the ladder mode.

For details of the operation method, refer to the GX Developer Operating Manual.

3.12.12 Searching for Contacts/Coils

A	Q/QnA	FX
○	○	○

This operation lists where the specified devices are used in the operation outputs/transition conditions and block information.

The symbols displayed represent the following.

◎ Step field

- S : Step
- TR : Transition

◎ Sequence step field

- a : Block Active bit (for ACPU)
Block START/END bit (for QnACPU)
- t : Step transition bit (for A, Q/QnA)
- c : Block clear bit (for ACPU)
Continues transition bit (for QnACPU)
- s : Block stop bit (for ACPU)
Block PAUSE/RSTARA bit (for QnACPU)
- m : PAUSE mode bit (for QnACPU)
- r : Active step number register (for ACPU)
Number of active steps register (for QnACPU)

The operation method is the same as in the ladder mode.

For details of the operation method, refer to the GX Developer Operating Manual.

3.12.13 Searching for the Device Use Status

A	Q/QnA	FX
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

This operation lists how the devices are used device-by-device (e.g. X, Y, M, D).

A device search also covers devices used in the block information, and if they are used in the block information alone, they are shown as being used as contacts.

The operation method is the same as in the ladder mode.

For details of the operation method, refer to the GX Developer Operating Manual.

3.12.14 Changing the T/C Set Values

A	Q/QnA	FX
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

This operation changes the set values of the timers/counters used in the operation outputs inside the block being displayed. (The T/C set values in different blocks cannot be changed at the same time.)

The operation method is the same as in the ladder mode.

For details of the operation method, refer to the GX Developer Operating Manual.

3.13 Providing Displays

3.13.1 Displaying the Step/Transition Comments

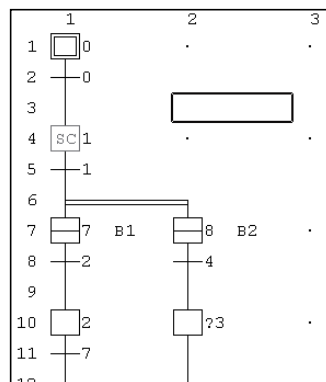
A	Q/QnA	FX
○	○	○

[Setting purpose]

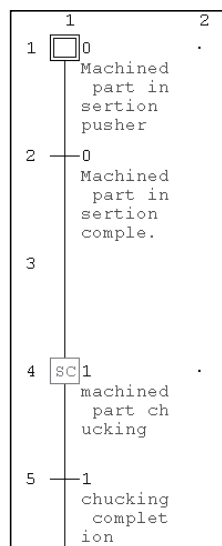
This operation is performed to show the created SFC diagram with SFC comments.

[Operation procedure]

1. Choose [View] → [Display comment of step and TR] (**Ctrl** + **F5**).



2. The SFC comments appear on the screen.



3. When the SFC comments are being shown, choosing [View] → [Display comment of step and TR] (**Ctrl** + **F5**) hides the SFC comments.

POINT

- This operation is valid only when the cursor is on the SFC diagram side.
- When the FXCPU is used, only the step comment is valid.

3.13.2 Displaying the Alias in the SFC Diagram

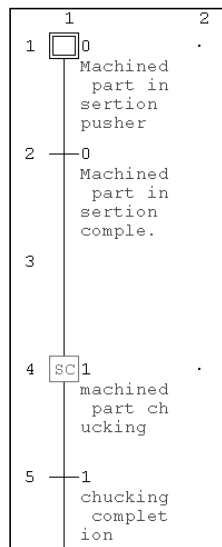
A	Q/QnA	FX
○	○	○

[Setting purpose]

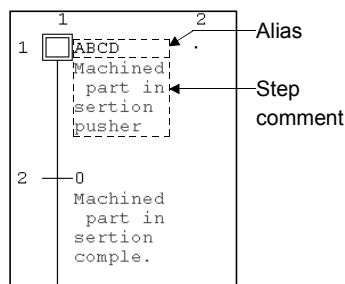
This operation is performed to show the created alias on the SFC diagram creation screen.

[Operation procedure]

1. Choose [View] → [Display alias of step and TR] (**[Alt] + [Ctrl] + [F6]**).



2. The Alias in the SFC diagram appear on the screen.



3. When the alias are being shown, choosing [View] → [Display alias of step and TR] (**[Alt] + [Ctrl] + [F6]**) hides the alias.

POINT
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Alias cannot be used for the project in which "Use label" is selected. • Create alias on the device comment-editing screen. Aliases are not written if they are created on the ACPU and written to a GPPA format file. • This operation is valid only when the cursor is on the SFC diagram side. • When the FXCPU is used, transition comments are not supported.

3.13.3 Displaying the Device Comments

A	Q/QnA	FX
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

This operation shows the operation output/transition condition sequence program with device comments.

This operation is valid only when the cursor is on the Zoom side (operation output/transition condition side).

The operation method is the same as in the ladder mode.

For details of the operation method, refer to the GX Developer Operating Manual.

3.13.4 Displaying Notes

A	Q/QnA	FX
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

This operation shows the operation output/transition condition sequence program with notes.

The operation method is the same as in the ladder mode.

This operation is valid only when the cursor is on the Zoom side (operation output/transition condition side).

For details of the operation method, refer to the GX Developer Operating Manual.

3.13.5 Displaying the Alias for Devices

A	Q/QnA	FX
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

This operation changes the devices in the operation output/transition condition sequence program to aliases.

This operation is valid only when the cursor is on the Zoom side (operation output/transition condition side).

The operation method is the same as in the ladder mode.

For details of the operation method, refer to the GX Developer Operating Manual.

3.13.6 Changing the Operation Outputs/Transition Conditions to the Ladder Mode/List Mode

A	Q/QnA	FX
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

This operation changes the edit mode of the operation output/transition condition sequence program.

This operation is valid only when the cursor is on the Zoom side (operation output/transition condition side).

The operation method is the same as in the ladder mode.

For details of the operation method, refer to the GX Developer Operating Manual.

3.13.7 Displaying in MELSAP-L Format

A	Q/QnA	FX
×	○*	×

*: This function is available with the QCPU (Q mode).

SFC programs created in MELSAP3 format can be displayed in MELSAP-L format by selecting [View] → [MELSAP-L format].

For the operation of programs in MELSAP-L format, see the GX Developer Operating Manual (MELSAP-L).

The following restrictions apply when SFC programs created or modified in MELSAP3 format are displayed in MELSAP-L format.

? If the operating output included notes, contacts and/or comparison operation instructions, the corresponding portions are displayed in "???.?" in MELSAP-L format. The portions of operating output displayed in "???.?" cannot be modified. For details, see 2.4 of the GX Developer Operating Manual (MELSAP-L).

3.13.8 Displaying the Reference Window

A	Q/QnA	FX
×	○*	×

*: This function is available with the QCPU (Q mode).

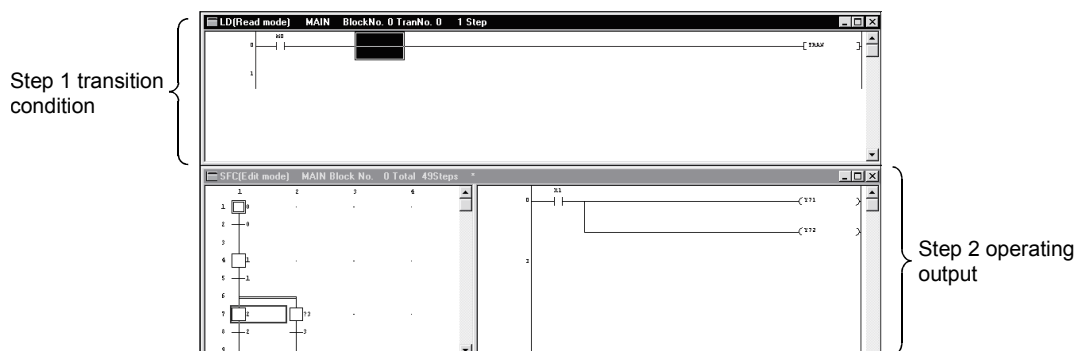
This setting is used when you wish to open the Zoom panel (ladder program) of other transition condition/operating output without closing the Zoom panel of the currently displayed transition condition/operating output.

[Operation Procedure]

Move the cursor to the transition condition/operating output you wish to see, and then select [View] → [Display the reference window].

[Example of Screen]

The screen below shows the split display obtained when [Window] → [Tile horizontally] is selected after setting the step 1 transition condition in the reference window.



3.13.9 Opening multiple Windows

A	Q/QnA	FX
○	○	○

[Setting purpose]

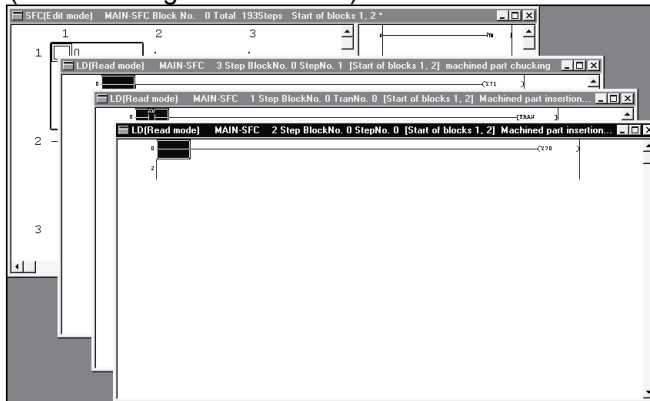
This operation is performed to tile two or more different operation outputs/transition conditions to check or monitor the program.

[Operation procedure]

Hold down **[Ctrl]** and double-click the step or transition of the SFC diagram whose window will be opened.

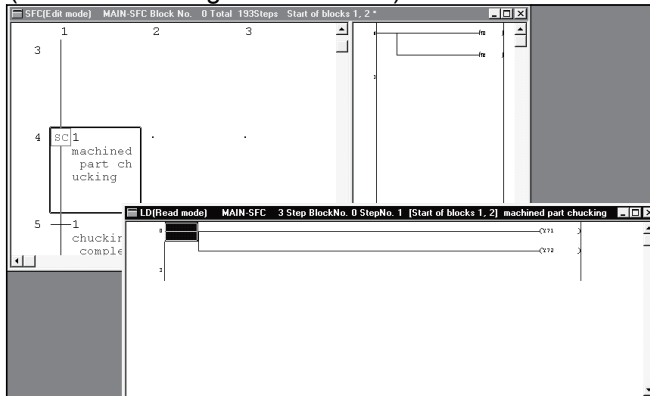
[Screen]

(When making a new window)



A new window appears every time operation is performed.

(When not making a new window)



The display is changed within a single window.

POINT

Set whether a new window is made or not in the "Reference window" of [Tools] → [Set SFC information] → [Option].

3.14 Setting the SFC Diagram Display

3.14.1 Setting the SFC Diagram Display

A	Q/QnA	FX
○	○	○

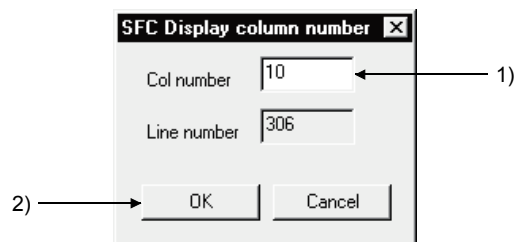
[Setting purpose]

This operation is performed to set the number of branches that can be edited/displayed when the SFC diagram is edited/read.

[Operation procedure]

[View] → [Raw of SFC]

[Setting screen]



[Item explanation]

1) Col number

Enter the number of columns (number of branches).

The number that may be input is any of 1 to 32 for the ACPU or any of 1 to 32 for the QnACPU FXCPU : 1 to 16.

Entering the number of columns automatically shows the number of rows that may be entered.

2) **OK** button

Click this button when the setting is complete.

POINT

This operation is valid only when the cursor is in the SFC diagram.

3.14.2 Setting the Zoom Partition

A	Q/QnA	FX
○	○	○

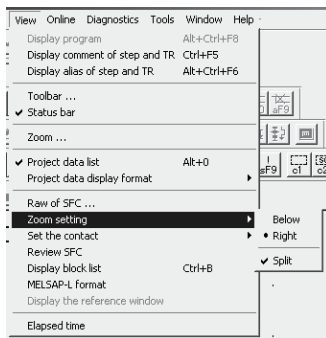
[Setting purpose]

This operation is performed to set how to split the operation output/transition condition ladder displayed.

[Operation procedure]

[View] → [Zoom setting]

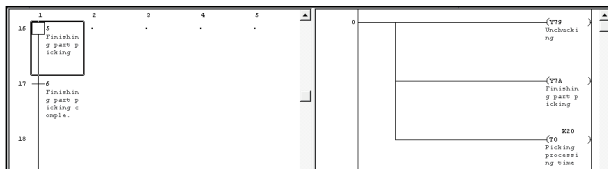
[Setting screen]



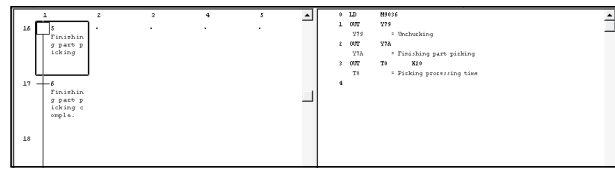
Choosing vertical partition or horizontal partition provides the corresponding one of the following displays.

Note that when operation outputs/transition conditions are being displayed, clicking the partition display shows only the SFC diagram.

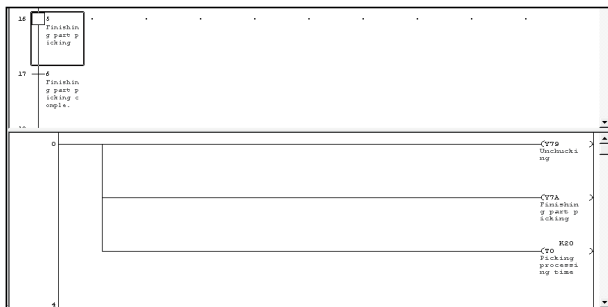
• Horizontal partition (ladder)



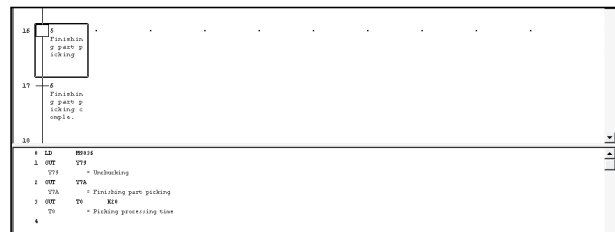
• Horizontal partition (list)



• Vertical partition (ladder)



• Vertical partition (list)



3.14.3 Setting the Contacts

A	Q/QnA	FX
○	○	○

[Setting purpose]

This operation is performed to set the number of contacts displayed in the operation output/transition condition ladder which has appeared on the right of the SFC diagram.

You can set “9 contacts” or “11 contacts” when “Bellow” is specified for Zoom partition.

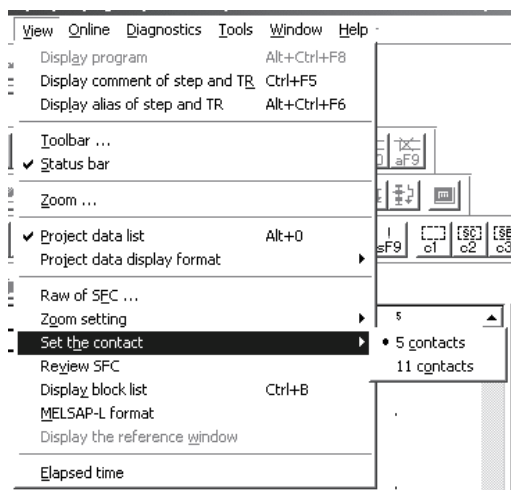
You can set “5 contacts” or “11 contacts” when “Right” is specified for Zoom partition.

[Operation procedure]

[View] → [Set the contact at right]

[Setting screen]

The following screen is displayed when “Right” is specified for Zoom partition.



3.14.4 Setting the SFC Setting Options

A	Q/QnA	FX
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

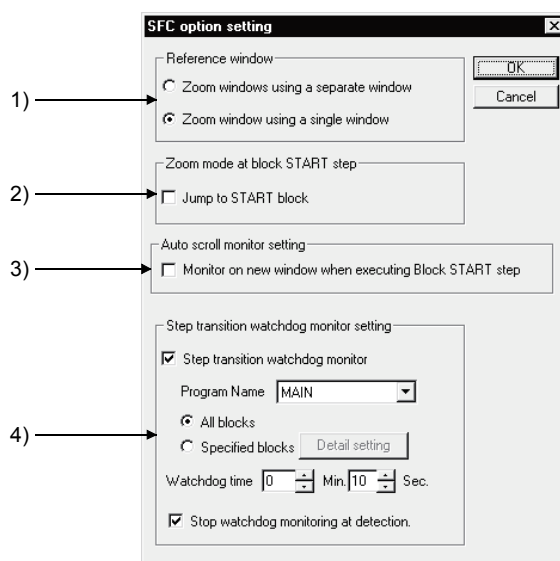
[Setting purpose]

This operation is performed to set how to open windows during SFC program editing or for monitoring.

[Operation procedure]

[Tools] → [Set SFC information] → [Option]

[Setting screen]



[Item explanation]

1) Reference window

Set whether or not the operation output/transition condition sequence program windows will be tiled.

2) Zoom mode at block START step (A, Q/QnA only)

Set whether or not a jump will be made to the start destination block when the cursor moves to the block start step.

3) Auto scroll monitor setting (A, Q/QnA only)

Set whether or not the window of the start destination block will be opened for monitoring when the active step transits to the block start step during SFC diagram monitoring.

If GX Developer is minimized, you cannot open the start destination block window.

If the block started while GX Developer was minimized, the block that was monitored prior to minimization will be monitored after minimization is canceled.

4) Step transition watchdog monitor setting

Sets whether or not steps that do not move within the specified monitoring period will be monitored.

To execute transition monitoring, set the name of the program to be monitored, specify the block, and set the monitoring period.

If you set "Stop watchdog monitoring at detection", transition monitoring will stop when a non-transition step is detected.

3.15 Changing between SFC and Ladder Programs

A	Q/QnA	FX
×	×	○

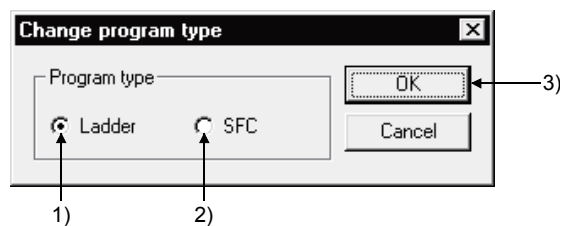
[Setting purpose]

This operation is used when an SFC program is to be changed to a ladder program, or when an existing ladder program is to be changed into an SFC program.

[Operation procedure]

[Project] → [Edit Data] → [Change program type]

[Setting screen]



[Item explanation]

1) Ladder

Changes the currently displayed SFC program into a ladder program. You can edit the changed program as a ladder program.

2) SFC

Changes the currently displayed ladder program into an SFC program. You can edit the changed program as an SFC program.

3) **OK** button

Click this button at the end of setting work.

POINT

For precautions concerning changeover, refer to 2.5 "Precautions for Use of the FXCPU".




4. MONITORING

4.1 SFC Diagram Monitor

A	Q/QnA	FX
○	○	○

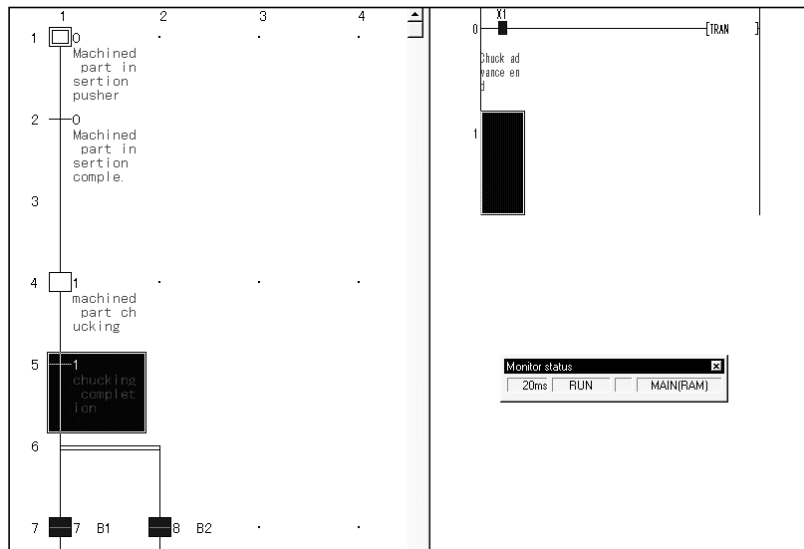
This operation is used to monitor the operation and control status of the PLC CPU with SFC diagrams and to conduct test operations.




[Operation procedure]

- When monitoring
 [Online] → [Monitor] → [Monitor mode] or  ([F3])
- When stopping monitoring
 [Online] → [Monitor] → [Stop monitor] or  ([Alt] + [F3])
- When resuming monitoring
 [Online] → [Monitor] → [Start monitor] or  ([F3])

4


[Screen]



- 1) During SFC diagram monitoring, steps are shown as follows.
 -  (blue) : Active step
 -  (yellow): Step specified as a hold step and being in a hold status
 (For the Q/QnACPU only. Shown as an inactive step for the ACPU.)
 -  : Inactive step
- 2) Shown on the Zoom side is the operation output/transition condition ladder of the step or transition at the cursor position on the SFC diagram side.

- 3) When there is a block start step, the monitor destination block can be changed by moving the cursor to the block start step and pressing the space key. To monitor a block which has no block start step, show the block list and double-click the monitor destination block No. field. Alternatively, type the monitor destination block No., show the "Find step no. / block no." window, and make a block search.

POINTS

- Automatic scroll monitoring
When the active step has gone off the screen, redisplay it on the screen by automatic scrolling.
To perform automatic scrolling, click  or choose [Online] → [Monitor] → [Auto scroll monitor].
- Automatic scroll monitoring of multiple steps active in series due to operation hold steps, for example, shows the active step closest to the initial step.
- When using the auto scroll monitor, you can use the SFC option setting "Auto scroll monitor setting" to automatically display the start destination block. If GX Developer is minimized, the start destination block window will not open. If the block started while GX Developer was minimized, the block that was monitored prior to minimization will be monitored after minimization is canceled. (Refer to sub-section 3.14.4.)
- During monitoring, you cannot edit SFC diagrams.
- During editing, you cannot monitor SFC diagrams.
- If you open the write or monitoring write screen during automatic scrolling, automatic scroll monitoring stops. When you resume monitoring, automatic scroll monitoring also resumes.

4.2 Transition Watchdog Monitor

A	Q/QnA	FX
○	○	○

The following is an explanation of the transition watchdog monitor function that monitors steps from which the program does not proceed to the next step after the lapse of the specified period.

[Operation procedure]

[Tools] → [Set SFC information] → [Option] → Step transition watchdog monitor setting → Execute monitoring (refer to sub-section 4.1).

[Screen]



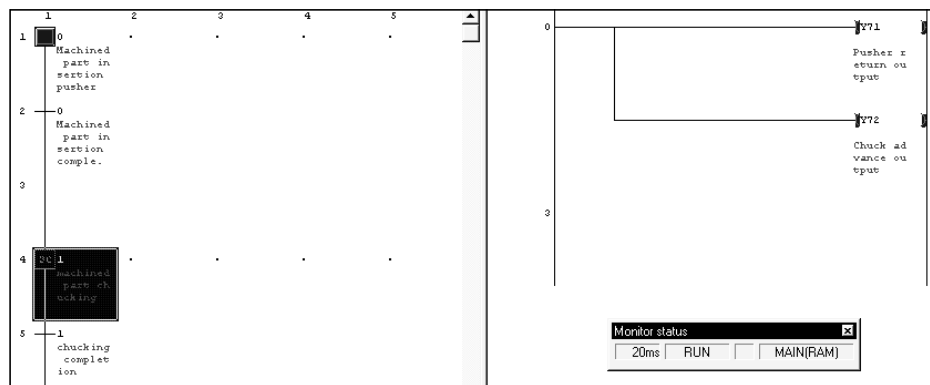
- When the step transition watchdog monitor is set, and the system detects a step from which a transition does not occur despite the lapse of the specified period, the above dialog box appears. However, the display on the above dialog box is sometimes delayed beyond the specified period depending upon the capacity of the SFC program and the environment under which the computer operates.
- When you click , the step concerned in the SFC diagram appears.
- For details of the step transition watchdog monitor setting operation, refer to sub-section 3.14.4.
- If you check "Stop watchdog monitoring at detection" when setting the step transition watchdog monitor, the monitor will stop each time a non-transition step is detected, however normal monitoring will continue.

4.3 Transition Condition and Operation Output Ladder Monitor

A	Q/QnA	FX
○	○	×

This operation is used to monitor a ladder for the step or transition condition at the cursor position in an SFC diagram.

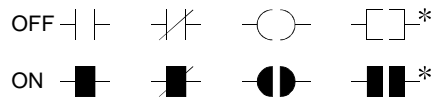
[Screen]



1) Ladder monitor

During monitoring, ON/OFF of a contact or coil or the present value of a device is shown and it changes with the PLC operating status.

The ON and OFF states of a ladder are as shown below.



*: Only the contact-equivalent compare instructions and coil-equivalent SET, RST, PLS, PLF, SFT, SFTP, MC, FF, DELTA and DELTAP are supported. (FF, DELTA and DELTAP are the instructions of the QnA series.)

Note that the display is held at a stop of monitoring and is updated on resumption of monitoring.

2) Present value

The present value of a word device appears.

The present value can be changed between decimal and hexadecimal.

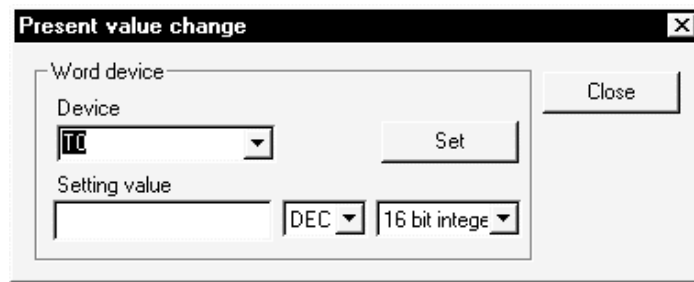
This change can be made by performing [Online] → [Monitor] → [Change current value monitor] operation.

If a double word monitored is 10 or more characters, it is shown in a smaller character size.

The present value can be displayed as a double word or real number according to the data type used in the instruction.

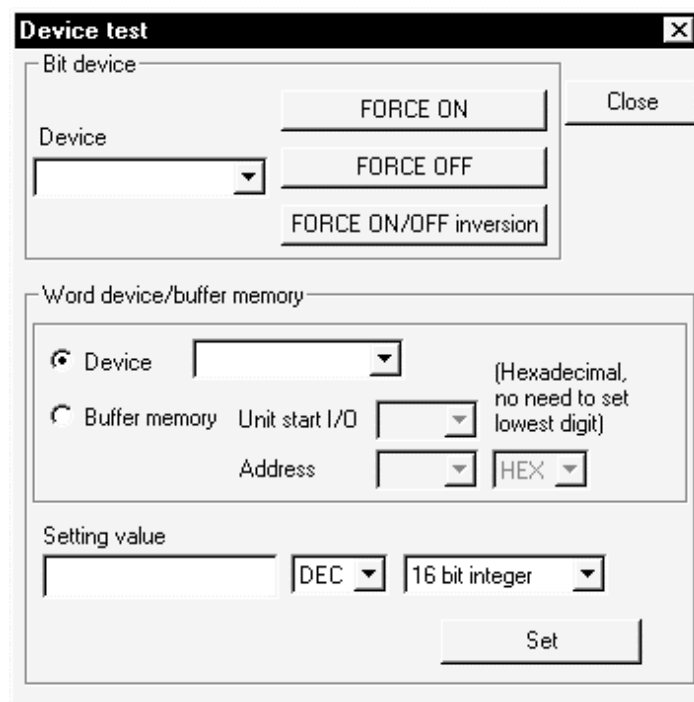
3) Device test

- Holding down **[Shift]** and double clicking (**[Enter]**) a contact on the ladder monitor screen forces ON/OFF to change to the opposite status.
- Holding down **[Shift]** and double-clicking (**[Enter]**) a word device being monitored shows the following Present value change dialog box.



After entering a new value, click the **[Set]** button.

- The present value of the double word instruction (e.g. DMOV, DFRO) is displayed as a double word.
Confirm the value of a double word by device batch monitor or device registration monitor.
- When the cursor is on the Zoom side, right-clicking the mouse shows the device test or device registration monitor menu.
Perform a test or registration monitor operation for the device which is not on the window being displayed.



4.4 All Block Batch Monitor and Active Step Monitor

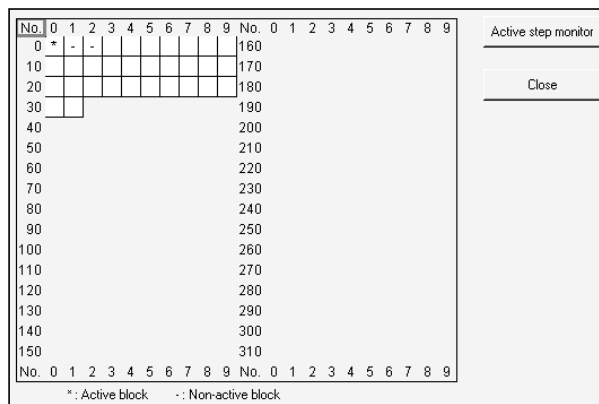
A	Q/QnA	FX
○	○	×

This operation is used to monitor the active/inactive states of all blocks in a list form and to monitor the step active/inactive states of the specified block from the block list in a list form.

[Operation procedure]

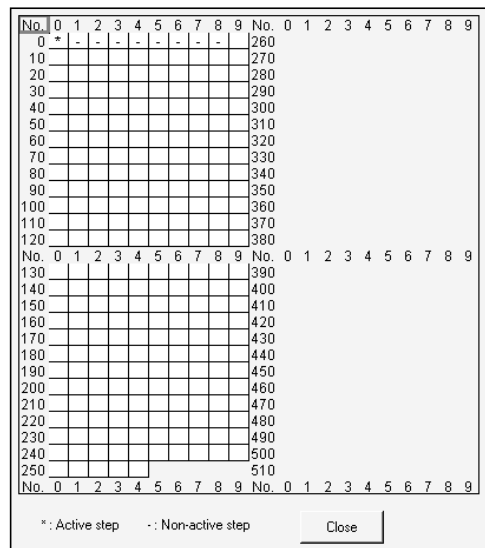
[Online] → [Monitor] → [All block batch monitor]

[Screen]



- * indication: The corresponding block is active.
- indication: The corresponding block is inactive.

To monitor the specified block for step active/inactive states, click the field of the block to be monitored, and click the **Active step monitor** button.



- * indication: The corresponding step is active.
- indication: The corresponding step is inactive.

After resetting the PLC CPU, if you carry out monitoring without having put the system in a RUN condition even once, the monitoring result will be blank. If you stop the PLC CPU and perform monitoring, the status at the time the system was stopped will be displayed as the result of monitoring.

4.5 Block List Monitor

A	Q/QnA	FX
○	○	×

This operation is used to show and monitor a block list.

[Operation procedure]

[View] → [Display block list] →  ([F3])

[Screen]

No	Block title	a Active	t Transition	c Clear	s Stop	r Register
0	Start of blocks 1, 2	- M100	M101	M102	M103	D100
1	Machining process handling b1	- M110	M111	M112	M113	D110
2	Finishing start block	- M120	M121	M122	M123	D120
3						
4						
5						
6						
7						
8						

- The block No. fields of active blocks are highlighted.
When block information has been set, the status of the corresponding block can be confirmed in the block information.
- To switch the specified block to SFC diagram monitor during monitoring, double-clicking in the field of the corresponding block switches to the SFC diagram display of the specified block.

POINT	
Active registers cannot be monitored.	

5. DEBUGGING (STEP RUN)

A	Q/QnA	FX
○	○	○

*: Compatible with the QnACPU

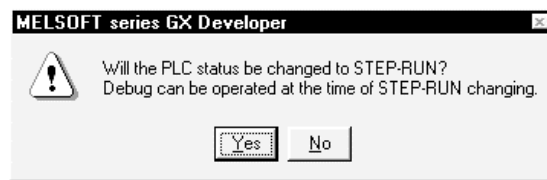
This chapter explains debugging to step-run an SFC program.

If you select the FX series, debugging is effective only when a ladder logic test tool (LLT) of GX Simulator (SW2D5C-LLT-E or later) or later versions is connected.

[Operation procedure]

[Online] → [Debug] → [Debug] → Change CPU to "STEP-RUN" → [Each item operation]

Choosing debug shows the following window.

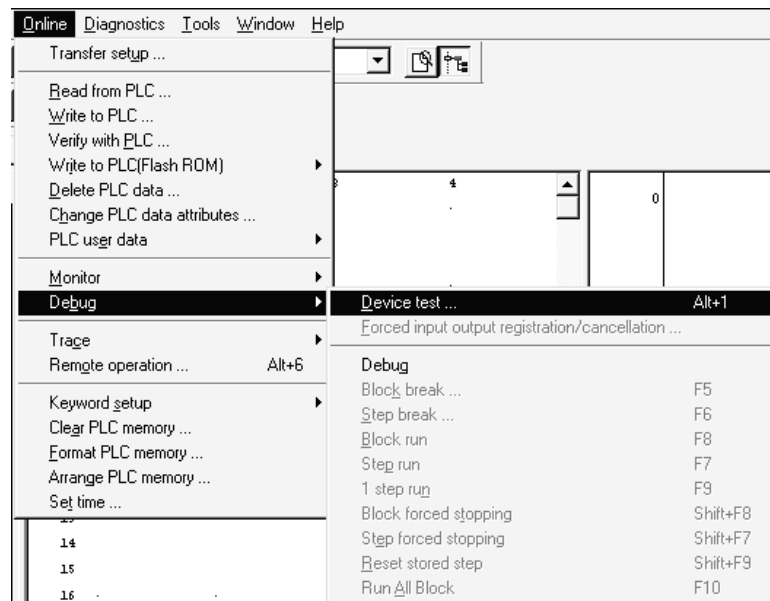


5

Choosing **Yes** places the CPU in the "STEP-RUN" status and you can start any item operation of debugging.

To cancel debugging and return to "RUN", click [Debug] during debugging.

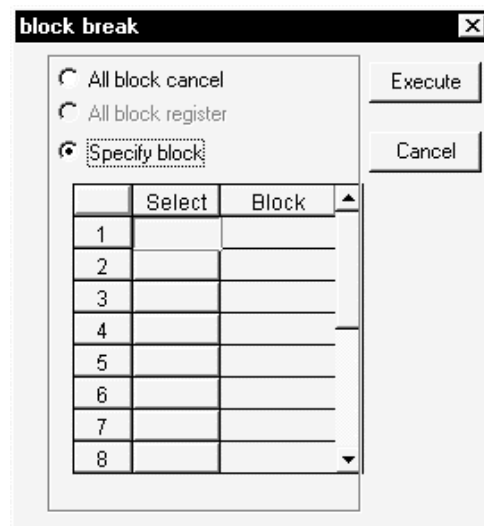
[Screen]



[Item explanation]

● Block break (A, QnA only)

This operation forces an active block into a break.



- All block cancel
The specified break points registered to the CPU are canceled.
- All block register (QnACPU only)
When all blocks have been specified to be registered, all active blocks are batch-placed into a break.
- Specify block
When blocks are specified, the specified blocks are forced into a break. You can specify up to 16 blocks for the ACPU or up to 64 blocks for the QnACPU.
Click "○" in the select field to change it to "●", and enter the block number. If you change "●" to "○" after block number entry, that block will not be the object of break.

POINTS

- When a break is established for the specified block, the following window appears.

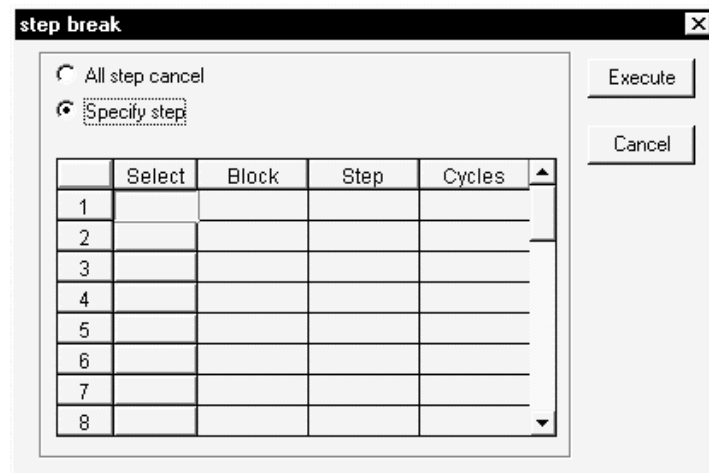


- When break points have been set for the QnACPU, executing the end step automatically places the blocks into a break.
Note that no message is given to indicate that a break is established.
- If you are using the FXCPU, you can perform the same operation as that of a block break by operating the initial state with the step break.

● Step break

This operation specifies the block number and step number to end a single step run for test (step) operation.

If you are using the FXCPU, block number is not specified.



• All step cancel

The specified break points registered to the CPU are canceled.

• Specify step

Enter the block number and step number to be set as a break point and the number of cycles (times).

Set the number of cycles in the range 1 to 255.

When the preset step of the block is activated the number of times specified as the number of cycles during step run, a single step run ends and the step is put into a break.

POINT

When a break is established for the specified block, the following window appears.

MELSOFT series GX Developer

SFC step break point is enabled.
Stop position is block(0) step(2).

OK

- If you are using a QnACPU and a break point is set, a break will automatically occur when you execute an end step. Note that in this case no display appears to indicate the occurrence of the break.
- If you are using the FXCPU, you can perform the same operation as that of a block break by operating the initial state with the step break .

- Block run
 - The block currently being displayed is forced to be active.
 - When the corresponding block is in a break status, the run resumes from the step in a break status.
 - When the corresponding block is inactive, the block is forced to start and the run starts from the initial step.

- Step run
 - Moving the cursor to the step to be started and choosing "step run" forces steps from the specified step on to be active.
 - Independently of whether the corresponding block is active or inactive, a forced run starts from the specified step.
 - When the specified step is in a break, the break is canceled and the forced run starts.

- 1 step run
 - Moving the cursor to the step to be run and choosing "1 step run" tests only the specified step.
 - A single cycle ends when the specified step is run, the transition condition holds, and a transition occurs to the next step.

POINTS
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For the QnACPU, any step can be run independently of whether the corresponding block is active or inactive. • For the ACPU, only the step which was placed in a break status by a step break operation may be run.

- Block forced stopping (QnACPU only)
 - This operation forces the currently displayed block to be inactive.

- Step forced stopping (QnACPU only)
 - Moving the cursor to the step to be forced to an end and choosing "Step forced stopping" forces the specified step to end (be inactive).
 - If there is no active step in the corresponding block at the forced end of the specified step, that block is ended.

- Reset stored step (QnACPU only)
 - In this operation, the step within the currently displayed block which has been set to coil hold, operation hold (without transition check) or operation hold (with transition check) and is in a hold status is forced to be reset and inactive.
 - When the specified step is not in a hold status or is not a hold step, the operation is ignored and a forced reset is not executed.

- Run all block (ACPU only)
 - All blocks put in a break by a block break are activated and steps from the one in a break are forced to run.

6. PRINTING THE SFC DIAGRAMS

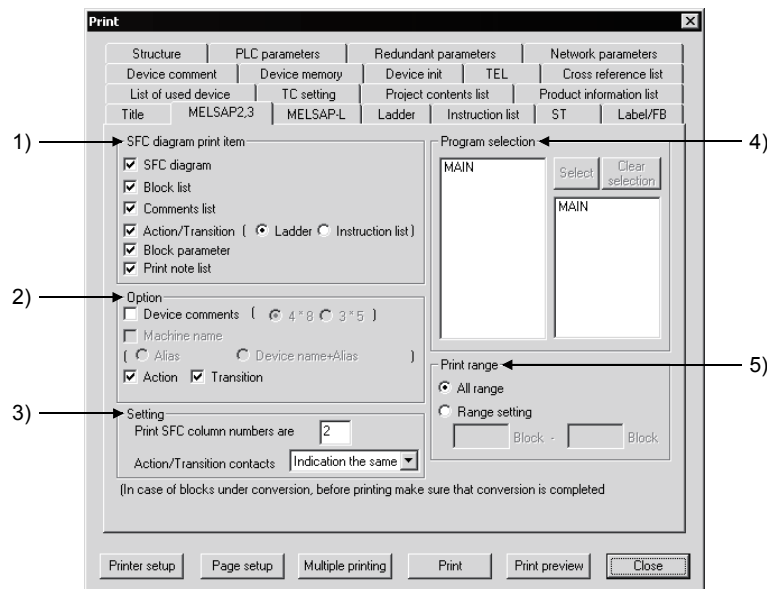
6.1 SFC Diagram Print Setting

A	Q/QnA	FX
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

[Operation procedure]

[Project] → [Print] → Choose "SFC"

[Setting screen]



[Item explanation]

- 1) SFC diagram print item
The items checked in the corresponding check boxes is printed.
- 2) Option
The items checked in the corresponding check boxes is added.
Some additional information items cannot be selected according to the print items.
- 3) Setting
Set the number of print columns on a single page.
The diagram is printed with automatic magnification/reduction specified according to the set number of columns.
Action/Transition contacts
Choose "Indication the same", "5 contacts", "9 contacts" or "11 contacts".
Specify the number of lines of the device comment
When "Device comments" in "Option" is checked, the number of device comment lines to be printed can be specified in the combo box.
- 4) Program selection
Choose the program name to be printed.
- 5) Print range
Set all area (all blocks) or the specified blocks.

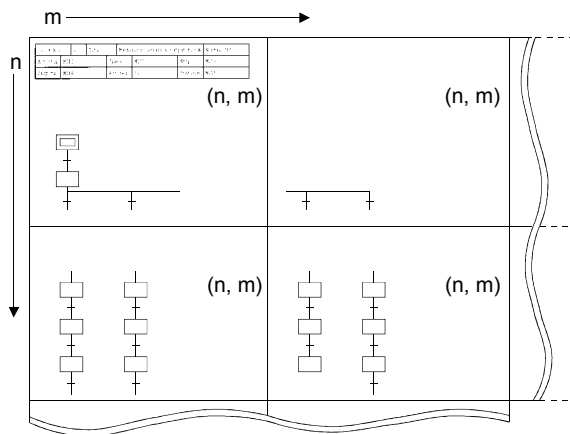
6.2 SFC Diagram Printing Examples

6.2.1 SFC Diagram Printing Examples (when A or Q/QnACPU is used)

A	Q/QnA	FX
○	○	×

This section shows examples of SFC diagrams printed.

Note that according to the number of branches/couplings and the number of steps, an SFC diagram is printed on two or more pages with a position indicating numeral printed at top right of each page.

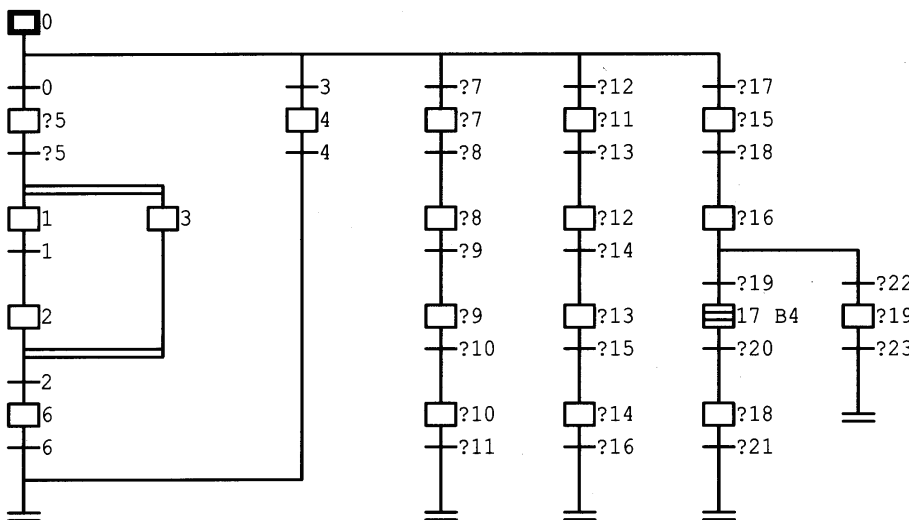


(1) SFC diagram printing examples

- Additional information (not selected)

Block No.	1	Title	Machining operation output block	Normal SFC
Act/stop	M110	Trans	M111	Stop
Stop md	M114	Act reg	D110	Continue

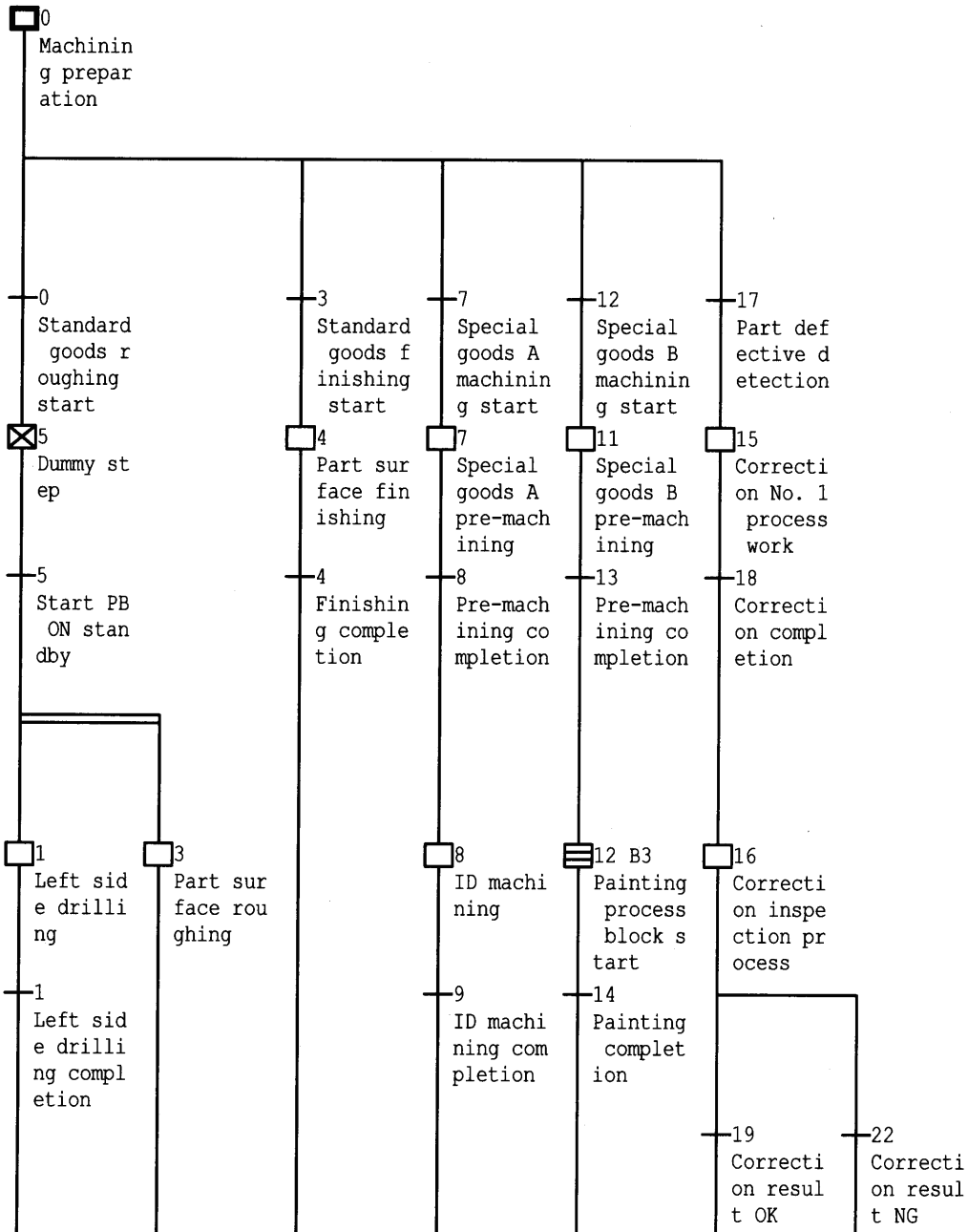
(1, 1)



• Additional information (only device comment selected)

Block No.	1	Title	Machining operation output block		Normal SFC
Start	M110	Trans	M111	Pause	M113
Pause md	M114	Active	D110	Continue	M115

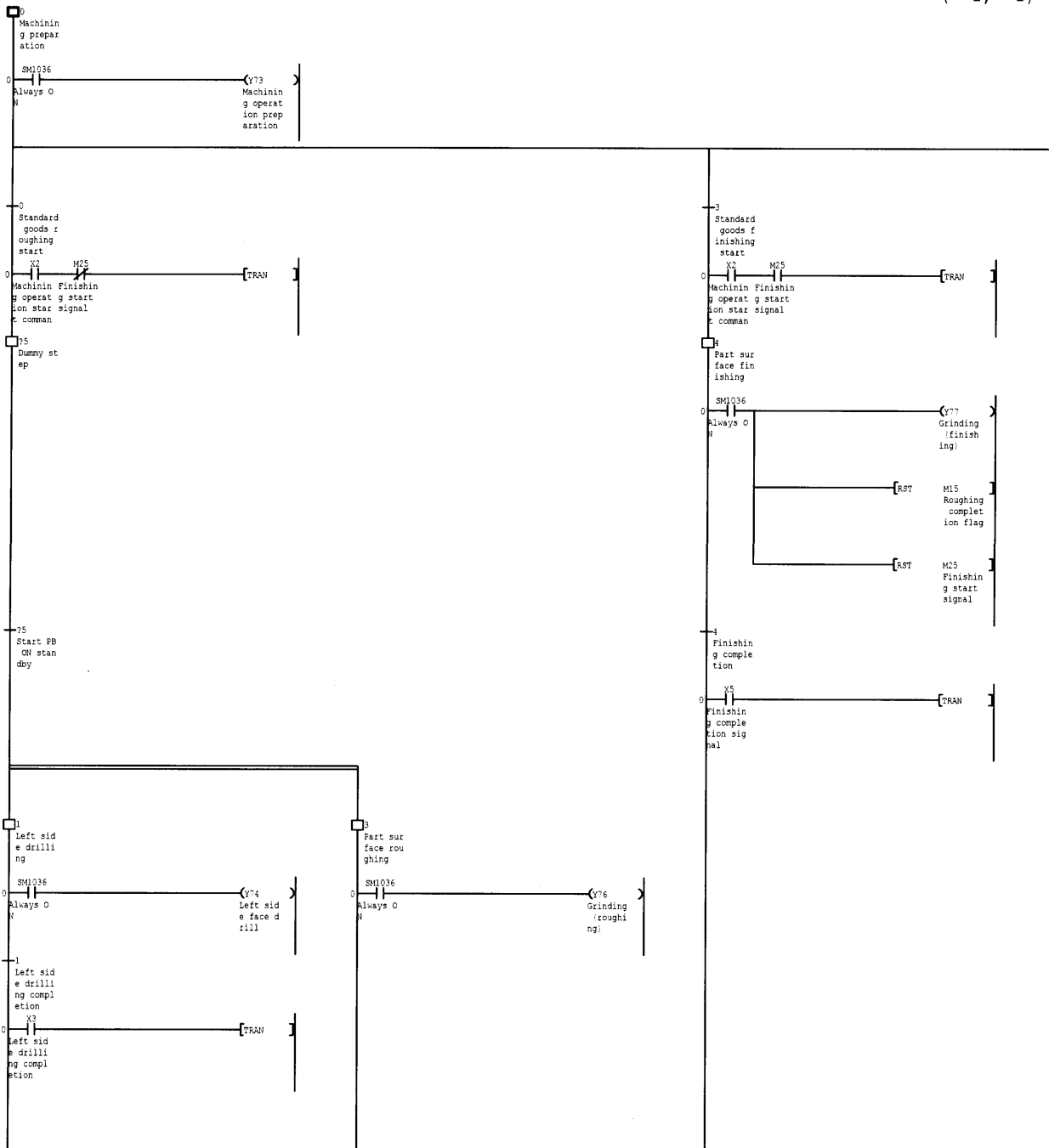
(1, 1)



• Additional information (all selected)

Block No.	1	Title	Machining operation output block		Normal SFC
Act/stop	M110	Trans	M111	Stop	M113
Stop md	M114	Act reg	D110	Continue	M115

(1, 1)



(2) Block list printing example

When the ACPU or FXCPU is used

Block list		
No.	Title/Information register	Block activation
0	Start of blocks 1, 2 Act : M100 Trans : M101 Clear : M103 Stop : M102 Reg : D100	BL1 BL2
1	Machining process handling block Act : M110 Trans : M111 Clear : M113 Stop : M112 Reg : D110	
2	Finishing start block Act : M120 Trans : M121 Clear : M123 Stop : M122 Reg : D120	BL1

When the Q/QnACPU is used

Block list		
No.	Title/Statement/Information register	Block activation
0	Start of blocks 1, 2 Function Initialize each data Parameter X100, X101, M1000 Return Value D1000 Start : M0 Transition : M1 Pause : M2 Pause Mode : M3 Active : D0 Continuous : M4	BL1 BL2
1	Machining process handling block Start : M10 Transition : M11 Pause : M12 Pause Mode : M13 Active : D10 Continuous : M14	BL3 BL4
2	Finishing start block Start : M20 Transition : M21 Pause : M22 Pause Mode : M23 Active : D20 Continuous : M24	BL5 BL6

(3) Comment list printing example

Block No.	0	Title	Start of blocks 1, 2		
Act	M100	Trans	M101	Clear	M103
Stop	M102	Register	D100		

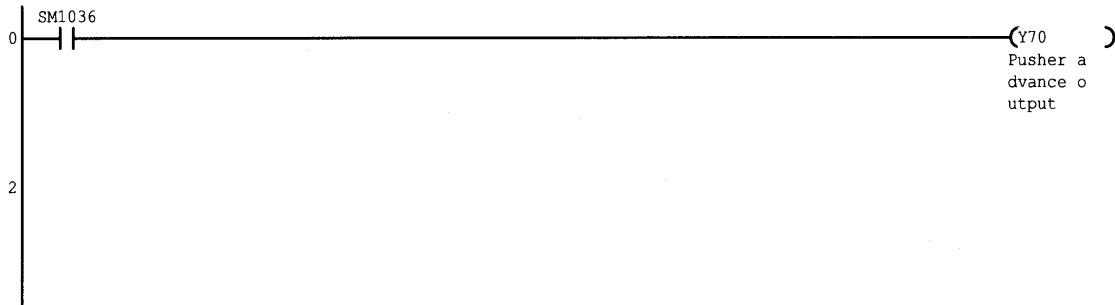
Step	Comment	Dev Lbl
------	---------	---------

s0	Machined part insertion pusher	
s1	machined part chucking	
s2	Unloading carrier movement	
s3		
s4	Finished part unloading	
s5	Finishing part picking	
s6		
s7		
s8		

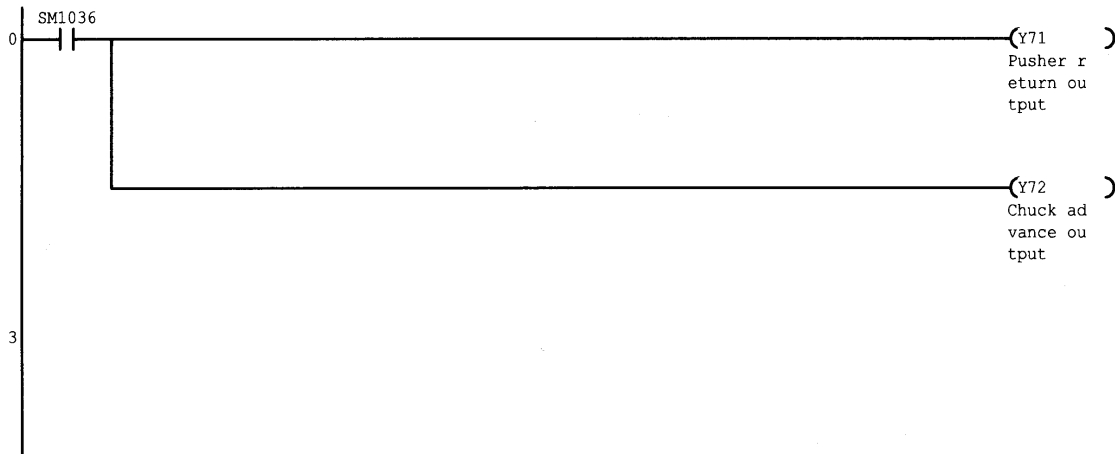
(4) Operation output/transition condition (ladder) printing example

Block No.	0	Title	Start of blocks 1, 2		Normal SFC
Act/stop	M100	Trans	M101	Stop	M103
Stop md		Act reg	D100	Continue	

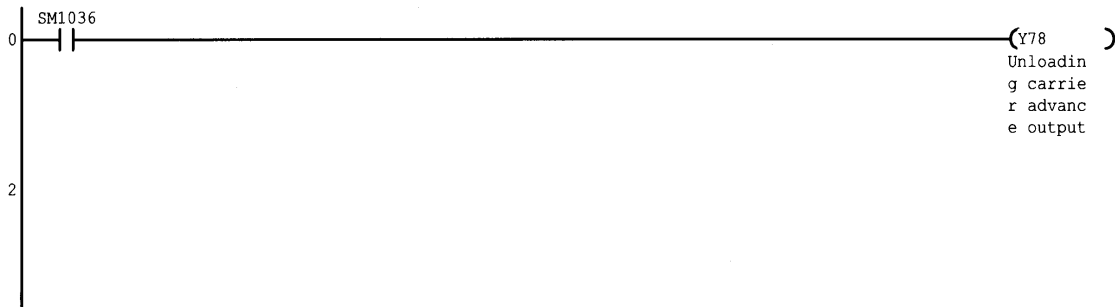
s0 Machined part insertion pusher

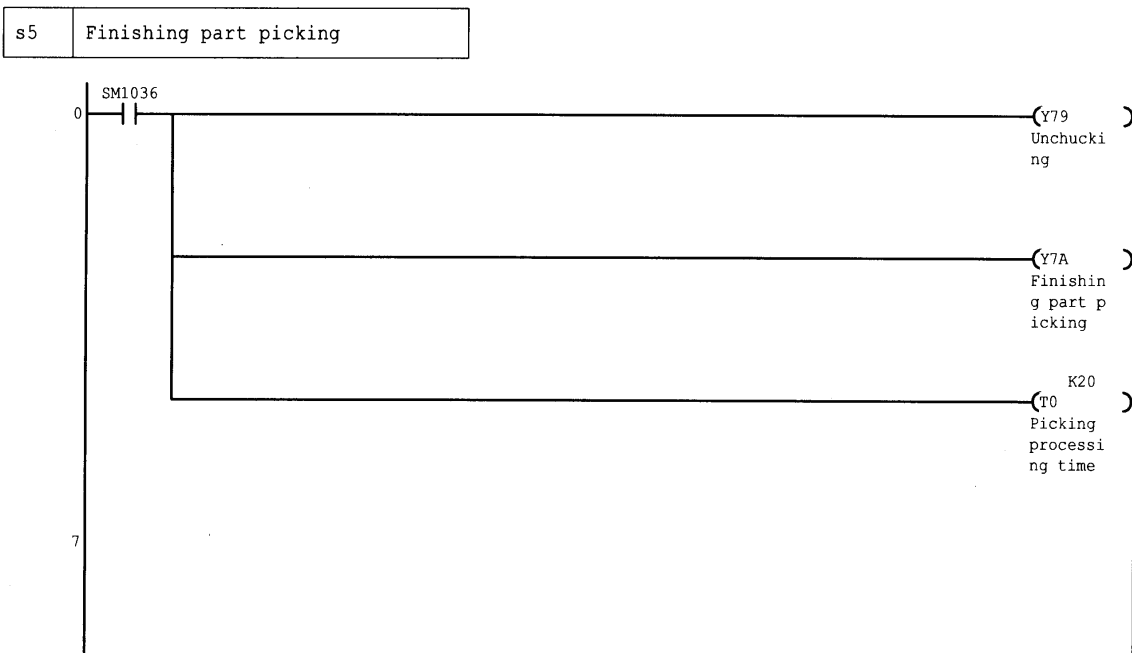
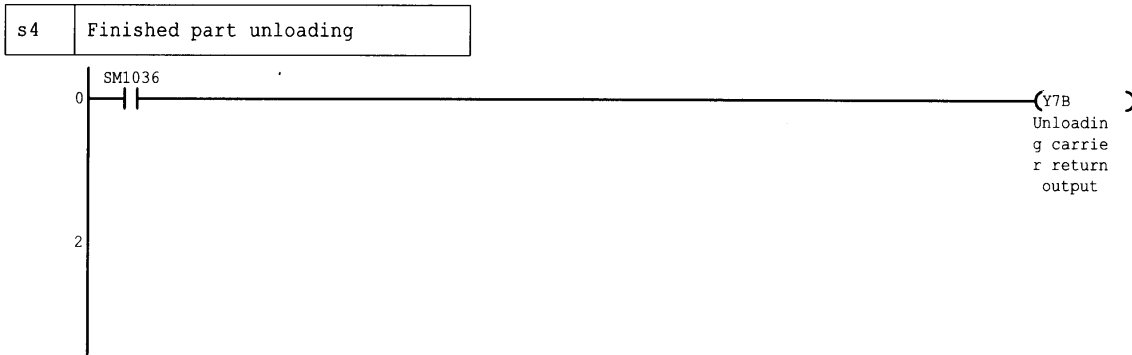


s1 machined part chucking



s2 Unloading carrier movement





(5) Operation output/transition condition (list) printing example

Block No.	0	Title	Start of blocks 1, 2		Normal SFC
Act/stop	M100	Trans	M101	Stop	M103
Stop md		Act reg	D100	Continue	

s0 Machined part insertion pusher

Step	Instruction	Device	Device comment
0	LD	SM1036	
1	OUT	Y70	Pusher advance output

s1 machined part chucking

Step	Instruction	Device	Device comment
0	LD	SM1036	
1	OUT	Y71	Pusher return output
2	OUT	Y72	Chuck advance output

s2 Unloading carrier movement

Step	Instruction	Device	Device comment
0	LD	SM1036	
1	OUT	Y78	Unloading carrier advance output

s4 Finished part unloading

Step	Instruction	Device	Device comment
0	LD	SM1036	
1	OUT	Y7B	Unloading carrier return output

s5 Finishing part picking

Step	Instruction	Device	Device comment
0	LD	SM1036	
1	OUT	Y79	Unchucking
2	OUT	Y7A	Finishing part picking
3	OUT	T0	Picking processing time
		K20	

(6) Block parameter printing example

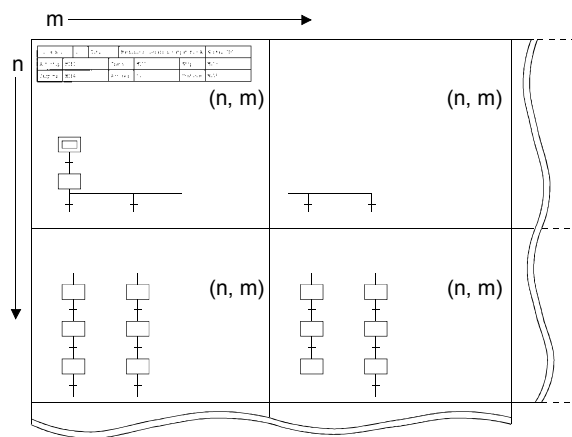
Block parameter	[MAIN-SFC]
Periodic exec Blk	After[]
Execution interval	[]ms
Action at BL multi-act	Stop []-[]
Action at step Multi-activated	Waiting []-[]
	Stop []-[]

6.2.2 SFC Diagram Printing Examples (when the FXCPU is used)

A	Q/QnA	FX
×	×	○

This section shows examples of SFC diagrams printed.

Note that according to the number of branches/couplings and the number of steps, an SFC diagram is printed on two or more pages with a position indicating numeral printed at top right of each page.

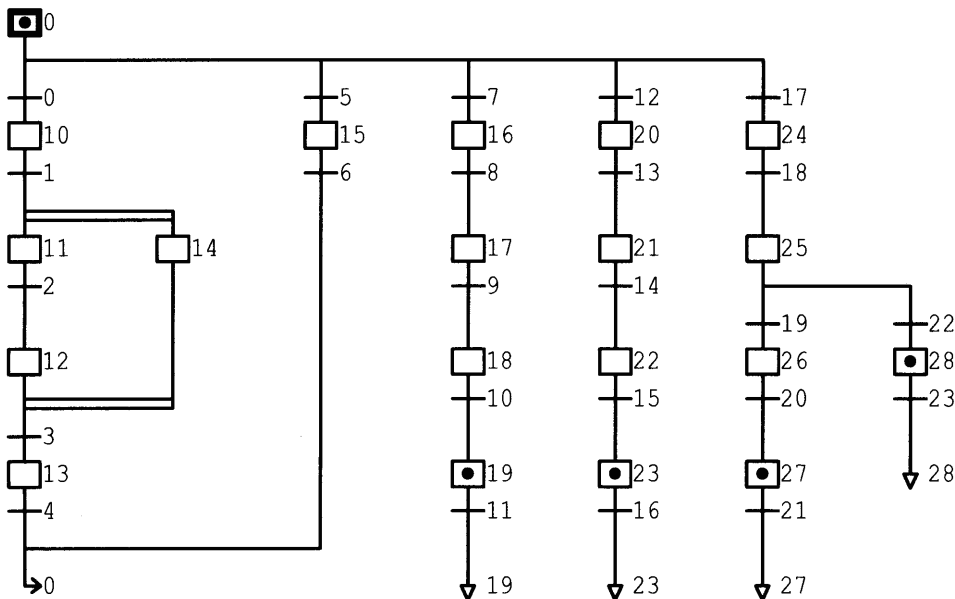


(1) SFC diagram printing examples

- Additional information (not selected)

Block No.	0	Title	block

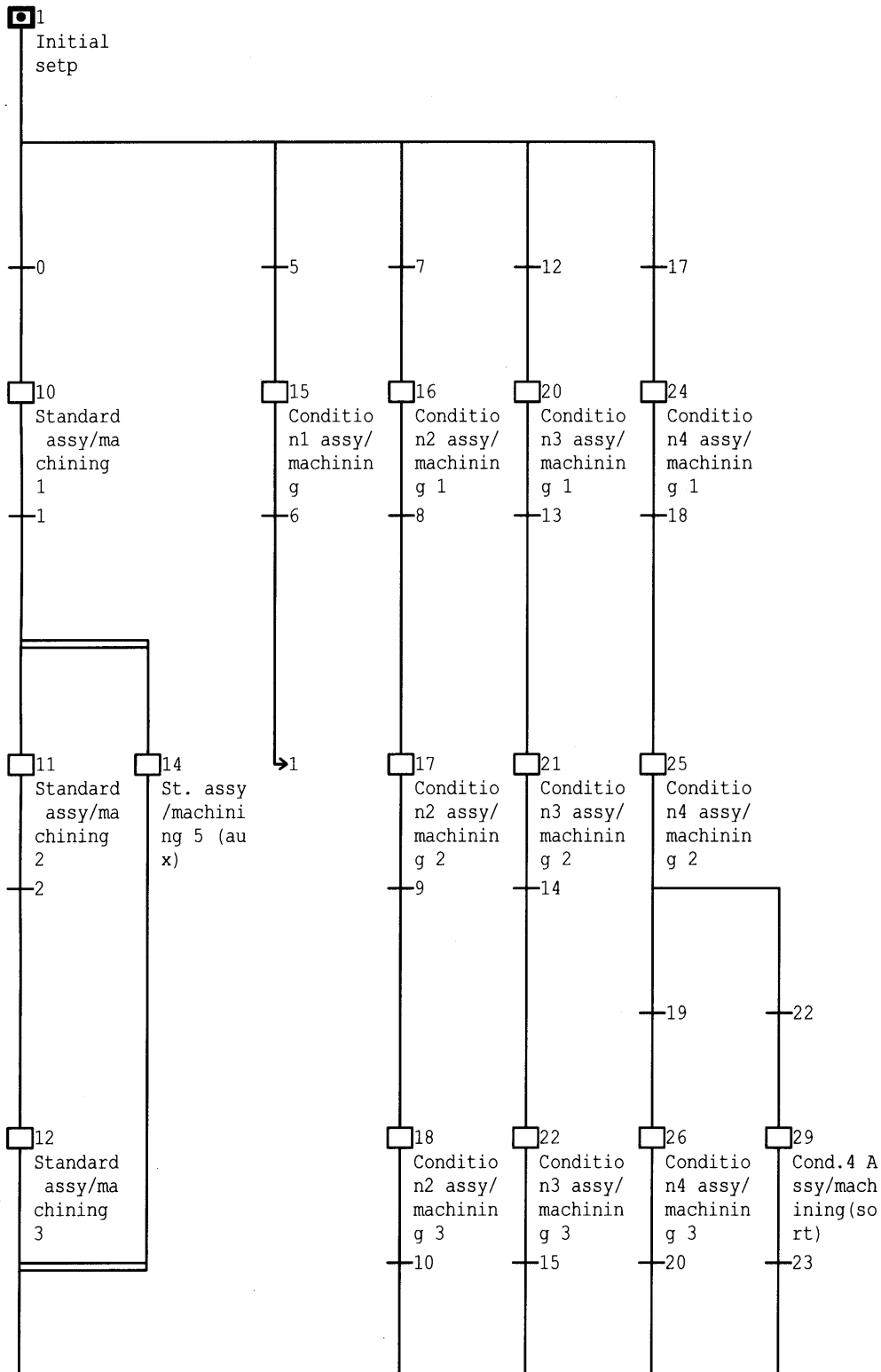
(1, 1)



• Additional information (Only device comment selected)

Block No.	1	Title	Auto operation start step	
-----------	---	-------	---------------------------	--

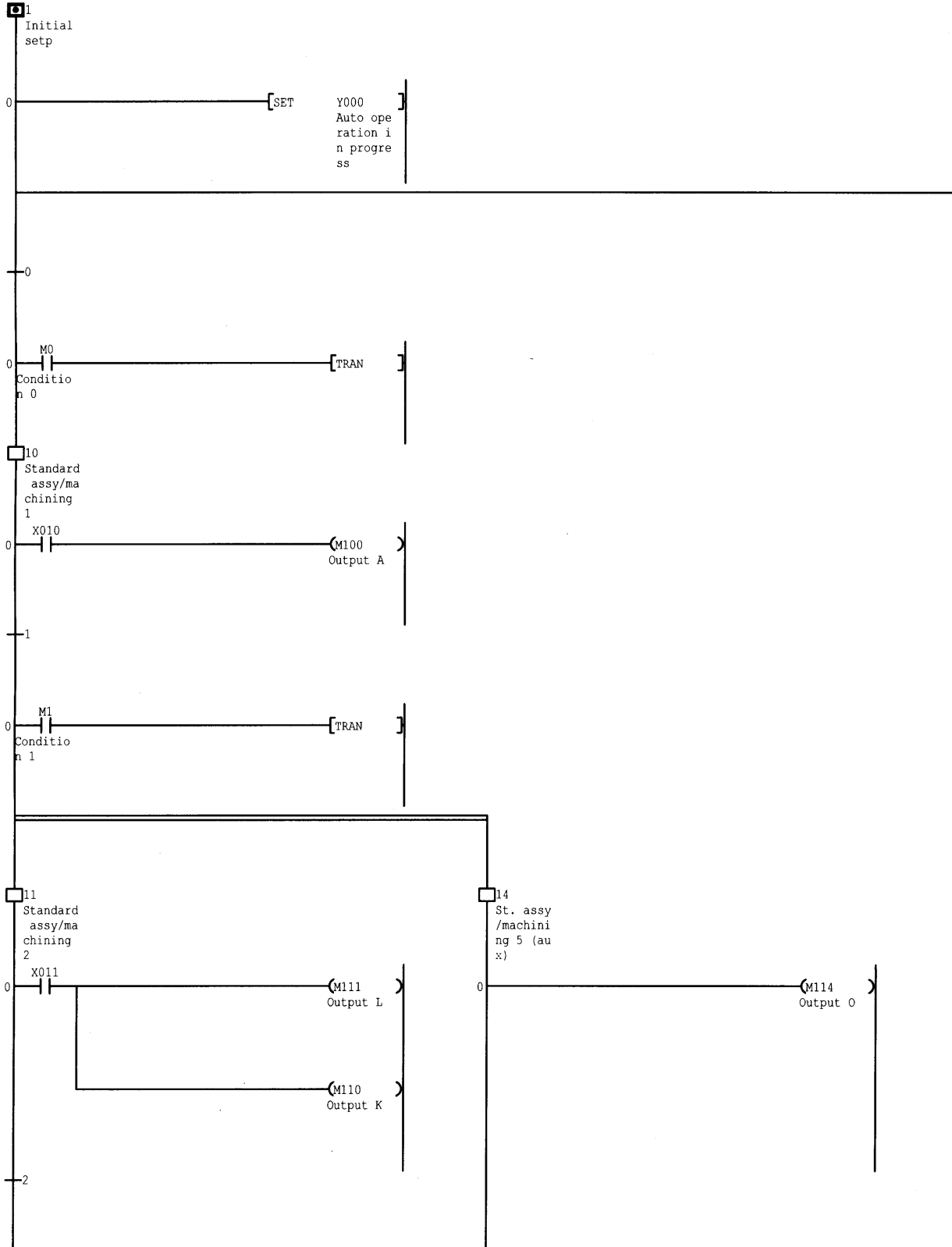
(1, 1)



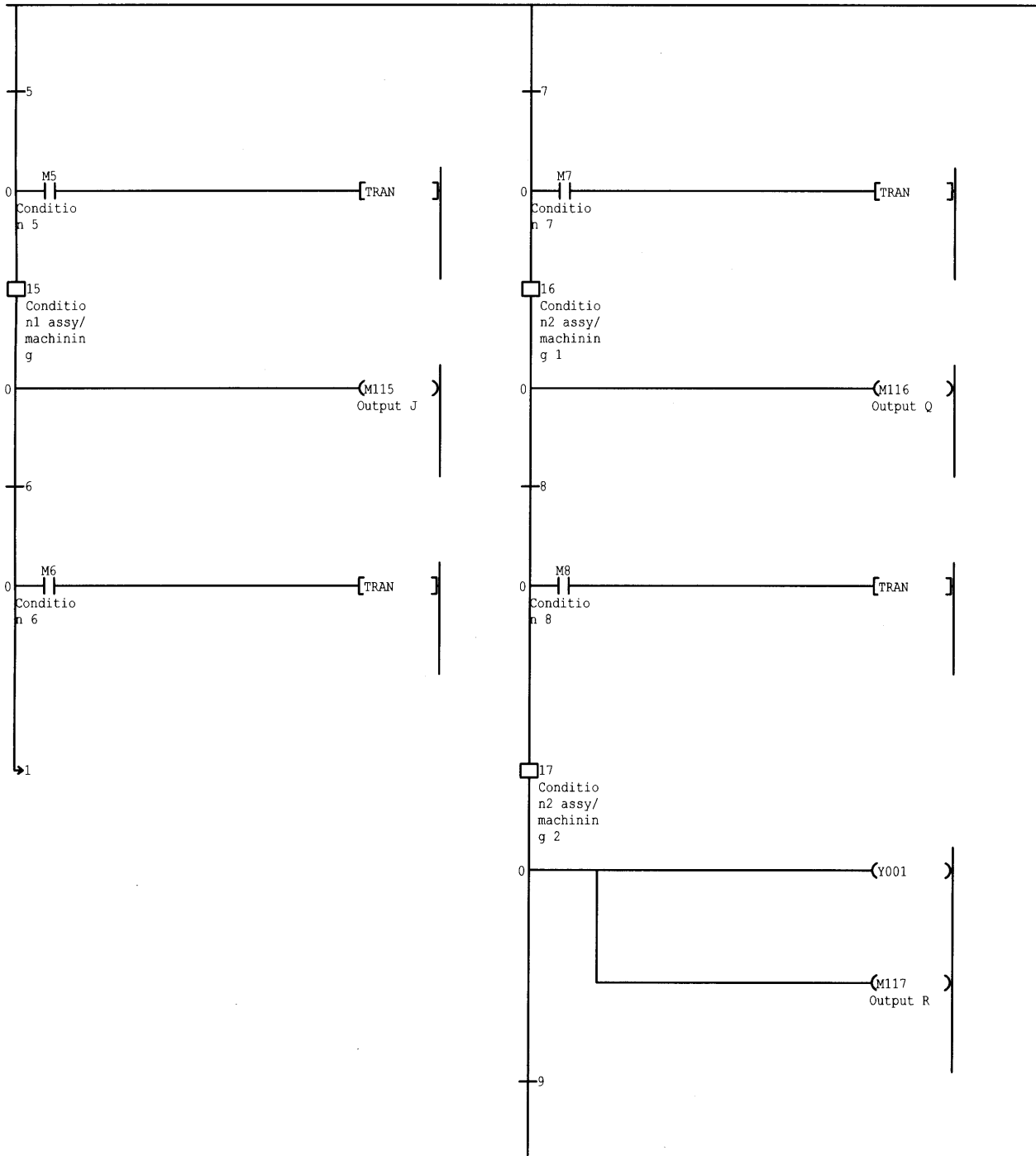
• Additional information (all selected)

Block No.	1	Title	Auto operation start step

(1, 1)



(2, 1)



(2) Block list printing example

Block list

NO.	Title	Block type
0	Initial drive circuit	Ladder block
1	machining operation output block	SFC block
2	inspection process	SFC block
3	Material supply	SFC block
4	Conveying control	SFC block

(3) Comment list printing example

Block No.	1	Title	Auto operation start step	
-----------	---	-------	---------------------------	--

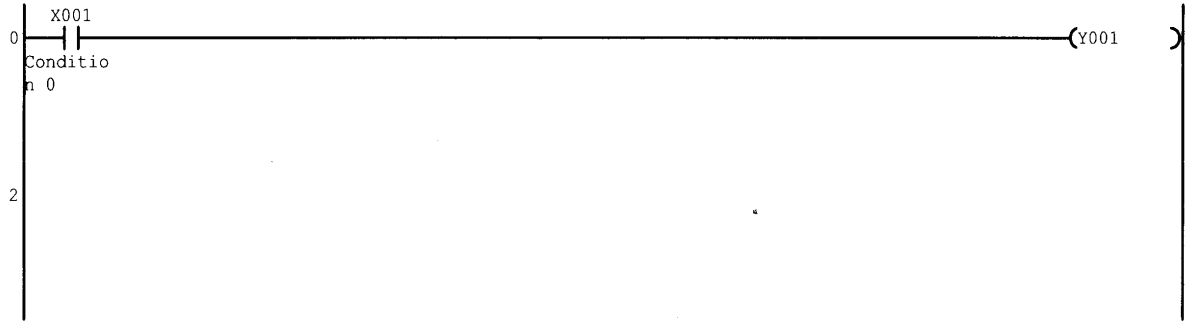
Step	Comment	Dev Lbl
------	---------	---------

s1	Initial setp	
s10	Standard assy/machining 1	
s11	Standard assy/machining 2	
s12	Standard assy/machining 3	
s13	Standard assy/machining 4	
s14	St. assy/machining 5 (aux)	
s15	Condition1 assy/machining	
s16	Condition2 assy/machining 1	
s17	Condition2 assy/machining 2	
s18	Condition2 assy/machining 3	
s19	Condition2 assy/machining 4	
s20	Condition3 assy/machining 1	
s21	Condition3 assy/machining 2	
s22	Condition3 assy/machining 3	
s23	Condition3 assy/machining 4	
s24	Condition4 assy/machining 1	
s25	Condition4 assy/machining 2	
s26	Condition4 assy/machining 3	
s27	Condition4 assy/machining 4	
s28	Cond.4 Assy/machining(sort)	
s29	Cond.4 Assy/machining(sort)	

(4) Ladder block/Operation output/transition condition (ladder) printing example

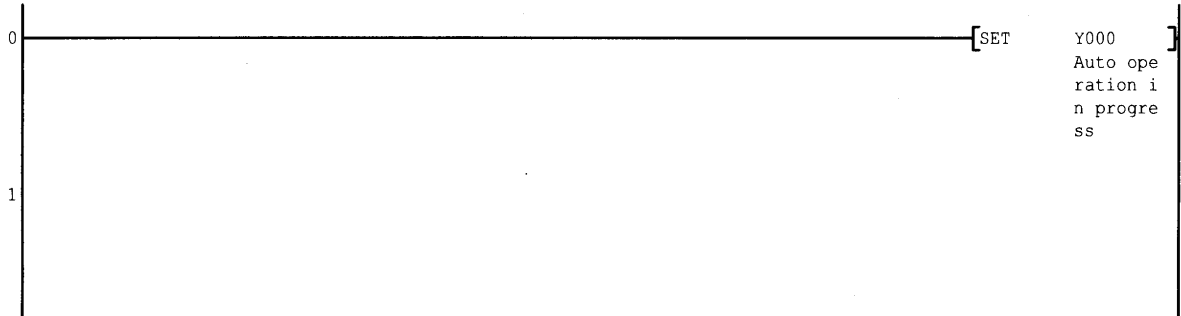
Block No.	0	Title	Initial selection circuit	
-----------	---	-------	---------------------------	--

LD	
----	--



Block No.	1	Title	Auto operation start step
-----------	---	-------	---------------------------

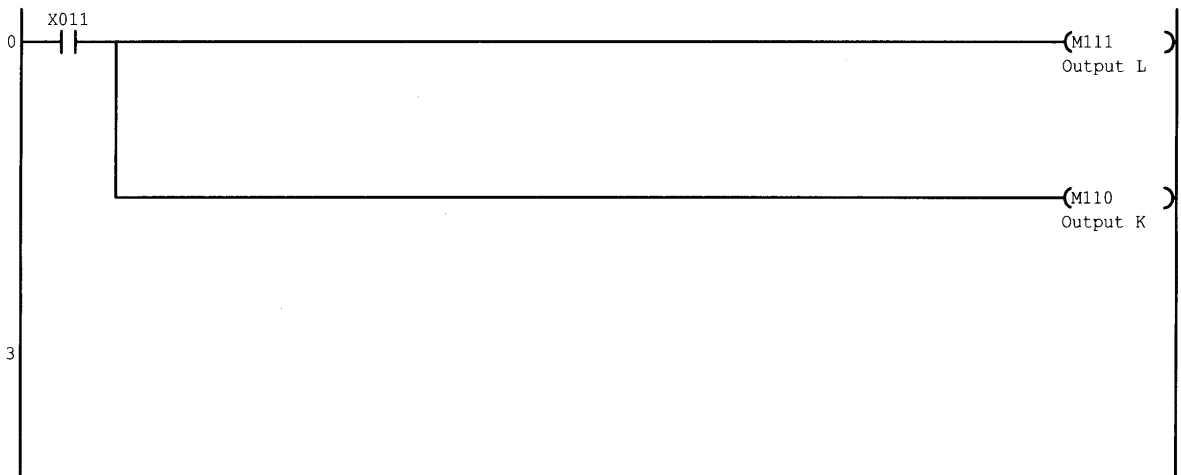
s1	Initial setp
----	--------------



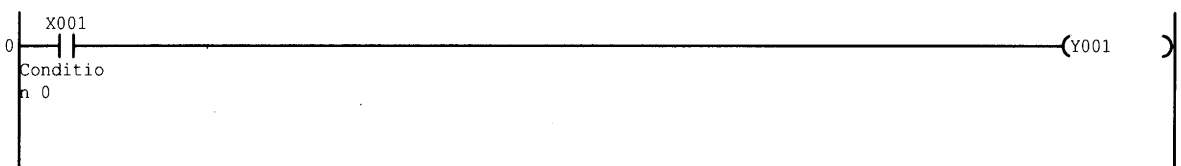
s10	Standard assy/machining 1
-----	---------------------------



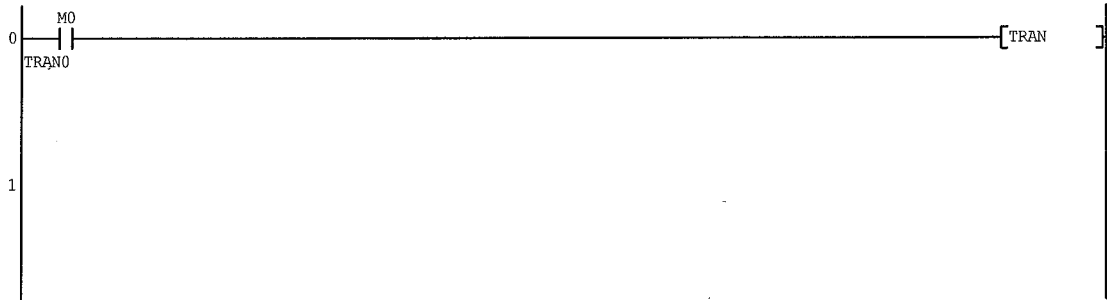
s11	Standard assy/machining 2
-----	---------------------------



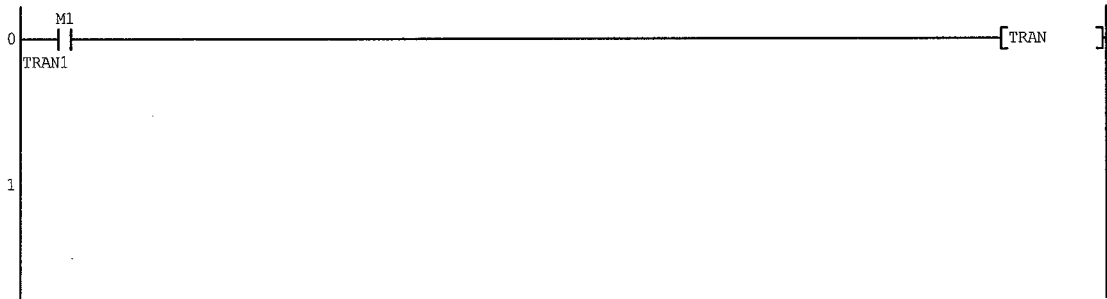
s12	Standard assy/machining 3
-----	---------------------------



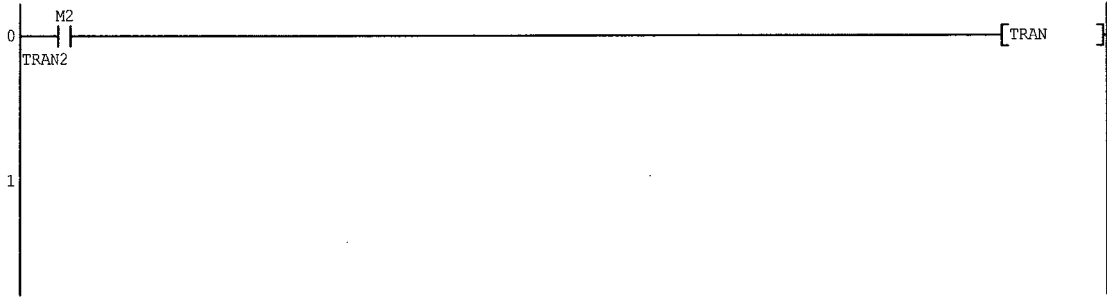
TR0



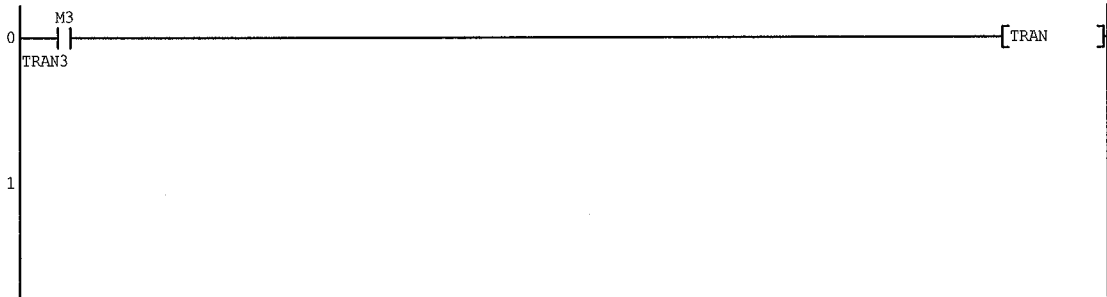
TR1



TR2



TR3



TR4

(5) Ladder block/Operation output/transition condition (list) printing example

Block No.	0	Title	Initial selection circuit	
-----------	---	-------	---------------------------	--

LD	
----	--

Step	Instruction	Device	Device comment
0	LD	X001	Condition 0
1	OUT	Y001	

Block No.	1	Title	Auto operation start step	
-----------	---	-------	---------------------------	--

s1	Initial setp
----	--------------

Step	Instruction	Device	Device comment
0	SET	Y000	Auto operation in progress

s10	Standard assy/machining 1
-----	---------------------------

Step	Instruction	Device	Device comment
0	LD	X010	
1	OUT	M100	Output A

s11	Standard assy/machining 2
-----	---------------------------

Step	Instruction	Device	Device comment
0	LD	X011	
1	OUT	M111	Output L
2	OUT	M110	Output K

s12	Standard assy/machining 3
-----	---------------------------

Step	Instruction	Device	Device comment
0	LD	X001	
1	OUT	Y001	Condition 0

s13	Standard assy/machining 4
-----	---------------------------

Step	Instruction	Device	Device comment
0	LD	X012	
1	OUT	M115	Output J

s14	St. assy/machining 5 (aux)
-----	----------------------------

Step	Instruction	Device	Device comment
0	OUT	M114	Output O

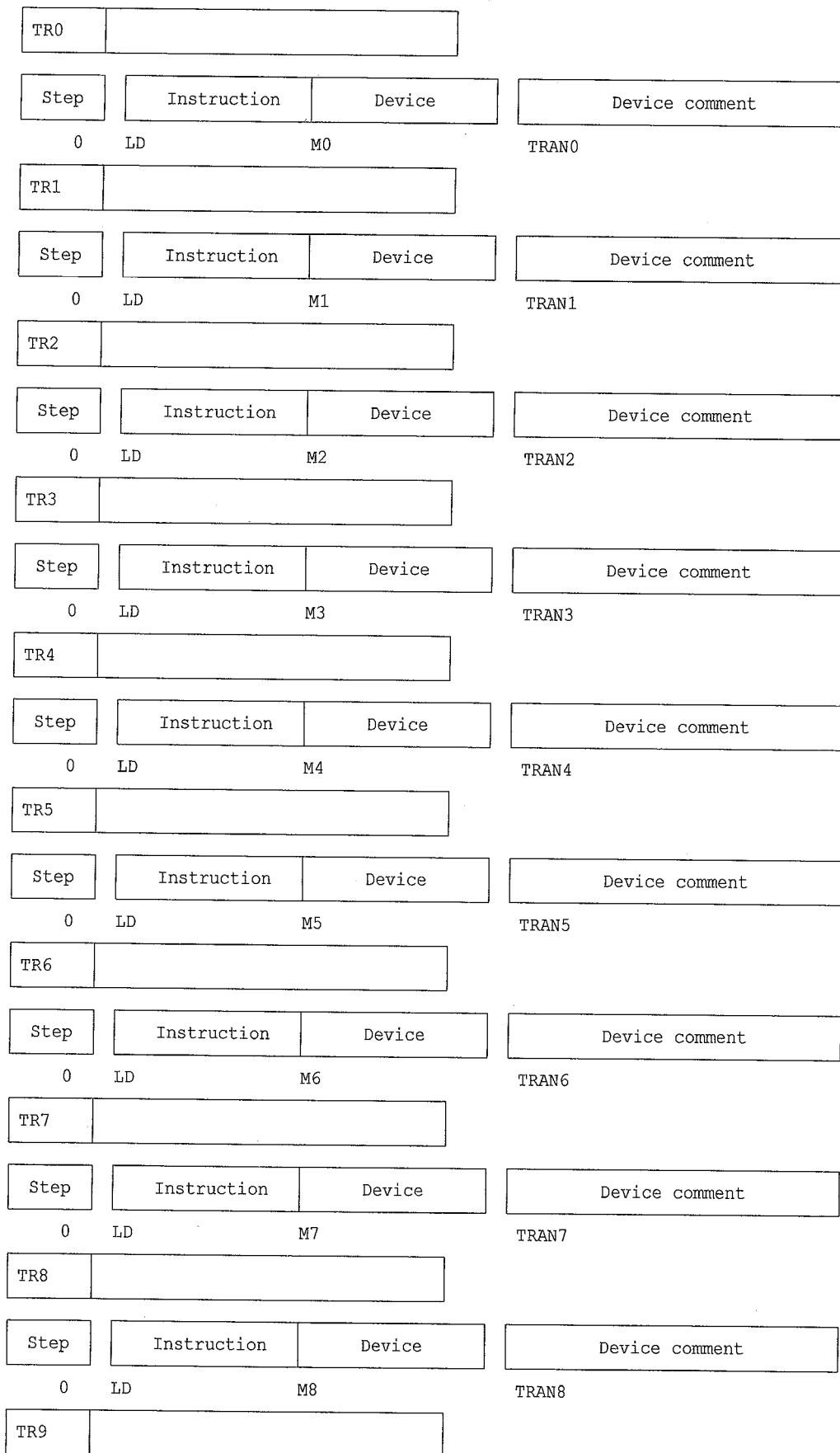
s15	Condition1 assy/machining
-----	---------------------------

Step	Instruction	Device	Device comment
0	OUT	M115	Output J

s16	Condition2 assy/machining 1
-----	-----------------------------

Step	Instruction	Device	Device comment
0	OUT	M116	Output Q

s17	Condition2 assy/machining 2
-----	-----------------------------



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SPREAD

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GX Developer Version 8

Operating Manual (SFC)

MODEL	GXDEV8-O-SF-E
MODEL CODE	13JU42
SH(NA)-080374E-I(0806)MEE	

 **mitsubishi electric corporation**

HEAD OFFICE : TOKYO BUILDING, 2-7-3 MARUNOUCHI, CHIYODA-KU, TOKYO 100-8310, JAPAN
NAGOYA WORKS : 1-14, YADA-MINAMI 5-CHOME, HIGASHI-KU, NAGOYA, JAPAN

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